Instructions:

- (i) All questions are compulsory.
- (ii) Figures to the right side indicate full marks.
- (iii) Draw concept maps with pen in the answer sheet.
- (iv) Start a new question on a new page.
- Q. 1. (A) Choose the correct alternatives and rewrite the statements: (6) [10]
 - (1) The first seafarer to circumnavigate the African continent was _____.
 - (a) Henry the Navigator
 - (b) Marco Polo
 - (c) Bartholomew Dias
 - (d) Columbus
 - (2) The first conference of Asian and African countries was held in 1955 at _____ in Indonesia.
 - (a) Bandung
 - (b) Paris
 - (c) Colombo
 - (d) Maldives

(3)	(3) Maharshi Vitthal Ramji Shinde established the				
	(a)	Ramakrishna Mission			
	(b)	Depressed Classes Mission			
	(c)	Satyashodhak Samaj			
	(d)	Scientific Society			
(4)) The Dutch established their first colony at				
	(a)	Goa			
	(b)	Surat			
	(c)	Machilipatnam			
	(d)	Calicut			
(5)	To maintain peace in the World after the First Wo				
	War an organisation named was established				
	(a)	UNESCO			
	(b)	World Health Organisation			
	(c)	Security Council			
	(d)	League of Nations			
(6)	Chi	majiappa, the younger brother of Bajirao Peshwa I			
	defeated the at Vasai.				
	(a)	British			
	(b)	Portuguese			
	(c)	French			
	(d)	Dutch			

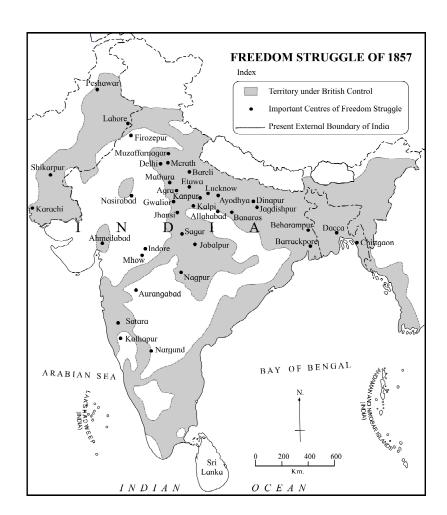
the	corre	ct ones:	
(1)		Group 'A'	Group 'B'
	(i)	Christopher Columbi	us — Discovery of America
	(ii)	Vasco-da-Gama	— Discovery of China
	(iii)	Mungo Park	— Discovery of Africa
	(iv)	Abel Janszoon Tasma	an — Discovery of New
			Zealand
(2)		Group 'A'	Group 'B'
	(i)	Arcebispo	— Chief Executive Officer
	(ii)	Chancellor	—Judge
	(iii)	Vedor da Fazenda	— In-charge of Company's
			Possessions
	(iv)	Capitaon	— Captain
(3)		Group 'A'	Group 'B'
	(i)	Surya Sen	— Bengal
	(ii)	Vinayak Damodar	— Gujarat
		Savarkar	
	(iii)	Ramsingh Kuka	— Punjab
	(iv)	Shyamji Krishna	— London
		Verma	

(B) Find the incorrect pairs in group 'B' from every set and write (4)

		(4)		Group 'A'	Group 'B'		
			(i)	Burma Independence —	-Aung San		
				Army			
			(ii)	Pan-African Congress -	– W.E.B. Du Bois		
			(iii)	Internal autonomy to -	– Winston Churchill		
				colonies			
			(iv)	Indian Independence -	– Mahatma Gandhi		
				Movement			
Q. 2.	(A)	Writ	te the	names of historical places	/persons/events:	(4)	[8]
		(1)	Que	en of England who en	couraged explorers to		
			und	ertake sea expeditions –			
		(2)	Mov	rement started by Dr. Bab	a Adhav –		
		(3)	Ame	erican Naval base attacke	d by Japan –		
		(4)	Trea	aty signed by Soviet Russ	sia to counter America's		
			influ	uential process in Europe	_		
	(B)	Cho	ose th	ne correct reasons and com	plete the sentences :	(4)	
		(1)	Chh	atrapati Shivaji Maharaj	levied octroi on the salt		
			trad	e to			
			(a)	oppose the Portuguese.			
			(b)	stop the British trade of s	salt.		
			(c)	raise funds for Swarajya.			
			(d)	oppose the colonialists.			

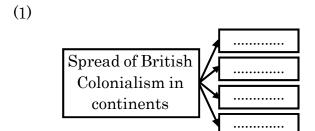
(2)	There was discontent among the rulers of the princely				
	states during the time of Lord Dalhousie because				
	(a)	he imposed unjust laws on his subjects.			
	(b)	he imposed a ban on Indian trade.			
	(c)	he adopted the 'Doctrine of Lapse.'			
	(d)	he cut allowances of Indian soldiers.			
(3)	NA'	ΓO was created in Europe to			
	(a)	protect European nations from the expansionist			
		policy of Soviet Russia.			
	(b)	stop the spread of communist ideology in Asia.			
	(c)	free trade in the region of Pacific Ocean.			
	(d)	to strengthen Europe's economy.			
(4)	Sachin Tendulkar was awarded with the highest awar				
	of 'I	Bharat Ratna' by Govt. of India because			
	(a)	he was elected as 'Member of Loksabha.'			
	(b)	he had made commercialisation of cricket.			
	(c)	the people of India wanted Bharat Ratna for Sachin			
		Tendulkar.			
	(d)	the Government of India considered the			
		extraordinary performance of Sachin Tendulkar.			

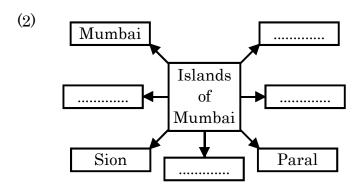
Q. 3. (A) Observe the given map and answer the questions based on it: (5) [13]

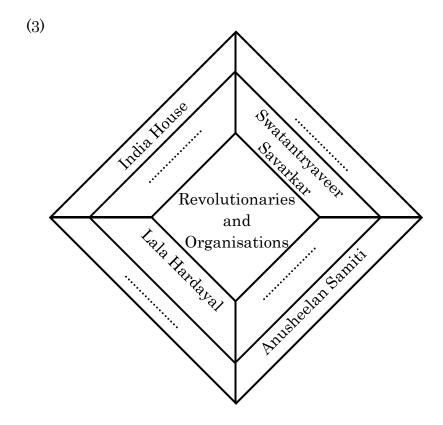


- (1) Name the ocean that lies on the east coast of India.
- (2) Name any one place on the eastern side of India involved in the revolt of 1857.
- (3) In which direction does Sri Lanka lie?
- (4) In the uprising of 1857, write the name of any one place, presently in Maharashtra.
- (5) Name an Indian island situated in the Arabian Sea.

(B) Complete the concept maps (Any FOUR):

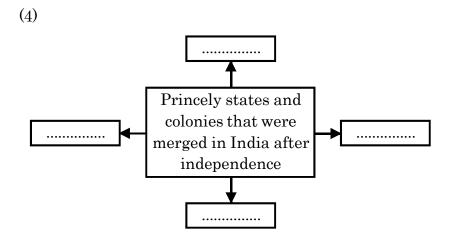






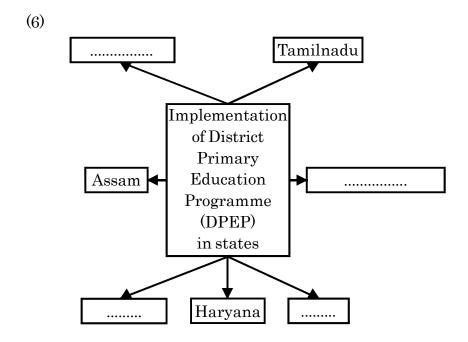
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(8)



(5)





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		(1)	Boston Tea Party			
		(2)	British East India Company			
		(3)	Arya Samaj			
		(4)	Decolonisation of Princely States			
		(5)	Speed Post			
	(B)	Exp	lain the following statements with reasons			
		(Any THREE):				
		(1)	In the pre-renaissance period the Catholic Church			
			controlled the individual life of the people.			
		(2)	The contribution of Maharaja Sayajirao Gaikwad of			
			Baroda state towards social reforms is significant.			
		(3)	Impact of World Wars on India were severe.			
		(4)	After the Second World War, the independence			
			movements in Africa intensified.			
		(5)	Cold War began.			
Q. 5.	Sta	te yo	ur opinion (Any THREE) :		[9]	
	(1)	European colonialism led to economic exploitation of India.				
	(2)	The	French helped to increase the military strength of the			
		Marathas.				
	(3)	Mah	natma Jotirao Phule was the first social reformer of			
		Mah	narashtra.			

(6) **[15]**

Q. 4. (A) Write short notes (Any THREE):

		Nations Organisation (UNO).			
	(5)	The work done by Bhau Katdare in Konkan is significant.			
Q. 6.	Ans	swer the following questions in detail (Any TWO):	[10]		
	(1)	Write in detail the nature and impact of Economic			
		Nationalism.			
	(2)	Write in detail about the revolt of Umaji Naik.			
	(3)	Explain the policy of Government of India regarding health.			
Q. 7.	Ans	swer the following questions with the help of given points			
	(Any THREE):				
	(1)	Discuss England's policy of colonisalism in Asia –			
		(a) Nepal			
		(b) Sikkim			
		(c) Bhutan			
	(2)	Explain the Anglo-Maratha wars in detail –			
		(a) First Anglo-Maratha war			
		(b) Second Anglo-Maratha war			
		(c) Third Anglo-Maratha war			
	(3)	Explain the factors responsible for the Second World			
	War –				
		(a) The Treaty of Versailles			
		(h) Fascism and Nazism			

The credit of decolonisation can be attributed to the United

(c)

(4)

Failure of League of Nations organisation

- (4) Write about Non-Alignment Movement
 - (a) Nature of Non-Alignment Movement
 - (b) Criteria of Non-Alignment Movement
 - (c) Belgrade Conference
- (5) Explain the youth policy of the Government of India
 - (a) National Empowerment Policy
 - (b) National Youth Day
 - (c) National Training Programmes

