KCET 2024 Chemistry Question Paper Code B2

1.	Select the correct statement:		
	(A) Roasting involves heating the ore in the absence of air		
	(B) Calcination involves heating the ore above its melting point		
	(C) Smelting involves heating the ore with suitable reducing agent and flux below its melting point		
	(D) Calcination of calcium carbonate is ea	ndothermic	
Ans	. D		
2.	NO ₂ gas is:		
	(A) Colourless, neutral	(B) Colourless, acidic	
	(C) Brown, acidic	(D) Brown, neutral	
Ans	. С		
3.	Identify the <i>incorrect</i> statement from the following:		
	(A) Oxides of nitrogen in the atmosphere can cause depletion of the ozone layer		
	(B) Ozone absorbs the intense ultraviolet radiation of Sun		
	(C) Depletion of ozone layer is because of its chemical reactions with chlorofluoro alkanes		
	(D) Ozone absorbs infrared radiation		
Ans	. D		
4.	Gold sol in <i>not</i> a:		
	(A) Macromolecular colloid	(B) Lyophobic colloid	
	(C) Multimolecular colloid	(D) Negatively charged colloid	
Ans	. A		
5.	The <i>incorrect</i> statement about Hall-Heroult process is :		
	(A) Carbon anode is oxidised to CO and CO ₂		
	(B) Na ₃ AlF ₆ helps to decrease the melting point of the electrolyte		
	(C) CaF ₂ helps to increase the conductivity of the electrolyte		
	(D) Oxidation state of oxygen changes in the overall cell reaction		
Ans	. D		
6.	Propanone and Propanal are:		
	(A) Position isomers	(B) Functional isomers	
	(C) Chain isomers	(D) Geometrical isomers	
Ans	. В		
7.	Sodium enthanoate on heating with soda lime give 'X'. Electrolysis of aqueous solution of sodium ethanoate gives 'Y', 'X' and 'Y' respectively are:		
	(A) Methane and Ethane	(B) Methane and Methane	

(D) Ethane and Ethane

(C) Ethane and Methane

Ans. A

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8.	But-1-yne on reaction with dil. H_2SO_4 in presence of Hg^{2+} ions at 333 K gives :		
	$(A) \qquad O \\ (C) \qquad (C) \qquad (C)$	(B) CHO	
	(C) O	(D) CHO	
Ans	. A		
9.	Biologically active adrenaline and ephedrine used to increase blood pressure contain:		
	(A) Primary amino group	(B) Secondary amino gr	roup
	(C) Tertiary amino group	(D) Quaternary ammon	ium salt
Ans	. В		
10.	In the reaction		
	Aniline $\xrightarrow{\text{NaNO}_2}$ $P \xrightarrow{\text{Phenol}} Q$,		
	'Q' is:		
	$(A) C_6 H_5 N_2 Cl$	(B) ortho-hydroxyazobe	enzene
	(C) para-hydroxyazobenzene	(D) meta-hydroxyazobe	enzene
Ans	. C		
11.	• The female sex hormone which is responsible for the development of secondary female characteristics at participates in the control of menstrual cycle is:		lary female characteristics and
	(A) Testosterone	(B) Estradiol	
	(C) Insulin	(D) Thyroxine	
Ans	. В		
12.	The type of linkage present between nucleotides is	:	
	(A) Phosphoester linkage	(B) Phosphodiester link	age
	(C) Amide linkage	(D) Glycosidic linkage	
Ans	. В		
13.	$\alpha - D - (+) - $ glucose and $\beta - D - (+) - $ glucose are :		
	(A) Enantiomers	(B) Conformers	
	(C) Epimers	(D) Anomers	
Ans	. D		
14.	Which of the following set of polymers are used as	fibre?	
	(i) Teflon (ii) Starch	(iii) Terylene	(iv) Orlon
	(A)(i) and (ii)	(B) (ii) and (iii)	
	(C) (iii) and (iv)	(D) (i) and (iv)	

Ans C

15. The biodegradable polymer obtained by polymerisation of Glycine and Aminocaproic acid is:

(A) Nylon 6

(B) PHBV

(C) Nylon 2 - Nylon 6

(D) Nylon 6, 10

Ans. C

(A) Sucralose

(B) Aspartame

(C) Saccharin

(D) Alitame

Ans. Bonus

17. Which one of the following is a cationic detergent?

(A) Cetyltrimethylammonium bromide

(B) Sodium dodecylbenzene sulphonate

(C) Dodecylbenzene sulphonic acid

(D) Dodecylbenzene

Ans. A

18. In the following scheme of reaction,

$$C_{2}H_{5}CI \xrightarrow{X} C_{2}H_{5}F$$

$$Y \xrightarrow{Z} CH_{2}=CH_{2}$$

X, Y and Z respectively are:

(A) AgF, alcoholic KOH and benzene

(B) HF, aqueous KOH and Na in dry ether

(C) Hg₂F₂, alcoholic KOH and Na in dry ether

(D) CoF₂, aqueous KOH and benzene

Ans. C

19. 8.8 g of monohydric alcohol added to ethyl magnesium iodide in ether liberates 2240 cm³ of ethane at STP. This monohydric alcohol when oxidised using pyridinium-chlorochromate, forms a carbonyl compound that answers silver mirror test (Tollens' test). The monohydric alcohol is:

(A) butan-2-ol

(B) 2, 2-dimethyl propan-1-ol

(C) pentan-2-ol

(D) 2, 2-dimethyl ethan-1-ol

Ans. B

20. When a tertiary alcohol 'A' $(C_4H_{10}O)$ reacts with 20% H_3PO_4 at 358 K, it gives a compound 'B' (C_4H_8) as a major product. The IUPAC name of the compound 'B' is:

(A) But-1-ene

(B) But-2-ene

(C) Cyclobutane

(D) 2-Methylpropene

Ans. D

21. PCC is:

(A) $K_2Cr_2O_7 + Pyridine$

(B) $CrO_3 + CHCl_3$

(C) $CrO_3 + H_2SO_4$

(D) A complex of chromium trioxide with pyridine + HCl

Ans. D

22.	On treating 100 rnL of 0.1 M aqueous solution of the complex $CrCl_3$. $6H_2O$ with excess of $AgNO_3$, 2.86 g $AgCl$ was obtained. The complex is :			
	(A) $\left[\operatorname{Cr}\left(\operatorname{H}_{2}\operatorname{O}\right)_{3}\operatorname{Cl}_{3}\right].3\operatorname{H}_{2}\operatorname{O}$	(B) $\left[\operatorname{Cr}\left(\operatorname{H}_{2}\operatorname{O}\right)_{4}\operatorname{Cl}_{2}\right]\operatorname{Cl.2H}_{2}\operatorname{O}$		
	(C) $\left[\operatorname{Cr}\left(\operatorname{H}_{2}\operatorname{O}\right)_{5}\operatorname{Cl}\right]\operatorname{Cl}_{2}.\operatorname{H}_{2}\operatorname{O}$	(D) $\left[\operatorname{Cr}\left(\operatorname{H}_{2}\operatorname{O}\right)_{6}\operatorname{Cl}_{3}\right]$		
Ans	. C			
23.	23. The complex compounds $\left[\text{Co}\left(\text{NH}_3\right)_5\text{SO}_4\right]$ Br and $\left[\text{Co}\left(\text{NH}_3\right)_5\text{Br}\right]$ SO ₄ are:			
	(A) Coordination isomers	(B) Geometrical isomers		
	(C) Optical isomers	(D) Ionisation isomer		
Ans	. D			
24.	4. Which of the following statements are true about $\left[\operatorname{CoF}_{6}\right]^{3-}$ ion?			
	I. The complex has octahedral geometry.			
	II. Coordination number of Co is 3 and oxidation st	tate is $+6$.		
	III. The complex is sp^3d^2 hybridised.			
	IV. It is a high spin complex.	(D) I III and IV		
	(A) I, II and IV (C) II and IV	(B) I, III and IV (D) II, III and IV		
Ans		(2) 13, 111 1110 1		
25.	A haloalkane undergoes S _N 2 or S _N 1 reaction depen	nding on:		
	(A) Solvent used in the reaction	(B) Low temperature		
	(C) The type of halogen atom	(D) Stability of the haloalkane		
Ans				
26.	2-Methyl propane can be prepared by Wurtz reactio dry ether are :	n. The haloalkanes taken along with metallic sodium and		
	(A) chloromethane and 2-chloropropane	(B) chloroethane and chloromethane		
	(C) chloroethane and 1-chloropropane	(D) chloromethane and 1-chloropropane		
Ans		a di Nil ci a Nil ci		
27.	In the analysis of III group basic radicals of salts, the	the purpose of adding $NH_4CI_{(s)}$ to NH_4OH is:		
	(A) To increase the concentration of OH ions.	(B) To precipitate the radicals of group IV and V.		
A	(C) To suppress the dissociation of NH ₄ OH.	(D) To introduce Cl ⁻ ions.		
Ans		2		
28.	Solubility product of CaC_2O_4 at a given temperature in pure water is $4 \times 10^{-9} (\text{mol L}^{-1})^2$. Solubility of CaC_2 at the same temperature is:			
	(A) $6.3 \times 10^{-5} \text{ mol } L^{-1}$	(B) $2 \times 10^{-5} \text{ mol L}^{-1}$		
Ans	(C) $2 \times 10^{-4} \text{ mol L}^{-1}$	(D) $6.3 \times 10^{-4} \text{ mol L}^{-1}$		
Ans	, A			

29.	In the reaction between moist SO_2 and acidified permanganate solution :	
	(A) SO ₂ is oxidised to SO ₄ ²⁻	(B) SO ₂ is reduced to S
	MnO ₄ is reduced to Mn ²⁺	MnO ₄ is oxidised to MnO ₄

(C) SO_2 is oxidised to SO_3^{2-} MnO_4^- is reduced to MnO_2 (D) SO₂ is reduced to H₂S MnO₄ is oxidised to MnO₄

Ans. A

- **30.** Which one of the following properties is generally not applicable to ionic hydrides?
 - (A) Non-volatile

(B) Non-conducting in solid state

(C) Crystalline

(D) Volatile

Ans. D

- 31. Which one of the following nitrate will decompose to give NO₂ on heating?
 - (A) NaNO₃

(B) KNO₃

(C) RbNO₃

(D) LiNO₃

Ans. D

- **32.** Which of the following halides cannot be hydrolysed?
 - (A) CCl₄

(B) SiCl₄

(C) GeCl₄

(D) SnCl₄

Ans. A

- **33.** 0.48 g of an. organic compound on complete combustion produced 0.22 g of CO₂. The percentage of C in the given organic compound is:
 - (A) 25

(B) 50

(C) 12.5

(D) 87.5

Ans. C

34. In the given sequence of reactions, identify 'P, 'Q', 'R' and 'S' respectively.

$$CH_{2} = CH_{2} \xrightarrow{P} CH_{2} - CH_{2} \xrightarrow{Q} CH_{2} = CH - Br \xrightarrow{R} CH = CH \xrightarrow{S} C_{6}H_{6}$$

$$Rr \xrightarrow{Rr} Rr$$

- (A) Br₂, Alc. KOH, NaOH, Al₂O₃
- (B) HBr, Alc, KOH, CaC₂, KMnO₄
- (C) HBr, Alc. KOH, NaNH, Red hot iron tube
- (D) Br₂, Alc. KOH, NaNH₂, Red hot iron tube

Ans. D

- 35. The first chlorinated organic insecticide prepared is:
 - (A) Gammexane

(B) Chloroform

(C) COCl₂

(D) DDT

Ans. D

- **36.** Which of the following crystals has the unit cell such that $a = b \neq c$ and $\alpha = \beta = 90^{\circ}$, $\gamma = 120^{\circ}$?
 - (A) Zinc blende

(B) Graphite

(C) Cinnabar

(D) Potassium dichromate

Ans. B

37.	MnO exhibits :				
	(A) Ferrimagnetism	(B) Antiferromagnetism			
	(C) Ferromagnetism	(D) Paramagnetism			
Ans	Ans. B				
38.	The number of atoms in 4.5 g of a face-centred cubic crystal with edge length 300 pm is :				
	(Given density = 10 g cm ⁻³ and $N_A = 6.022 \times 10^{23}$).				
	(A) 6.6×10^{20}	(B) 6.6×10^{23}			
	(C) 6.6×10^{19}	(D) 6.6×10^{22}			
Ans	. D				
39.	. Vapour pressure of a solution containing 18 g of glucose and 178.2 g of water at 100°C is :				
	(Vapour pressure of pure water at 100° C = 760 torr)				
	(A) 76.0 torr	(B) 752.4 torr			
	(C) 7.6 torr	(D) 3207.6 torr			
Ans					
40.	A mixture of phenol and aniline shows negative deviation from Raoult's law. This is due to the formation of (A) Polar covalent bond				
	(B) Non-polar covalent bond				
	(C) Intermolecular Hydrogen bond				
	(D) Intramolecular Hydrogen bond				
Ans					
41.	Which one of the following pairs will show positive				
	(A) Water - HCl	(B) Benzene - Methanol			
Ama	(C) Water - HNO ₃	(D) Acetone - Chloroform			
Ans		ools of H O to overgon?			
42.	How many Coulombs are required to oxidise 0.1 m	2			
	(A) 1.93×10^5 C	(B) 1.93×10^4 C			
	(C) 3.86×10^4 C	(D) $9.65 \times 10^3 \mathrm{C}$			
Ans	. В				
43.	A current of 3 A is passed through a molten calc	ium salt for 1 hr 47 min 13 sec. The mass of calcium			
	deposited is : (Molar mass of $Ca = 40 \mathrm{g} \mathrm{mol}^{-1}$)				
	(A) 6.0 g	(B) 2.0 g			
	(C) 8.0 g	(D) 4.0 g			
Ans	. D				
44.	The value of 'A' in the equation $\lambda_m = \lambda_m^o - A\sqrt{C}$ is same for the pair :				
	(A) NaCl and CaCl ₂	(B) CaCl ₂ and MgSO ₄			
	(C) NaCl and KBr	(D) MgCl ₂ and NaCl			
Ans	Ans. C				

- **45.** For the reaction, $A \rightleftharpoons B$, $E_a = 50 \,\text{kJ} \,\text{mol}^{-1}$ and $\Delta H = -20 \,\text{kJ} \,\text{mol}^{-1}$. When a catalyst is added, E_a decreases by $10 \,\text{kJ} \,\text{mol}^{-1}$. What is the E_a for the backward reaction in the presence of catalyst?
 - (A) 60kJ mol⁻¹

(B) 40 kJ mol^{-1}

(C) 70kJ mol⁻¹

(D) 20 kJ mol^{-1}

Ans. A

- **46.** For the reaction $PCl_5 \rightarrow PCl_3 + Cl_2$, rate and rate constant are $1.02 \times 10^{-4} \text{ mol L}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$ and
 - $3.4 \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{s}^{-1}$ respectively at a given instant. The molar concentration of PCl₅ at that instant is:
 - (A) $8.0 \,\text{mol}\,\text{L}^{-1}$

(B) $3.0 \,\mathrm{mol} \,\mathrm{L}^{-1}$

(C) $0.2 \, \text{mol} \, L^{-1}$

(D) $2.0 \, \text{mol} \, L^{-1}$

Ans. B

47. Which one of the following does not represent Arrhenius equation?

(A)
$$\log k = \log A - \frac{Ea}{2.303RT}$$

(B)
$$k = A e^{-Ea/RT}$$

(C)
$$\ln k = -\frac{Ea}{RT} + \ln A$$

(D)
$$k = A e^{Ea/RT}$$

Ans. D

- **48.** Identify the incorrect statement:
 - (A) Values of colligative properties of colloidal solution are of small order compared to values of true solution
 - (B) Tyndall effect is observed only when diameter of the dispersed particles is not much smaller than wavelength of incident light
 - (C) Colour of colloidal solution depends on the wavelength of light scattered by the dispersed particles
 - (D) Brownian movement is due to balanced bombardment of molecules of dispersion medium on colloidal particles

Ans. D

49. For the coagulation of positively charged hydrated ferric-oxide sol, the flocculating power of the ions is in the order:

(A)
$$PO_4^{3-} > SO_4^{2-} > Cl^- > \left[Fe(CN)_6 \right]^{4-}$$

(B)
$$Cl^{-} > SO_4^{2-} > PO_4^{3-} > \left[Fe(CN)_6 \right]^{4-}$$

(C)
$$SO_4^{2-} = CI^- = PO_4^{3-} = \left\lceil Fe(CN)_6 \right\rceil^{4-}$$

(D)
$$\left[\text{Fe(CN)}_{6} \right]^{4-} > \text{PO}_{4}^{3-} > \text{SO}_{4}^{2-} > \text{Cl}^{-}$$

Ans. D

- **50.** For which one of the following mixtures is composition uniform throughout?
 - (A) Sand and water

(B) Grains and pulses with stone

(C) Mixture of oil and water

(D) Dilute aqueous solution of sugar

Ans. D

- **51.** The energy associated with first orbit is He⁺ is
 - (A) 0J

(B) -8.72×10^{-18} J

(C) $-4.58 \times 10^{-18} \text{ J}$

(D) $-0.545 \times 10^{-18} \text{ J}$

Ans. B

- **52.** A metalloid is
 - (A) Bi

(B) Sb

(C) P

(D) Se

Ans. B

- **53.** A pair of isoelectric species having bond order of one is:
 - $(A) N_2$, CO

(B) N₂, NO⁺

(C) O_2^{2-}, F_2

(D) CO, NO⁺

Ans. C

54. Identify the wrong relation for real gases

$$(A) Z = \frac{V_{ideal}}{V_{real}}$$

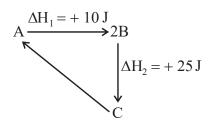
(B)
$$P_{ideal} = P_{real} + \frac{an^2}{V^2}$$

(C)
$$V_{real} = V_{ideal} - nb$$

(D)
$$\left(p + \frac{a}{V^2}\right) \left(V - b\right) = RT$$

Ans. A & C

55. From the diagram



- Δ_r H for the reaction $C \rightarrow A$ is
- (A) + 35J

(B) - 15J

(C) -35J

(D) +15J

Ans. C

- **56.** The transition element ($\approx 5\%$) present with lanthanoid metal in Misch metal is:
 - (A) Mg

(B) Fe

(C) Zn

(D) Co

Ans. B

- **57.** Match the following:
 - I. Zn²⁺
- i. d⁸ configuration
- II. Cu^{2+}
- ii. colourless
- III. Ni²⁺
- iii. $\mu = 1.73BM$

I II II

- (A) i ii iii
- (B) ii iii i
- (C) ii i iii
- (D) i iii ii

Ans. B

- **58.** Which of the following statements related to lanthanoids is **incorrect**?
 - (A) Lanthanoids are silvery white soft metals
 - (B) Samarium shows +2 oxidation state
 - (C) Ce⁺⁴ solutions are widely used as oxidising agents in titrimetric analysis
 - (D) Colour of Lanthanoid ion in solution is due to d-d transition

Ans. D

- **59.** The correct decreasing order of boiling point of hydrogen halides is
 - (A) HF > HCl > HBr > HI

(B) HI > HBr > HCl > HF

(C) HF > HI > HBr > HCl

(D) HI > HF > HBr > HC1

Ans. C

- **60.** The synthetically produced radioactive noble gas by the collision of $^{249}_{98}\mathrm{Cf}$ with $^{48}_{20}\mathrm{Ca}$ is
 - (A) Radon

(B) Radium

(C) Oganesson

(D) Xenon

Ans. C