PRACTICE PAPER - IV

MATHEMATICS

1. If 1, ω , ω^2 are the cube roots of unity, then	10. If pth term of
$a + b\omega + c\omega^2 + d\omega^2$	then its rth t

$$\frac{c + d\omega + a\omega + b\omega^2}{c + d\omega + a\omega + b\omega^2}$$

 $\frac{a + b\omega + c\omega^{-} + d\omega^{-}}{c + d\omega + a\omega + b\omega^{2}}$ is equal to

(b) ω^2

(c) w

(d) none of these

2. $\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}} + \sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}$ is equal to

(a) $\sqrt{3}$

(b) $\sqrt{3}/\sqrt{2}$

(c) $\sqrt{2}/\sqrt{3}$

 $(a) \sqrt{6}$

3. The expression $\frac{\sqrt{3}-1}{2\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{3}-1}$ is equal to

(a) $\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3} + \sqrt{4} + \sqrt{6}$

(b) $\sqrt{6} - \sqrt{4} + \sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2}$

(c) $\sqrt{6} - \sqrt{4} - \sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2}$

(d) none of these

4. If $z_1 = 3 + 4i$ and $z_2 = 4 - 3i$, then

 $(a) |z_1| > |z_2|$

 $|z_2| > |z_3|$

 $(c) |z_2| = |z_1|$

(d) Amp $(z_1) = Amp (z_2)$

5. The number of real solution of $x^2 - |x| - 2 = 0$ is

(a) 1

(b) 2

(c) 3

(d) 4

6. If the roots of the equation, $8x^2 - 6x + a = 0$ are of the form α and α^2 , then value of α is

(a) 1, -27

(b) -1, 27

(c)-1, -27

(d) 1, 27

7. If the roots of the equation $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ are negative of each other, then

(a) c = 0

(b) b = c = 0

(c) b = 0

(a) b = 0, $c \ne 0$

8. $11^3 + 12^3 + 13^3 + \dots + 20^3$ is

(a) an odd integer devisible by 5

(b) an even integer

(c) multiple of 10

(d) an odd imteger but not a multiple of 5

9. If a, b, c, d, are in G.P., then a/c equals

if an AP is a and ath term is p. erm is

(a) p - q + r

(b) p - q - r

(c) p + q - r

(d) p + q + r

11. If x+5 $P_{n+1} = \frac{11(n-1)^{n+3}}{2} P_n$ then the value of

(a) 2 or 6

(b) 2 or 11

(c) 7 or 11

(d) 6 or 7

12. The value of expression ${}^{47}C_4 + \sum_{1}^{5} {}^{52-i}C_3$ is

equal to

(a) 47C₅

(b) ${}^{52}C_5$

(c) 52C,

(d) 52C₃

13. A box cotains two white balls, three black balls and four red balls. The number of ways in which three balls can be drawn from the box so that one of the balls is black is

(a)84

(b)74

(c)64

(d) 20

14. A coin with tail on both sides is tossed twice. The probability of getting a "head" is

(a) $\frac{1}{2}$

(b) 1

(c)0

(a) $\frac{3}{4}$

15. The chance that an event "occur" or does not occur is

(a) 0

(b) 1

(c) $\frac{3}{4}$

(d) none of these

16. If $(1 + x - 2x^2)^6 = 1 + a_1$, $x + a_2x^2 + ... + a_{12}x^{12}$, then $a_2 + a_4 + a_6 ... + a_{12}$ is equal to

(a) 30

(b) 31

(c) 32

17. If 2nd, 3rd and 4th terms in the expansion of (x+a)n are 240, 720 and 1080 respectively, then the value of r is

(a) 20

(b) 15

(c) 10

(d) 1.5

- 18. If the first three terms in the expansion of $(x + a)^n$ are 729, 7290, and 30375 respectively, then the value of n is
 - (a) a
- (b) 6
- (c)8
- (d) none of these
- 19. If a, b, c, are in A.P., then $\begin{vmatrix} x+1 & x+2 & x+a \\ x+2 & x+3 & x+b \\ x+3 & x+4 & x+c \end{vmatrix}$

is equal to

- (a) 0
- (b) x^2
- (c)3
- (d) none of these
- 20. $\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ {}^{n}C_{1} & {}^{n+1}C_{1} & {}^{n+2}C_{1} \\ {}^{n}C_{2} & {}^{n+1}C_{2} & {}^{n+2}C_{2} \end{vmatrix} =$
 - (a) 0
- (b) 1
- (c)-1
- (d) none of these
- 21. If $f(x) = \begin{vmatrix} 2\cos x & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 2\cos x & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 2\cos x \end{vmatrix}$, then $f(\frac{\pi}{3})$
 - (a) 0
- (b) 1
- (c) -1
- (d) none of these
- 22. The determinant

$$\begin{vmatrix} -a+b+c & -2a & -2a \\ -2b & -b+c+a & -2b \\ -2c & -2c & -c+a+b \end{vmatrix}$$
 is

- (b) a perfect square
- (c) a perfect cube (d) none of these
- 23. If tan A = $\frac{1}{2}$ and tan B = $\frac{1}{3}$, then a value of A + B is
 - (a) 135°
- (b) 45°
- (c) 315°
- (a) none of these
- 24. The maximum value of $\sin\left(x+\frac{\pi}{6}\right)+\cos\left(x+\frac{\pi}{6}\right)$

in the interval $\left| 0, \frac{\pi}{2} \right|$ is attained at x =

- (a) $\frac{\pi}{6}$
- (b) $\frac{\pi}{3}$
- (c) $\frac{\pi}{12}$
- $(a) \frac{\pi}{2}$

- 25. $\frac{1-\tan^2\frac{\pi}{8}}{1+\tan^2\frac{\pi}{8}}$ is equal to
 - (a) $\frac{1}{2}$
 - (b) 2
 - (c) 0
- (a) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$
- 26. The value of $\cos \frac{\pi}{5} \cos \frac{2\pi}{5} \cos \frac{4\pi}{5} \cos \frac{\pi}{5}$ is
 - (a) $\frac{1}{16}$

- 27. Value of tan 81° tan 63° tan 27° + tan 9° is equal to
 - (a) 1
- (b) 2
- (c) 3
- (a) 4
- **28.** The range of the function $f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3x-4}}$ is
- $(b) [0, \infty]$
- $(c)(0,\infty)$
- (a) none of these
- 29. Range of the function $f(x) = \sqrt{x^2 + x + 1}$ is equal to
 - (a) $[0, \infty)$
- (b) $\left[\begin{array}{c} \sqrt{3} \\ 2 \end{array}, \infty\right)$

 - (c) $\left(-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}, \infty\right)$ (d) none of these
- 30. Range of the function $f(x) = \sqrt{\frac{x}{1+x}}$ is
 - (a) $(0, \infty)$
- (b) $[0, \infty)$
- (c) $[-0, \infty) \{1\}$
- (d) none of these
- **31.** Domain of the function $\sin^{-1} (2x + 1)$ is
 - (a) [-1, 0]
- (b)[-1, 1]
- (c)[0, 1]
- (a) none of these
- 32. The function $2x^3 3x 12 + 4$ has
 - (a) two maxima
 - (b) two minima
 - (c) one maximum and one minimum
 - (d) two maxima and no minima

33. If $y = \frac{x}{2} \sqrt{x^2 + 1} + \frac{1}{2} \log(x + \sqrt{x^2 + 1})$, then

 $\frac{dy}{dx}$ is equal to

(a)
$$2\sqrt{x^2+1}$$

(b)
$$\sqrt{x^2+1}$$

$$(c) \ \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2+1}}$$

(c) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2+1}}$ (d) none of these

34. $\frac{11}{x=0} 2^{-2} x^{\frac{1}{2}}$ is equal to

- (c) does not exist (d) none of these

35. Let
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x & \text{if } x \in \theta \\ 1-x & \text{if } x \in (R-\theta) \end{cases}$$
, then

- (a) f if only right continuous at $x = \frac{1}{2}$
- (b) f is only left continuous at $x = \frac{1}{2}$
- (c) f is continuous at $x = \frac{1}{2}$
- (d) f is not continuous at $x = \frac{1}{2}$

36.
$$\int_{0}^{1} \frac{|x|}{x} dx =$$

- (a) b -- a
- (b) a b
- (c)a+b
- (d) |b| |a|

37.
$$\int_{1+x^2}^{3} \frac{1}{1+x^2}$$
 is equal to

- (a) $\frac{1}{12}$
- $(b)_{6}$

38. The general solution of differential equation

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y}{x}$$
 is

- (a) $y = \frac{k}{x}$, k constant
- (b) $y = k \log x$
- (c) y = kx
- (a) $\log y = kx$

39. $\int \frac{1}{f(x)} dx = \log f(x)^2 + c$, then f(x) is equal to

- (a) $2x + \alpha$ (b) $\frac{x}{2} + \alpha$
- $(c) x + \alpha$
- $(a) x^2 + \alpha$

40. The general solution of the differential equation $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = e^{-2x}$ is

(a)
$$y = \frac{1}{4} e^{-2x} + c$$

(b)
$$y = e^{-2x} + cx + d$$

(c)
$$y = \frac{1}{4} e^{-2x} + cx + d$$

(d)
$$y = \frac{1}{4} e^{-2x} + cx^2 + d$$

41. $\frac{t_1}{x_2-x_1} \left[\frac{x}{x^2+1} + \frac{x}{x^2+2^2} + \frac{x}{x^2+3^2} \dots \frac{x}{x^2+m^2} \right]$ is equal

- (a) $\frac{\pi}{4}$
- (b) log 2
- (c)0(d) 1

42. The volume of parallelopiped whose continuous edges are $-12i + \alpha \hat{k}$, $3j - \hat{k}$,

- $2i + \hat{j} 15\hat{k}$ is 546, then α in equal to
- (a)3
- (b) -3
- (c)2
- (d; -2

43. The vectors $2i - m\hat{j} + 3m\hat{k}$ and

$$(1 + m)i - 2m\hat{j} + \hat{k}$$

- (a) all real m (b) m < -2 or m > $-\frac{1}{2}$ (c) m = $-\frac{1}{2}$ (d) m $\in [-2, -\frac{1}{2}]$

44. If a, b, c are any three non-coplanar vectors,

then $\frac{\vec{a} \cdot (\vec{b} \times \vec{c})}{(\vec{c} \times \vec{a}) \cdot \vec{b}} + \frac{\vec{b} \cdot (\vec{a} \times \vec{c})}{\vec{c} \cdot (\vec{a} \times \vec{b})}$ is equal to

- (a) 2
- (b) 0
- (c) 1
- (a) none of these

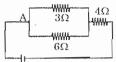
45. The magnitude length of the projection of the vectors $i + 2i + \hat{k}$ on the vector $4i - 4i + 7\hat{k}$ is

- (a) 3
- (c) $\frac{\sqrt{6}}{2}$

PHYSICS

- **46.** A body is vibrating in simple harmonic motion with an amplitude of 0.06 m and frequency of 15 Hz. The maximum velocity and acceleration of the body is
 - (a) 9.80 m/s and 9.03 \times 10² m/s²
 - (b) 8.90 m/s and 8.21 × 10² m/s²
 - (c) 6.82 m/s and 7.62×10^2 m/s²
 - (d) 5.65 m/s and 5.32 \times 10² m/s²
- 47. Kinetic energy of an electron accelerated in a potential difference of 100 V is
 - (a) 1.6×10^{-34} J
- (b) 1.6×10^{-29} J
- (c) $1.6 \times 10^{21} \text{ J}$
- (d) 1.6×10^{-17} J
- 48. If the equation of motion of standing wave is $y = 0.3 \sin (314t 1.57x)$, then the velocity of standing wave is
 - (a) 400 unit
- (b) 250 unit
- (c) 200 unit
- (d) 150 unit
- 49. On producing the waves of frequency 1000 Hz in a Kundt's tube, the total distance between 6 successive nodes is 85 cm. Speed of sound in the gas filled in the tube is
 - (a) 300 m/s
- (b) 350 m/s
- (c) 340 m/s
- (d) 330 m/s
- 50. A particle executes simple harmonic motion of amplitude A. At what distance from the mean position its kinetic energy is equal to its potential energy?
 - (a) 0.81 A
- (b) 0.71 A
- (c) 0.61 A
- (d) 0.51 A
- 51. For driving current of 2A for 6 minute in a circuit 1000 J of work is to be done. The e.m.f. of the source in the circuit is
 - (a) 1.38 V
- (b) 1.68 V
- (c) 2.03 V
- (d) 3.10 V
- 52. A resonance air column of length 20 cm resonates with a tuning fork of frequency 250 Hz. The speed of the air is
 - (*a*) **7**5 m/s
- (b) 150 m/s
- (c) 200 m/s
- (d) 300 m/s
- 53. An iron rod of length 2 m and cross-sectional area of 50 mm² stretched by 0.5 mm, when a mass of 250 kg is hung from its lower end. Young's modulus of iron rod is
 - (a) $19.6 \times 10^{20} \text{ N/m}^2$ (b) $19.6 \times 10^{18} \text{ N/m}^2$
 - (c) $19.6 \times 10^{10} \text{ N/m}^2$ (d) $19.6 \times 10^{15} \text{ N/m}^2$

- 54. Two parallel wires in free space are 10 cm apart and each carries a current of 10 A in the same direction. The force exerted by one wire on other per metre of length of the wire is
 - (a) 2×10^{-6} N
- (b) 2 × 10⁻⁴ N
- (c) 2×10^{-3} N
- (a) 2×10^{-2} N
- 55. A wire has resistance of 3.1 Ω at 30°C and resistance 4.5 Ω at 100°C. The temperature coefficient of resistance of the wire is
 - (a) 0.0012° C-1
- (b) 0.0024° C⁻¹
- (c) 0.0032° C⁻¹,
- (d) 0.0064° C⁻¹
- 56. If the current through 30 resistor is 0.8 A, then potential drop through 40 resistor is
 - (a) 1.2 V
 - (b) 2.6 V
 - (c) 4.8 V
 - (d) 9.6 V



- 57. The direction of the null points is on the equatorial line of a bar magnet, when the north pole of the magnet is pointing to
 - (a) west
- (b) east
- (c) south
- (d) north
- 58. Two batteries of e.m.f. 4V and 8V having the internal resistance of 1Ω and 2Ω respectively are connected in circuit with a resistance of 9Ω as shown in the figure. The current and potential difference between the points P and Q are
 - (a) $\frac{1}{12}$ A and 12 V
 - $(b)\frac{1}{9}$ A and 9 V
 - $(c)\frac{1}{6}$ A and 4 V
 - $(d)\frac{1}{3}$ A and 3 V
- 9Ω ly travelling at 120 m/s
- 59. A 30 gm bullet initially travelling at 120 m/s penetrates 12 cm into wooden block. The average resistance exerted by the wooden block is
 - (a) 1800 N
- (b) 2000 N
- (c) 2200 N
- (d) 2850 N
- 60. A bar magnet of magnetic moment 2200 A m² is suspended in a magnetic field of intensity 0.25 N/Am the couple required to deflect it through 30° is
 - (a) 15 N-m
- (b) 20 N-m
- (c) 25 N-m
- (a) 50 N-m

- 61. Two magnets each of magnetic moment M are placed so as to form a cross at right angles to each other. The magnetic moment of the system will be
 - (a) M
- (b) 0.5M
- (c) $\sqrt{2}$ M
- (d) 2 M
- 62. Sodium has body centered packing. Distance between two nearest atoms is 3.7 Å. The lattice parameter is
 - (a) 4.9 Å
- (b) 4.3 Å
- (c) 3.8 Å
- (d) 3.4 Å
- **63.** Which of the following are not the transverse wave?
 - (a) sound waves in the gas
 - (b) visible light waves
 - (c) X-rays
 - (d) γ-rays
- 64. The displacement x of a particle moving along a straight line at time t is given by

$$x = a_0 + a_1 t + a_2 t$$

The acceleration of the particle is

- (a) 4a₂
- $(b) 2a_2$
- (c) 2a,
- (d) a_2
- 65. A bomb is dropped from an aeroplane moving horizontally at constant speed. If air resistance is taken into consideration, then the bomb
 - (a) falls on earth exactly below the aeroplane
 - (b) falls on the earth exactly behind the aeroplane
 - (c) falls on the earth ahead of the aeroplane
 - (d) flies with the aeroplane
- 66. In a p-type semi-conductor germanium is doped with
 - (a) aluminium
- (b) boron
- (c) gallium
- (d) all of these
- 67. In a triode valve, the current in the plate circuit is controlled by
 - (a) ammeter
- (b) grid
- (c) cathode
- (d) anode
- 68. When a bus suddenly take a turn, the passengers are thrown outwards because of
 - (a) speed of motion
 - (b) inertia of motion
 - (c) acceleration of motion
 - (d) none of these

- 69. The logic behind NOR gate is that which gives
 - (a) high output when both inputs are high
 - (b) low output when both inputs are low
 - (c) high output when both inputs are low
 - (d) none of these
- 70. Which of the following statement is not correct?
 - (a) Infra-red photons have more energy than photons of visible light
 - (b) Infra-red rays are invisible but can cast shadows like visible light
 - (c) Photographic plates are sensitive to ultraviolet rays
 - (d) Photographic plates are sensitive to infrared rays
- 71. In which sequence the radioactive radiations are emitted in the following nuclear reaction

$$_{z}X^{A} \rightarrow _{Z+1}Y^{A} \rightarrow _{Z-1}K^{A-4} \rightarrow _{Z-1}K^{A-4}$$

- (a) γ , α and β
- (b) α , β and γ
- (c) β , α and γ
- (d) β , γ and α
- 72. In red light and violet light rays are of focal lengths f_n and f_v . Then which one of the following is true?
 - (a) $\lambda_{\rm B} \leq \lambda_{\rm V}$
- (b) $\mu_{\rm B} > \mu_{\rm V}$
- (c) $\lambda R = \lambda_v$
- (a) $\mu_{\rm B} < \mu_{\rm V}$
- 73. The large scale destruction, that would be caused due to the use of nuclear weapons is known as
 - (a) neutron-reproduction factor
 - (b) nuclear holocaust
 - (c) thermo nuclear reaction
 - (d) none of these
- 74. If in Ramsden's eye piece, the field lens have focal length f₁ and f₂ respectively and separated by a distance d then

(a)
$$f_1 = 3f_2$$
 and $d = f_1 + f_2$

(b)
$$f_1 = f_2$$
 and $d = \frac{2}{3} f_1$

(c)
$$f_1 = \frac{2}{3} f_2$$
 and $d = \frac{2}{3} f_1$

- (d) $f_1 = f_2$ and $d = f_1 + f_2$
- 75. Hygen's wave theory of light could not explain
 - (a) photoelectric effect
 - (b) polarisation
 - (c) diffraction
 - (d) interference

- 76. The work done in pulling up a block of wood weighing 2 kN for a length of 10 m on a smooth plane inclined at an angle of 15° with the horizontal is
 - (a) 9.82 kJ

(b) 8.91 kJ

(c) 5.17 kJ

(d) 4.36 kJ

- 77. The internal resistance of cell of e.m.f. 2V is 0.1 Ω . It is connected to a resistance of 3.9 Ω . The voltage across the cell is
 - (a) 2.71 V

(b) 1.95 V

(c) 1.68 V

(d) 0.52 V

- 78. The earth of mass 6 x 1024 kg revolves around the sun with an angular velocity of 2 × 10-7 rad/sec. in a circular orbit of radius 1.5 × 108 km. The force exerted by the sun, on the earth is
 - (a) 27×10^{39} N
- (b) 36×10^{21} N
- (c) 18×10^{25} N
- (*d*) $6 \times 10^{19} \text{ N}$
- 79. A ball of mass 150 gm moving with an acceleration 20 m/s2 is hit by a force, which acts on it for 0.1 sec. The impulsive force is
 - (a) 1.2 Ns

(b) 0.3 Ns

(c) 0.1 Ns

- (d) 0.5 Ns
- 80. If the heat of 110 J is added to a gaseous system, whose internal energy is 40 J, then the amount of external work done is
 - (a) 80 J

(b) 70 J

(c) 115 J

- (d) 140 J
- 81. The substances in which the magnetic moment of a single atom is not zero, is called as
 - (a) ferrimagnetism
- (b) paramagnetism
- (c) ferromagnetism (d) diamagnetism

- 82. A luminous efficiency of a lamp is 4 lumen/ watt and its luminous intensity is 30 candela. The power of lamp is
 - (a) 60 W

(b) 78 W

(c) 94 W

- (a) 136 W
- 83. Two vectors \vec{A} and \vec{B} are such that $\vec{A} + \vec{B} + \vec{C}$ and $A^2 + B^2 = C^2$. If θ is the angle between positive direction of A and B then the correct statement is

(a)
$$0 = \pi$$

(b)
$$0 = \frac{2\pi}{3}$$

$$(d) \ 0 = 0$$

$$(c)\theta = \frac{\pi}{2}$$

84. A rough vertical board has an acceleration a along the horizontal so that a block of mass M pressing against it does not fall. The coefficient of friction between block and the board is

$$(a) > \frac{a}{g}$$







85. An aeroplane is moving with a horizontal velocity u at a height h. The velocity of packet dropped from it on the earth's surface will be

(a)
$$\sqrt{u^2 - 2gh}$$

(b) 2gh

(c) $\sqrt{2ah}$

(a) $\sqrt{u^2 + 2gh}$

CHEMISTRY

86. The correct order of dipole moments of HF, H₂S and H₂O is.

(a)
$$HF < H_2S < H_2O$$
 (b) $HF < H_2S > H_2O$

(c)
$$HF > H_2S > H_2O$$
 (d) $HF > H_2O < H_2S$

- 87. Heat exchanged in a chemical reaction at the constant temperature and pressure is known as
 - (a) internal energy
 - (b) entropy
 - (c) enthalpy
 - (d) free energy

- 88. Which of the following electronic configuration is a correct explanation of Aufbau principle?
 - (a) 1s2, 3s2, 4s2
 - (b) $1s^2$, $2p^2 3p^2$
 - (c) 1s2, 2s2, 3s2
 - (d) 1s2, 2s2, 2p6
- 89. A mole of any substance is related to
 - (a) number of particles
 - (b) volume of gaseous substances
 - (c) mass of a substance
 - (d) all of above

(b) halved

(c) doubled

(d) increased four times

THORIOGIA III			
90. The alkane is not of (a) hydroxylation of (b) C ₂ H ₅ OH HURloof (c) butanone Root (d) and	f ethyne ,→ f-HCl →	dichromate is (a) + 4 (c) + 6 100. The percentage	(b) - 4 (d) - 6 ge of carbon in anthracite is
	lectron	order of ` (a) Na > Mg > (b) Cu > Fe >	(b) 70% (d) 90% of metals with water is in the Zn > Fe > Cu Zn > Mg > Na Na > Fe > Cu
92. A mixture of sodium	n benzoate and sodalime	. , .	Mg > Fe > Cu
93. The de-Broglie was	(b) C ₆ H ₆ (d) none of these velength of a particle with	(c) Mg + Fe	ontains (b) Mg + Cu (d) Mg + Ag good conductor of heat and
	(b) 6.6 × 10 ⁻³⁵ m (d) 6.6 × 10 ⁻³⁷ m		cause it contains carbon atoms structure
(a) in Benidict solution (b) for oxidation (c) for detection of (d) for reduction	unsaturation	(d) no free electrical	ectrons oint of three saturated hydro and C are - 102°C, - 43.4°C respectively. The hydrocarbon
95. The number of ele (a) 18	(<i>b</i>) 19	atoms in its r	maximum number of carbon molecule is
(c) 20	(d) 21	(a) A	(b) B
If its empirical fo molecular formula (a) C ₂ H ₄ O ₂ (c) C ₆ H ₁₂ O ₆	(<i>b</i>) C ₃ H ₆ O ₃ (<i>d</i>) C ₁₂ H ₂₄ O ₁₂ obtained by heating 200 kg	1 atm pressu	(d) none of these of a gas measured at 27°C and one is 10 litres. To reduce the litres at 1 atm pressure, the required is (b) 150 K (d) 300 K
(a) 98.4 kg (c) 112.8 kg	(<i>b</i>) 106.4 kg (<i>a</i>) 122.6 kg	* *	te bond is found in (b) H ₂ SO ₄
98. In a reaction A +	$B \leftarrow C + B$, if the and B is doubled, then	(<i>c</i>) O ₃ 107. Which of the f	(d) all the above following isomerism is exhibited C_3H_7 and $C_2H_5OC_2H_5$?
(D) Halveu		(D) OHAIII 130II	10.10(1)

(c) metamerism

(d) position isomerism

108.	Chlorine oxidises eth	ryl alcohol to	
	(a) CH ₃ CHO	(b) CCl ₃ CHO	
	(c) HCHO	(a) CH ₃ COOH	
109.	Tyndall effect can be	observed in	
	(a) colloidal solution	(b) solvent	
	(c) solute	(d) precipitate	
110.	4HNO ₃ + P ₄ O ₁₀	• 4HPO ₃ + X	
	In the above reaction	n the product X is	
	(a) NO ₂	(b) N ₂ O ₃	
	(c) N ₂ O ₄	(a) N_2O_5	
111. Mg does not decompose			
	(a) cold water	(b) hot water	
	(c) steam	(a) boiled water	
112. CaC ₂ reacts with H ₂ O to produce			
	(a) CH ₄	(b) C ₂ H ₆	
	(c) C ₂ H ₂	(a) C ₂ H ₄	
113.	Which indicator is a solution with HCl?	used to titrate Na ₂ CO ₃	
	(a) methyl orange	(b) phenolphthalein	
	(c) dil. H ₂ SO ₄	(a) none of the above	
114.	14. The amount of dibasic acid present in 100 ml of the aq. solution to give strength is [mol. wt. = 200, normality = 0.1]		
	(a) 0.5 gm	(b) 1 gm	
	(c) 1.5 gm	(a) 2 gm	
1 15.	Calcium formate on	dry heating produce	
	(a) HCHO	(b) CH ₃ CHO	
	(c) CH ₃ COCH ₃	(d) CH ₃ COOH	
116.	.Chromyl chloride benzaldehyde this re	oxidises toluene to eaction is known as	
	(a) Rosennmund rea	ction	
	(b) Wurtz reaction		
	(c) Etard reaction		
	(d) Fitting reaction		
117.	.Which of the following	g have least pK _a value?	
	(a) CCl ₃ COOH		
	(b) CCI ₂ CICOOH		
	(c) CF ₃ COOH		
	(a) CH ₃ COOH		

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118. The shape of CO, molecule is
     (a) linear
                            (b) tetrahedral
     (c) planar
                            (a) pyramidal
119. The gas evolved by heating potassium
     ferrocyanide crystals with conc. H2SO4 is
     (a) CO
                            (b) CO2
     (c) SO<sub>2</sub>
                            (a) SO<sub>3</sub>
120. For an ideal gas Joule Thomson coefficient
     (a) zero
     (b) negative
     (c) positive
     (d) depend on molecular weight
121. By which reaction a ketone can be converted
     into a hydrocarbon?
     (a) Aldol condensation
     (b) Reimer-Tiemann reaction
     (c) Cannizzaro reaction
     (a) Wolf-Kishner reaction
122. The photo-chemical laws are applicable to
     (a) primary reaction (b) secondary reaction
     (c) both of these
                            (a) none of these
123. A compound having molecular mass = 78
     contains C = 92.31\% and H = 7.69\%. Its
     molecular formula is
     (a) C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>12</sub>
     (b) C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>18</sub>
     (c) C_4 H_3 O
     (a) C_6 H_6
124. Half life of radium is 1580 years. Its average
     life will be
     (a) 1.832 \times 10^3 yrs.
     (b) 2.5 \times 10^3 yrs.
     (c) 2.275 \times 10^3 yrs.
     (c) 8.825 \times 10^2 yrs.
125. In lake test of Al3+ ion, there is formation of
     coloured floating lake. It is due to
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(a) adsorption of litmus by H₂O
 (b) adsorption of litmus by Al(OH)₃
 (c) adsorption of litmus by Al(OH)₄

(a) none of these

INTELLIGENCE, LOGIC & REASONING

Directions (Q.126 - 128): Answer the following questions:

- 126. A is the sister of B. B is the brother of C. C. is the son of D. How is D related to B?
 - (a) mother
- (b) uncle
- (c) daughter
- (d) son
- 127. B is C's husband. A is the sister of B. D is the sister of C. How is D related to B?
 - (a) son
- (b) sister-in-law
- (c) uncle
- (a) brother
- 128. Sumitra, Jyoti and Kavita are the sisters. Anand is the son of Sumitra, Divya and Archana are the daughters of Jyoti and Kavita. Mona is the daughter of Anand. What is the relation between Mona and Kavita?
 - (a) sister
- (b) mother
- (c) daughter
- (a) grand-mother

Directions (Q.129 - 130): Select the pair of words, which are related in the same way as the capitalised words are related to each other

- 129. ARGUMENT: DISAGREEMENT::?
 - (a) ignore: judgment (b) mitigate: repent
 - (c) punish: criminal (d) thought: thinking

- 130. KICK: FOOTBALL: :?
 - (a) smoke : cigar
- (b) boat : fisherman
- (c) wine : bottle
- (a) table : chair

Directions (Q. 131 - 133): Solve the following problems

- 131. If $1 + x + x^2 + x^3 = 40$, then value of x is
 - (a) 1
- (b) 2
- (c)3
- (a) 4
- **132.** The value of $7 \times 0.8 \div 4 + 3 \times 8 2$ is
 - (a) 24.6
- (b) 13.4
- (c) 23.4
- (d)28.4
- 0.0028×1.5 133, Simplify: 0.0056
 - (a) 0.75
- (b) 1.25
- (c) 1.75
- (d) 2.25

Directions (Q. 134 - 135): Complete the series

- **134.** 1, 2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13, 17,
 - (a) 19 .
- (b) 23
- (c)29
- (a) 33
- **135.** 7, **11**, 17, 19, 23
- - (a) 15
- (b) 19
- (c) 13
- (d)4

ENGLISH LANGUAGE & COMPREHENSION

Directions (Q. 136 - 140): Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below the passage. Certain words/phrases in the passage are given in bold to focate them while answering some of the questions.

A man may usually be known by the books he reads as well as by the company he keeps; for there is a companionship of books as well as of men and one should always live in the best company, whether it be of books or of men. A good book may be among the best of friends. It is the same today that it always was and it will never change. It is the most patient and cheerful of companions. It does not turn its back upon us in times of adversity or distress. It always receives us with the same kindness; amusing and interesting us in youth, comforting and consoling us in age.

- 136. "A man may usually be known by the books he reads" because
 - (a) books provide him a lot of knowledge
 - (b) the books he reads affect his thinking and character
 - (c) his selection of books generally reveals his temperament and character
 - (d) his reading habit shows that he is a scholar
- 137. Which one of the following would be the most suitable title for the passage?
 - (a) books are useful for our youth
 - (b) books as man's abiding friends
 - (c) books show the reader's character
 - (d) the importance of books in old age

- 138. Which of the following statement is not true?
 - (a) good books as well as good men always provide the finest company.
 - (b) we have sometimes to be patient with a book as it may bore us
 - (c) a good book serves as a permanent friend
 - (d) a good book never betrays us
- 139. Which of the following is opposite in meaning to the word "adversity" occurring in the passage?
 - (a) progress
- (b) happiness
- (c) prosperity
- (d) misfortune
- 140. The statement "A good book may be among the best friend" in the middle of the passage, means that,
 - (a) a good book can be included among the best friends of mankind
 - (b) our best friends read the same good books
 - (c) there can not be a better friend than a good book
 - (d) books may be good friends, but not better than good man

Directions (Q. 141 – 143): In the following questions, the first and last parts of the sentence are numbered 1 and 6. The rest. part of the sentence is spilt into four parts and named P,Q, R and S. These four parts are not given in their proper order. Read the sentence and find out which of the four combination is correct.

141.1: There is

P: no such thing

Q: from one nation

R: as the gift

S: of independence

6: to another.

(a) QPRS

(b) RSPQ

(c) PRSQ

(d) SPQR

142.1 : It was all

P: that seemed

Q: and glamorus here

R: very wonderful

S: in the old places

6: so ordinary

(a) RQSP

(b) PRSQ

(c) QSPR

(a) SPRQ

143.1: The rain drops

P: and they fell to the ground

Q: in a shower of

R: to stay in the cloud

S: were to large and heavy

6: large rain drops

(a) SQRP

(b) PRSQ

(c) SRPQ

(d) RPSQ

Directions (Q. 144 – 146): Choose the correct form of verb from the given choice:

144. Each of the sister clever.

(a) were

(b) has

(c) are

(d) is

145. The Governor with his aide-de-camp, arrived.

(a) has

(b) have

(c) are

(a) were

146. Hari and Ram here.

(a) was (c) is (b) are (d) were

Directions (Q. 147 – 148): In each of the following questions, choose the word with opposite meaning to the given word out of the given alternatives

147. Minor

(a) heighted

(b) big

(c) tall

(d) major

148. Former

(a) later

(b) latter

(c) primer

(a) subsequent

Directions (Q. 149 - 150): Choose the correct word to complete the sentences from the given choice

149. Neither of the boys could expressideas.

(a) these

(b) there

(c) his

(*a*) him

150..... goes there?

(a) how

(b) what

(c) whom

(a) who