INI CET 2024 Surgery Answer Key Unofficial

	Which of the following is/are the complication 1. Asthma 2. Laryngitis 3. Pulmonary Fibrosis 4. Chronic cough	ns associated with GERD?
b. c.	1,2 1,2,4 1,2,3 1,2,3,4	•
Ans: (d)		

Q. Which of the following is the most common hernia in females?

- a. Direct Inguinal hernia
- b. Indirect inguinal hernia
- c. Femoral hernia
- d. Obturator hernia

Ans: (b)

Q. Which of the following is not a marker of GIST?

- a. SDH
- b. C-kit
- c. PDFG
- d. Nestin

Ans: (d)

- Q. ER positivity is used as which of the following in the context of breast carcinoma?
 - a. Diagnostic marker
 - b. Prognostic marker
 - c. Surrogate molecular marker
 - d. Treatment

Ans: (b)

- Q. All of the following statements regarding Wilms tumor is true, except?
 - a. Presents as an abdominal mass
 - b. Most commonly seen <5yrs of age
 - Majority patients recover due to chemotherapy and radiotherapy
 - d. Lung metastasis is rare and occurs late

Q. The given instrument is used for which of the following procedure?



- a. PEG
- b. Central line
- c. Orogastric tube insertion
- d. ICD



Ans: (a)

Q. 45-year-old female presents with recurrent episodes of right flank pain, hematuria, and a history of urinary tract infections. Urine analysis shows alkaline urine with a pH of 8.0. Which of the following is the most likely underlying cause of this patient's condition?



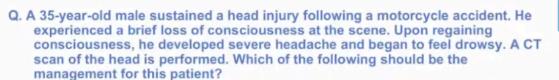
- a. Triple phosphate stone
- b. Ca Oxalate Stones
- c. Uric Acid Stones
- d. Cystine Stones



Ans: (d)

- Q. A 52-year-old patient diagnosed with invasive ductal carcinoma in situ presents with ulceration on skin and inflammatory signs. Nipple retraction was also present. This patient is classified under which stage?
- a. Stage 3
- b. Stage 4 with node positivity
- c. T4b
- d. No metastasis

Ans: (a) & ©





- a. Anticoagulants
- b. Immediate surgery
- c. Observation in ICU
- d. Mannitol to reduce ICP

Ans: (b)

Q. A 45-year-old patient presents to the clinic with complaints of food regurgitation and weight loss over the past several months. A barium swallow test is performed, what is the diagnosis?



- a. Achalasia cardia
- b. Esophageal carcinoma
- c. Zenker's diverticulum
- d. Diffuse esophageal spasm



Ans: (a)

- Q. A 55-year-old male patient presents to the clinic with left lower lip weakness following a recent parotid gland surgery. Considering the surgical history and current symptoms, what is the most likely site of the lesion causing this patient's condition?
 - a. Main trunk of facial nerve
 - b. Temporal branch of facial nerve
- c. Cervical branch of facial nerve
- d. Parotid duct

Ans: (a)

Q. Which of the following is not a risk factor for cholangiocarcinoma?

- a. Hepatitis B
- b. PCS
- c. Caroli's disease
- d. Opisthorchis viverrini

Ans: PBC

- Q. Which of the following is not done in primary survey of trauma? (multiple choice)
 - a. NCCT head
 - b. CXR
 - c. Intubation
 - d. ICD drainage

Ans: (a)

- Q. A 32-year-old male presents to the emergency department after sustaining a stab wound to the left side of his chest. He is in acute distress, with a heart rate of 120 beats per minute, blood pressure of 90/60 mmHg, and respiratory rate of 28 breaths per minute. On physical examination, there is decreased breath sounds on the right side. A chest X-ray is shown below. What is the diagnosis?
 - a. Pneumothorax
- b. Hemothorax
- c. Tension Pneumothorax
- d. Hydrothorax

Ans: (b)



Q. Which of the following will not result in hoarseness of voice after a thyroid surgery?

- a. Dissecting/retracting strap muscles
- b. Exploring bearh's triangle
- c. Tubercle of zuckerkand dissection
- d. Ligating superior thyroid vessels

Ans: (d)

Q. Mount fiju sign on CT is seen in which of the following?

- a. Pneumocephalus
- b. Pneumoperitoneum
- c. Pneumomediastinum
- d. Pneumothorax

Ans: (a)

- Q. A 20-year-old chronic alcoholic presents with severe hematemesis. USG shows distention of the portal vein and the liver appears hyperechoic. Pantoprazole has been initiated. What is the next appropriate step in management?
 - a. Initiate a course of broad-spectrum antibiotics
 - b. Order a liver biopsy to assess for fibrosis
 - c. Administer intravenous fluids and electrolyte replacement
 - d. Perform an endoscopy to look for varices