

## CUET History Answer Key May 18 2024

1. Name the first site from where the Indus Valley Civilization was discovered?

Ans: Harappa

2. Which of the following statements are correct?

Ans: V.S Sukhthankar is associated with the critical edition of Mahabharata.

3. Who was the first woman to be ordained as bhikkhuni?

Ans: Mahapajapati Gotami

4. Who amongst the following were the principal deities of the Vedic pantheon?

Ans: Agni, Varuna, Indra

5. Which of the following statements are not correct?

Ans: Punna was a rich lady

6. Madras, Bombay and Calcutta were the anglicised names of ---- where the British just set up trading posts?

Ans: Cities

7. Which of the following statements are correct?

Ans: Option C

8. Which Surfi teacher was also known as the 'Gharib Nawaz'?

Ans: Shaikh Nizamuddin Auliya

9. Lord Jagannatha is a form of which God?

Ans: Vishnu

10. Who amongst the following founded the Vijayanagara Empire?

Ans: Harihara and Bukka

11. Which of the following statements are correct?

Ans: Option B

12. Which of the following statements are true about the zamindars?

Ans: Option A

13. Kauravas and Pandavas belonged to which ruling family?

Ans: Panchal

14. Which report reproduced zamindars and ryots petitions as appendices for consideration of the British Parliament?

Ans: The fifth report

15. The rebel leaders issued Proclamations and few -- to propagate their ideas during the 1857 revolve. Fill in the blanks with the correct answer from the options given below.

Ans: Sepoys

16. In 1857 'the life has gone out of the body' was said in reference to which state?

Ans: Awadh

17. Which of the following statements are correct?

Ans: Firangi is a term of Persian origin applied to the British by the rebels.

18. Who was the leader of the Santhal Revolt of 1855-56?

Ans: Shah Mal

19. Who was the commissioner of Lucknow when the rebels besieged it during the revolt of 1857?

Ans: Henry Lawrence

20. The sunset Law was associated with?

Ans: Freedom Movement

21. During his 'Salt March' Gandhi began walking towards the ocean from his ashram, Located ---?

Ans: Sabarmati

22. Mahatma Gandhi's Salt March was notable as the first nationalist activist focused on?

Ans: Lord Irwin

23. 'Purna Swaraj' as the goal of nationalism in India was aimed to achieve?

Ans: Complete Independence

24. Who was the Judge who presided over Gandhiji's trial after the withdrawal of the Non-Cooperation Movement?

Ans: Justice William Hodges

25. When were separate electorates first created by the British Colonial Government?

Ans: 1919

26. Mughal chronicles viewed the emperors as supreme sovereign because?

Ans: Vision of empire viewed the emperor as the sole ruler.

27. Which section of the Mughal Court was viewed as very significant?

Ans: Nobility

28. Which chronicle says that the entire kingdom has to follow the king's orders?

Ans: Akbar Nama

29. The Mughal imperial administrative apparatus was effectively dependent on?

Ans: Masses

30. Who is author of Akbar Nama?

Ans: Abu'l Fazl

31. When did the Constitution of India come into force?

Ans: 26th January 1950

32. Why is the constitution of India described as the longest document in the world?

Ans: The country size and diversity impacted the length

33. How can we say that the constitution of India seeks to unify India?

Ans: It deals with the country's problems.

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