COMMON P. G. ENTRANCE TEST - 2024 (CPET-2024)

Test Booklet No.:

Subject Code: 21

Hall Ticket No. :

00182

Subject : LINGUISTICS

TEST BOOKLET

Time Allowed: 60 Minutes

Full Marks: 80

: INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES :

- The Test Booklet contains 15 pages including the cover page and 80 (Question Nos. 1 to 80) multiple choice questions.
- DO NOT break open the seal of the Test Booklet until the invigilator instructs to do so.
- The candidates must check discrepancy, if any (like up-printed or torn or missing pages or missing questions) in the Test Booklet immediately after breaking the seal of the Test Booklet. If detected, the invigilator may be requested to replace the same.
- Candidates are required to fill up and darken the Hall Ticket No., Test Booklet Serial No. and OMR Answer Sheet Serial No. in attendance sheet carefully. Wrongly filled in OMR Answer Sheet is liable for rejection.
- 5. Each question has four choices / answers marked (A), (B), (C), (D). Candidate has to select the most appropriate choice / answer to each question and darken the oval completely against the question number provided in the OMR Answer Sheet.
- 6. Indicate only one choice / answer from the options provided by darkening the appropriate oval in the OMR Answer Sheet. More than one response to a question shall be treated as a wrong answer.
- Use only Black Ball Point Pen for darkening the oval for answering. 7.
 - All the questions are compulsory and they carry equal marks. The total marks scored by a candidate depends on the number of correct choices / answers darkened in the OMR Answer Sheet. There will be no negative marking for wrong answers.
 - No candidate shall be allowed to leave the Examination Hall / Room till all OMR Answer Sheets have been collected by the invigilator.
 - 10. On completion of the entrance test, the original OMR Answer Sheet be handed over to the invigilator. Candidates are allowed to take the second copy of the OMR Answer Sheet along with the used Test Booklet for reference.
 - 11. Candidates are not allowed to carry any personal belongings including electronic devices such as scientific calculator, cell phones, headphones, earbuds, or any other type of devices that allow communication of any kind inside the Examination Room / Hall.
 - 12. The candidates are advised not to scribble or make any mark on the OMR Answer Sheet except marking the answers at the appropriate places and filling up the details required. Rough work, if any, may be done in the blank sheet(s) provided at the end of the Test Booklet.
 - 13. Any malpractice / use of unfair means will lead to your disqualification from the entrance test / admission process and may also lead to appropriate legal action as deemed fit.

DO NOT OPEN THIS TEST BOOKLET UNTIL YOU ARE ASKED TO DO SO

(Turn over) GO - 40/9

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TEST BOOKLET

NATING TONS TO CANDIDATES

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GO-40/9

(Continued)

1.	Identify the stat	tement which is not app	propriate:	ional to vibita on air	
	(A) English is	the most widely spoke	en languag	e in the world.	
	(B) Learning	English is important for	r pursuing l	higher education.	
	(C) English ha	ardly bridges the gap b	etween spe	eakers of different m	other tongues.
lide a	(D) English is	at the centre of all inte	rnational a	ctivities.	
2.	Since a language	ge is learned in a natura	al way,	considered th	ne first teacher.
	(A) Teacher	ocuposi (8)	(B)	Grandmother	(A)
	(C) Grandfath	ner (bal (G)	(D)	Mother	·(0)
3.	When can child	lren learn a language b	etter?	to provellet aid to n	sidW Gt
	(A) When the	y have good textbooks	eya retuen		
II) e	(B) When the	y have a proficient lang	guage teac	her content is soften A	
	(C) When the	y have motivation to lea	arn		
	(D) When the	y have good friends		Secure Optimizations	
4.	What is a regio	nal variety of a langua	ge called?	h is a language disc	orth, Whi
	(A) Idiolect	srengA (a)	(B)	Dialect	
	(C) Register	milde8 (7)	(D)	Sociolect	(0)
5.	What is the ent	ire speech habit of an i	individual c	called?	
	(A) Idiolect	Jaiupni J. (8)	(B)	Dialect	
	(C) Language	roomed (O)	(D)	Style	(3)
6.	What is the sty	le of language formed	when two	speech communitie	es who do not
	share a commo	on language come in co	ontact and a	attempt to communic	cate for trading
	(A) Creole		(B)	Diglossia	
	(C) Pidgin	(D) Unouls	(D)	Polyglossia	(0)
7.	Who is the auth	nor of A Course in Gen	eral Lingui	istics?	only M
	(A) Ferdinand	d de Saussure	(B)	Noam Chomsky	(4)
	(C) Jacques I	Derrida (G)	(D)	Edward Sapir	(9)
00	10/0		21		(T

8.	What is the study of language in relation to society called?					
	(A)	Ecolinguistics	(B)	Sociolinguistic		
	(C)	Computational Linguistics	(D)	Historical linguistics		
9.	Whi	ch of the following refers to the proc	ess throu	gh which people acquire the ability		
dosol	to p	erceive and understand a given	language	e, as well as ability to conduct a		
	com	munication using the language the	y have acc	quired ?		
	(A)	Language Learning	(B)	Language Acquisition		
	(C)	Language Community	(D)	Language Distribution		
10.	Whi	ich of the following refers to is the sir	nulation o	of human intelligence processes by		
	mad	chines, especially computer system	s?	op exercises sales (A) Light save go		
	(A)	Artificial Intelligence (AI)	(B)	Computational Linguistics (CL)		
	(C)	Neurolinguistics	(D)	Psycholinguistics		
11.	Wh	ich is a language disorder that affec	cts a pers	on's ability to communicate?		
	(A)	Stammering	(B)	Aphasia		
	(C)	Dementia	(D)	Babbling		
12.	Wh	at does a person refer to who resea	arches an	d compiles a dictionary?		
	(A)	Semanticist (6)	(B)	Linguist randul (A)		
	(C)	Lexicologist (40)	(D)	Lexicographer		
13.	Wh	at is the approach to language teac	hing that	focuses on language functions and		
	con	nmunicative competence?		Sugnet nomine of states		
	(A)	Grammatical approach	(B)	Functional approach		
	(C)	Communicative approach	(D)	Linguistic approach		
14.	Wh	o defines language as a system of	signs?	O A to require entraportivity.		
	(A)	Benjamin Whorf	(B)	Ferdinand de Saussure		
	(C)	Roman Jakobson	(D)	Leonard Bloomfield		
GO	40	(8)	4)	(Continued)		

15.	Wh	at is a sign in linguistics?		landour nations for its safety of the
	(A)	A combination of signifier and sign	ified	probarevanatel (A)
	(B)	A combination of words and phrase	es	mates evenes (2)
	(C)	A naming process to words	in Ignorio	course a construction of the early and
	(D)	A word formation technique		al fi
16.	Wh	ich branch of linguistics deals with the	e scient	ific study of meaning?
	(A)	Phonology	(B)	Phonetics
	(C)	Syntax	(D)	Semantics
17.	Wh	o is a polyglot?	too bas	upou esif ismael self (A)
	(A)	An illiterate person		
	(B)	A person who speaks multiple lang	uages	(C) Reference enjoys ma
	(C)	One who knows only a couple of lar	nguage	miso but herbisotes (T (C)
	(D)	A person with lexical disability	a the H	. 25. An integendent deute is o
18.	The	open-endedness of language is a fe	ature th	nat refers to :
	(A)	A situation in which new words are	unable	to produce
	(B)	A situation in which new words are	possible	e by alterations
	(C)	A situation in which a person faces	probler	m in expressing intended ideas
	(D)	A process in which words are borro	owed	Wickles 1 (C)
19.		ch theory argues that language is ev	olved fr	om the grunts, groans and snorts of
	(A)	The sing-song theory	(B)	The gesture theory
	(C)	The yo-he-ho theory	(D)	The pooh-pooh theory
20.	Wha	at is the spelling and the writing syste	m of a l	anguage known as ?
	(A)	Phonetics	(B)	Semantics
	(C)	Lexicography	(D)	Orthography
21.	Whi	ch skill comes first in language learni	ng?	drote can properly be sweller for
	(A)	Listening	(B)	Reading
	(C)	Speaking	(D)	Writing
GO.	-40/9	9 (5)		(Turn over)

22.	What does reading stories, novels, comics and cartoons facilitate?				
	(A)	Intensive reading	(B)	Loud reading	
	(C)	Extensive reading	(D)	Shadow reading	
23.	Whe	n the sentence "He was punished	d." is transfo	rmed into "Why was he punished?"	
	it is:				
	(A)	Passivation transformation	(B)	Interrogative transformation	
	(C)	Do support transformation	(D)	Negation (A)	
24.	Why	does a language learner make	errors?	xeing3 (C) Smar	
	(A)	The learner has acquired only p	artial knowl	edge of the language	
	(B)	The learner has acquired comp	lete knowle	dge of the language	
	(C)	The learner enjoys making erro	rs dillion	Wasat one norse (F. 18)	
	(D)	The teacher has permitted him	to make err	ors Jawoon order of Co.	
25.	An ir	ndependent clause is often a	ser	ntence. Pick out the correct choice:	
	(A)	Phrase	(B)	Complex sentence	
	(C)	Simple sentence	(D)	Compound sentence	
26.	Wha	at is the comment made about th	e subject in	a sentence called ?	
	(A)	Verb	(B)	Object Object Object	
	(C)	Predicate	(D)	Complement	
27.	Wha	at is a combination of words which	ch conveys	complete sense called ?	
	(A)	Sentence	(B)	Phrase	
	(C)	Clause	(D)	Compound Word	
28.	A co	ompound sentence is made up o	f at least	simple sentences.	
	Pick	out the correct choice:		24. Whatlaths spaling and the	
	(A)	Four College (a)	(B)	Three	
	(C)	Two	(D)	Six (0)	
29.	Whi	ich sentence has wrong collocati	ion?	ernitative ome illactione	
	(A)	This book is mine.	(B)	This pen is your's.	
	(C)	This house is his.	(D)	This car is hers.	
GO	-40/		(6)	(Continued)	

30.	Wh	ich sentence has collocation error	?		36. The duon
	(A)	I should sincerely do my duties.		n goldstek gab	sed in
	(B)	We should sincerely do our dutie	s.		relati (B)
	(C)	She should sincerely do her dutie	es.	iii. grii keega. gri	healf (0)
	(D)	One should sincerely do his duties	a prakas	ing, writing, sp	ieloti (d)
31.	Wh	ich sentence has incorrect collocati	ion?		37 Whatis the
	(A)	Those who spend time wisely the	y never re	epent.	oris losanes
	(B)	Those who spend time wisely nev	ver repen	t.	(A) Crebi
	(C)	Those who spend time wisely are	success		COUNT 109
	(D)	Those who spend time wisely are	prosper	ous.	VOERTWOH . 86
32.	Wha	at is the manifestation of spoken la	nguage c	alled?	(A) 2 (G) 4
	(A)	Deliverance	(B)	Reading	blackalW es
	(C)	Writing probable (a)	(D)		INA (A)
33.	Wha	at is the communication not convey	ed throu	gh speech, writi	ng or written sign ir
All OF	lang	uage called ?		ne odliko ybytae	ell sidentit Da
	(A)	Indirect	(B)	Direct	? belled ?
	(C)	Verbal substance (8)	(D)	Nonverbal	pars (Å)
34.	Com	nmunication through touch and eye-	gaze is a	part of	communication.
the love		out the correct option:		voloed sounds t	
	(A)	Verbal	(B)	Nonverbal	ayt duam
	(C)	Written (8)	(D)	Fluent	lwo∀ (A)
35.	Wha	at is a short vocal signal that can com	nmunicate	e a variety of me	ssages known as ?
	(A)	Call	(B)	Message	WORL SA
	(C)	Gesture	(D)	Symbol	
GO-	-40/9	(7)		(Turn over)

36.	The	chronological order of the lang	guage learning	g skills are :	
	(A)	Speaking, listening, reading, a	and writing	should smoorely di	r (d) - The
	(B)	Listening, speaking, reading,	and writing		
	(C)	Reading, speaking, listening,	and writing	o sonia Mucila sri	
	(D)	Listening, writing, speaking a	and reading		
37.	Wha	t is the Standard British Englis	h pronunciation	on without an iden	tifiable regional
	diale	ect known as ?			
	(A)	Creole	(B)	Register	
	(C)	Received Pronunciation	(D)	Style	
38.	How	many syllables are there in 'be	eautiful'?		
	(A)	2.	(B)	5	
	(C)	4 S belles apply	(D)	3	VIBRA 1502
39.	Whi	ch of the following is a disyllab	ic word ?	generalities	
	(A)	Myth	(B)	Rhythm	
	(C)	Rhyme	(D)	Hymn	al Jerkiy - Cili
40.	Wha	at is the study of the articulation	n, transmissio	n, and reception of	speech sounds
	calle			tient	of "(A)
	(A)	Pragmatics	(B)	Phonetics	* V (0)
	(C)	Semantics	(D)	Morphology	Annual V
41.	Whi	ch are voiced sounds during th	e production o	f which the air esca	apes through the
		uth freely and continuously, una			
	(A)	Vowels	(B)	Semi-vowels	
	(C)	Diphthongs ,	(D)	Consonants	
42.	Hov	w many pure vowels are there i	n English RP	en ne leuov no tas	
	(A)	12 Spreaded (B)	(B)	8	
	(C)	20	(D)	16	10
GO	-40		(8)		(Continued)

43.	Which is the smallest grammatical unit o	fspeech	1? to shap anyons of the
	(A) Morpheme	(B)	Allophone
	(C) Phoneme	(D)	Monophthong
44.	The emphasis that falls on certain syllable	s and no	t others when pronounced is known
	as brownerfo and visible problem as envis	ia risinw	61. Usually after morphens
	Pick out the correct choice:		(A) - Prafix
	(A) Tone	(B)	Stress
	(C) Pitch	(D)	Intonation and the state of the
45.	What does IPA stand for ?		DigweidellyzonoM (A)
	(A) Internal Phonetic Association	(B)	International Phoneme Alphabet
	(C) International Phoneme Association	(D)	International Phonetic Alphabet
46.	Nasal sounds are produced when:		navadas oldebas (A)
	(A) The air escapes through the mouth		mynomic sets and O (0)
	(B) The air escapes through the nose		FA . What is halled the study of
	(C) The air escapes without any friction	1	xshr(6 (A)
	(D) There is partial obstruction in the m	outh	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
47.	What is the change of pitch of voice is ca	alled?	ob solication with our to IVA 188
	(A) Stress	(B)	Rhythm
	(C) Pause	(D)	Intonation
48.	Which symbol represents phonetic trans	cription	? snortgarroll (6)
	(A) //	(B)	53 The theographich asst ()
	(C) {}	(D)	[] a sounde statum
49.	are words which are ident	ical in s	ound and spelling but different in
	meaning.		osci riceq regioniti (2)
	Pick out the correct choice:		.57 Which leader is alkent in onc
	(A) Synonyms	(B)	Antonyms
	(C) Homonyms	(D)	Homophones
GO	-40/9)	(Turn over)

50.	The army <u>surrendered</u> to the enemy. Which phrasal verb can replace the underlined verb?			
	(A)	Gave up	(B)	Gave away
	(C)	Gave in	(D)	Give off
51.	Usu	ally a free morpheme which serves as	buildi	ng block for other words is called:
	(A)	Prefix	(B)	Suffix Chicago and the March
	(C)	Affix (4)	(D)	Root (A)
52.	Wor	ds with one syllable is called :		(C) Profit
	(A)	Monosyllabic word	(B)	Disyllabic word
odon	(C)	Multisyllabic word	(D)	Polysyllabic word
53.	The	'buy'/ 'sell' opposite is an example of :	Aan	ionort ligrenement (0)
	(A)	Gradable antonym	(B)	Non gradable antonym
	(C)	Converse antonym	(D)	Complimentary antonym
54.	Wha	at is called the study of signs?		und saccood fis ent (18)
	(A)	Syntax	(B)	Semiology
	(C)	Phonology due to set que	(D)	Morphology
55.	Wha	at are the words like 'boom', 'crash', 'meo	w', 'or	mg' etc. which represent the sounds
	of th	eir referents called ?		esett (A)
	(A)	Onomatopoeia	(C)	Homonyms
	(B)	Homophones	(D)	Portmanteau
56.		theory which assumes that language of ate sounds is:	rigina	ated as a result of human instinct to
	(A)	Ding dong theory	(B)	The gesture theory
	(C)	The pooh-pooh theory	(D)	The bow-vow theory
57.	Whi	ch letter is silent in pronouncing 'debt'	,	plode transport Mot #3/95
	(A)	'd' ansyrotrà (a)	(B)	'e'
	(C)	'b' accordance (a)	(D)	" wowmen to
GO	-40/	9 (10)		(Continued)

58.	Which language learning approach emphasizes the practical use of language in real-			
	life s	situations?		(A) Sammative Evaluation
	(A)	Grammar-translation method	(B)	Audio-lingual method
	(C)	Natural approach	(D)	Communicative approach
59.	Whi	ch method focuses on using the target	langu	age exclusively and avoids the use
	of m	other-tongue in instruction?	616.4	65. In the state of Kamataka, a
	(A)	Communicative approach	(B)	Direct method
	(C)	Audio-lingual method	(D)	Grammar-translation method
60.	The is:	method that is based on the coordinat	tion of	language and physical movement
	(A)	Task Based Language Learning		66. English out be learnt only i
	(B)	Communicative Language Learning		(A) Practice of Applied gr
	(C)	Cooperative Language Learning		(D) Study of grammar.
	(D)	Total Physical Response		'67. What is the purpose of ear
61.	opp	communicative language teaching nortunities to learners to participate in motes Pick out the correct	a pur	poseful talk in the classroom as it
	(A)	Learners to encounter with real life sit	tuation	ns.
	(B)	Learners' written expression in the cla	assro	om.
	(C)	Learners to minimize spelling and gra	amma	
	(D)	The use of mother tongue freely in the	e class	sroom:
62.		ch characteristic of language empha ken sounds?	sizes	its mode of transmission through
	(A)	Language is unique	(B)	Language is vocal
	(C)	Language is arbitrary	(D)	Language is dynamic
63.	Wha	at is the status given to English by the Ir	ndian	Constitution?
	(A)	National Language	(B)	Link Language
	(C)	Official Language	(D)	Associate Official Language
GO	-40/9	9 (11)		(Turn over)

64.	Whic	ch evaluation system assesses all asp	ects of	f student development?
	(A)	Summative Evaluation		S'ero fadhe sid
	(B)	Continuous and Comprehensive Eva	luation	holistens questaus (A)
	(C)	Formative Evaluation		rosonds musik (3)
	(D)	Diagnostic Evaluation	l gridu	no easy within the middless of the
65.	In the	e state of Karnataka, several language	es like l	Kannada, Tulu, Konkani, Tamil and
	Telu	gu are spoken. Thus, Karnataka is	a	state. Identify the correct
	alter	native:		s Dem Innont olbuA (D)
	(A) .	Multilingual	(B)	Monolingual
	(C)	Bilingual	(D)	Trilingual
66.	Engl	lish can be learnt only by the	Pic	ck out the correct choice.
	(A)	Practice of applied grammar	(B)	Practice of speaking
	(C)	Study of grammar	(D)	Study of functional grammar
67.	Wha	at is the purpose of remedial teaching	?	spanius is pastoji ir tiku ir ek
divin	(A)	To introduce new language items		
	(B)	To test recently taught items		Lended of remultioned
	(C)	To teach again the language items a	Iready	learnt
	(D)	To teach again the language items n	ot prop	perly learnt
68.	Whi	ch kind of evaluation is done by the te	acher o	during the instructions?
	(A)	Summative Evaluation	(B)	Formative Evaluation
	(C)	Portfolio Evaluation	(D)	Product Evaluation
69.	The	linking words like 'firstly', 'secondly', '	thirdly',	, 'finally' are known as:
	(A)	Homophones	(B)	Cohesive devices
	(C)	Collocation	(D)	Association
70.	'l ca	me here today to attend the party.' WI	nat kind	d of error occurs in this sentence?
	(A)	Subject-verb agreement error	(B)	Vocabulary error
	(C)	Verb tense consistency error	(D)	Error in word order
GO	_40/	9 (12)		(Continued)

71.	Which is the correct pronunciation of 'cl	limb'?	Fills dust medit eman titl. 91
	(A) /kleimb/	(B)	/kleim/ U - eq.(T (A)
	(C) /klaimb/	(D)	/klaim/ 11-50(1 (3)
72.	"Hurrah! We have won the match." 'Hur	rah!' Wha	t type of sentence is it?
	(A) Declarative	(B)	Interrogative
	(C) Imperative	(D)	Exclamatory
73.	Our dress code is an example of	cor	nmunication. Which is the correct
	option to complete the statement?	idet Abis	
	(A) Verbal	(B)	Nonverbal
	(C) Written	(D)	Spoken
74.	Identify the correctly written statement:		
	(A) My cousin who lives in Mumbai is	a doctor.	
	(B) My cousin, who lives in Mumbai, i	s a doctor	
	(C) My cousin, who lives in Mumbai is	a doctor.	
	(D) My cousin who lives in Mumbai, is	a doctor.	
75.	What is the smallest unit of 'spoken lan	guage' kn	own as ?
	(A) Phoneme	(B)	Syntax
	(C) Semantics	(D)	Morpheme
76.	Which is not a part of 3 R's of language	e skills ?	
	(A) Reading	(B)	Writing
	(C) Speaking	(D)	Arithmetic
77.	Which sentence does not conform to the	ne structur	re of passive voice?
	(A) The story was retold for children.	(B)	The injured were taken to hospital.
	(C) My house is being renovated.	(D)	The parrot is pecking atan apple.
78.	The word 'bank' in 'on the banks on the	river' and	'banks are financial institutions' is
	called Pick out the correct	option:	
	(A) Allophones	(B)	Homophones
	(C) Homographs	(D)	Homonyms
GO	-40/9	3)	(Turn over)

79. 'If it rains, the match will be put off.' What type of conditional sentence is it?

(A) Type -0

(B) Type-I

(C) Type-II

(D) Type-III

. crustslosti (A)

80. Which sentence is structurally correct?

- (A) Can you tell me where does he live?
- (B) Can you tell me where is he living?

r igthevesiv (8)

- (C) Can you tell me where he lives?
- (D) Can you tell me where has he been living?

(a) Wy house is being renovated

(A) The story was recell for children

The word hard to be the banks on the purity of the fact banks are treated institutions in

(D) The parrot specting at its apple

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

Linguistics

174

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