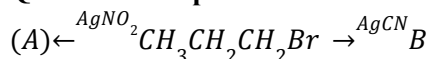


JEE-Main-28-01-2025 (Memory Based)
[MORNING SHIFT]
Chemistry

Question: The product A and B in the following reactions, respectively



Options:

- (a) $CH_3 - CH_2 - CH_2 - ONO$, $CH_3 - CH_2 - CH_2 - CN$
- (b) $CH_3 - CH_2 - CH_2 - NO_2$, $CH_3 - CH_2 - CH_2 - NC$
- (c) $CH_3 - CH_2 \rightarrow + CH_2 - NO_2$, $CH_3 - CH_2 - CH_2CN$
- (d) $CH_3 - CH_2 - CH_2 - ONO$, $CH_3 - CH_2 - CH_2 - NC$

Answer: (b)

Question: The molecules having square pyramidal geometry are

Options:

- (a) SbF_3 & PCl_5
- (b) BrF_5 & $XeOF_4$
- (c) BrF_5 & PCl_5
- (d) SbF_5 & XeF_4

Answer: (b)

Question: The incorrect decreasing order of atomic radii is,

Options:

- (a) $Si > P > Cl > F$
- (b) $Mg > Al > C > O$
- (c) $Al > B > N > F$
- (d) $Be > Mg > Al > Si$

Answer: (d)

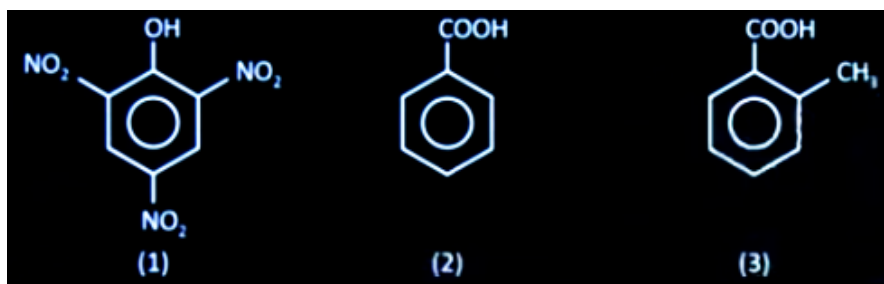
Question: Consider the following element in In Tl, Al, and Pb. The most stable oxidation states of elements with highest and lowest first ionisation enthalpies, respectively are

Options:

- (a) +4 and +1
- (b) +2 and +3
- (c) +4 and +3
- (d) +1 and +4

Answer: (d)

Question: What is the rate of reaction $CO_2(g)$ with aq. $NaHCO_3$ among the following?

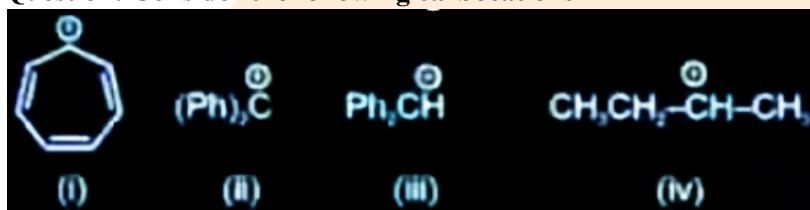


Options:

- (a) (1) > (2) > (3)
- (b) (3) > (2) > (1)
- (c) (1) > (3) > (2)
- (d) (2) > (3) > (1)

Answer: (c)

Question: Consider the following carbocations



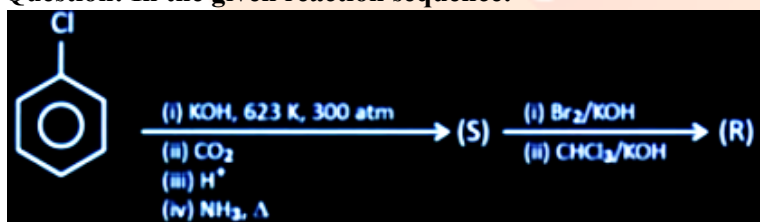
The correct increasing order of stability of these carbocations is:

Options:

- (a) i < ii < iii < iv
- (b) iv < iii < ii < i
- (c) ii < iii < iv < i
- (d) iv < iii < i < ii

Answer: (b)

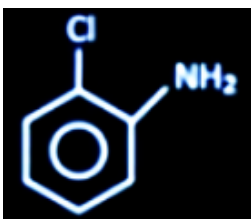
Question: In the given reaction sequence:



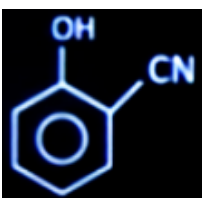
What is (R)

Options:

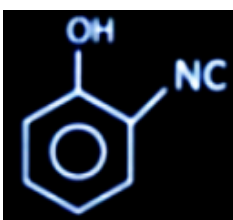




(b)



(c)



(d)

Answer: (d)**Question: Which of the following set of quantum numbers have same energy?**(a) $n = 2, l = 2, m = +1$ (b) $n = 2, l = 1, m = -1$ (c) $n = 3, l = 2, m = 0$ (d) $n = 3, l = 2, m = 1$ **Options:**

(a) a, b

(b) b, c

(c) c, d

(d) a, c

Answer: (c)**Question: Which has the same no. of unpaired e^- as no of lone pairs in ClF_3 ?****Options:**(a) V^{2+}, Ni^{2+} (b) V^{3+}, Cu^{2+} (c) Cu^{2+}, Ni^{2+} (d) Ni^{2+}, V^{3+} **Answer: (d)****Question: Which will give a positive test in both acetone and acetaldehyde?****Options:**

(a) 2, 4 DNP

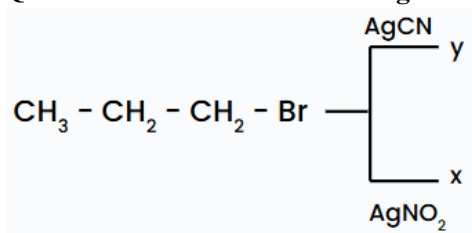
(b) Tollen's Reagent

(c) Fehling's solution

(d) Schiff's base test

Answer: (a)

Question: Consider the following reaction



The major product x and y respectively are

Options:

- (a) $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{ONO}$ & $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CN}$
- (b) $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{NO}_2$ & $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CN}$
- (c) $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{NO}_2$ & $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{NC}$
- (d) $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{ONO}$ & $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CN}$

Answer: (c)

Question: Match the following column and choose the correct option.

	Column-I		Column-II
A	$\text{H}_2\text{O}_2 \rightarrow \text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{O}_2$	P	Combustion reaction
B	$\text{NaH} + \text{Na} + \text{H}_2$	Q	Disproportionation
C	$\text{CH}_4 + \text{O}_2 \rightarrow \text{CO}_2 + \text{H}_2\text{O}_2$	R	Decomposition reaction
D	$\text{Fe} + \text{CuSO}_4 \rightarrow \text{FeSO}_4 + \text{Cu}$	S	Displacement reaction

Options:

- (a) A-Q, B-P, C-R, D-S
- (b) A-R, B-Q, C-S, D-P
- (c) A-Q, B-R, C-P, D-S
- (d) A-R, B-Q, C-P, D-S

Answer: (c)

Question: Mass % of C, H, Cl in an organic compound is given below. Find its empirical mass

Cl = 65 %

H = 1.8 %

C = 32.8%

Options:

- (a) $\text{C}_3\text{H}_2\text{Cl}_2$
- (b) $\text{C}_3\text{H}_2\text{Cl}$
- (c) C_3HCl_2
- (d) CH_2Cl_2

Answer: (a)

Question: A weak acid HA has degree of dissociation x . Which options gives the correct expression of $(\text{pH} - \text{pK}_a)$

Options:

- (a) 0
- (b) $(\log(1 + 2x))$
- (c) $\log\left(\frac{x}{1-x}\right)$
- (d) $\log\left(\frac{1-x}{x}\right)$

Answer: (c)

Question: Both acetaldehyde and acetone (individually) undergo which of the following reactions,

- (A) iodoform Reaction
- (B) Cannizzaro Reaction
- (C) Aldol condensation.
- (D) Tollen's test
- (E) Clemmensen Reduction

Options:

- (a) A, C & E only
- (b) A, D & E only
- (c) A, B, C, D & E
- (d) A & C only

Answer: (a)

Question: What is the freezing point of depression constant of a solvent 50g of which contain 1g of non-volatile solute (M.W: 256g/mol) and depression in freezing point is 0.4K

Options:

- (a) $0.372\text{K Kg mol}^{-1}$
- (b) $4.213\text{ K kg mol}^{-1}$
- (c) 1.86K Kg mol^{-1}
- (d) 5.12K Kg mol^{-1}

Answer: (d)

Question: Ice and water are placed in a closed container at a pressure at 1 atm and temperature 273.15K.

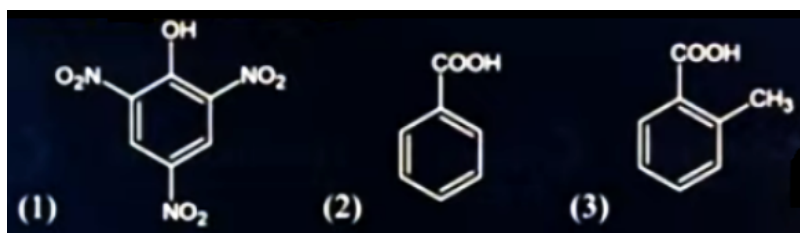
If the pressure of the container increases 2 times and the temperature is kept constant, than identify the correct observation from the following

Options:

- (a) The amount of ice decreases
- (b) Volume of system increases
- (c) Liquid phase disappear completely
- (d) Solid phase (ice) disappear completely

Answer: (d)

Question: What is the rate of reaction for releasing $\text{CO}_2(\text{g})$ with sq. NaHCO_3 among following?



Options:

- (a) (1) > (2) > (3)
- (b) (3) > (2) > (1)
- (c) (1) > (3) > (2)
- (d) (2) > (3) > (1)

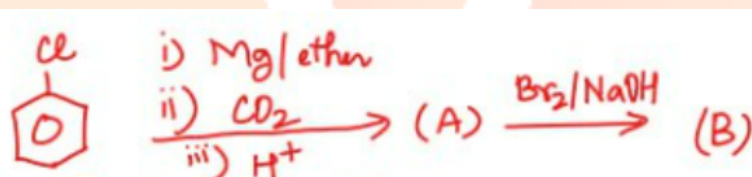
Answer: (c)

Question: 70% by mass solution of HNO_3 is taken having density 1.41 gm/ml. Calculate molarity (Rounded of to nearest integer)

Answer: (16)

Question: $\Delta_f H$ of $\text{H}(\text{g})$ is 218 kJ/mol, $\Delta_f H$ of $\text{O}(\text{g})$ is 249.2kJ/mol, $\Delta_f H$ of H_2O is -241.8 kJ/mol. What is the value of Bond Energy of O - H bond in H_2O in kJ/mol?

Answer: (463.5)

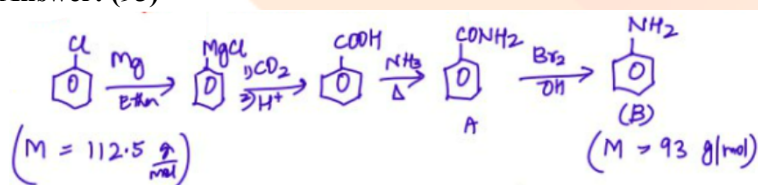


Question:

11.25 mg iv) NH_3/Δ

The mass of B is $x \times 10^{-1}$ mg. Find x.

Answer: (93)



112.5g chlorobenzene \rightarrow 93 g aniline

$$11.25 \text{ mg chlorobenzene} \rightarrow \frac{93 \text{ g}}{10^{11.25} \text{ g}} \times 11.25$$

$$= 9.3 \text{ mg} = 93 \times 10^{-1} \text{ mg}$$