

**CPET, 2021 (SET-I)**

**SUB: EDUCATION**

1. Which western school of philosophy gives emphasis on sensory training?  
(A) Idealism  
(B) Naturalism  
(C) Pragmatism  
(D) Existentialism
  
2. Which school of philosophy believes “Universe has been created by Men” ?  
(A) Idealism  
(B) Naturalism  
(C) Pragmatism  
(D) Existentialism
  
3. Who is the founder of Sankhy philosophy?  
(A) Kanada  
(B) Kapil  
(C) Patanjali  
(D) Goutam Buddha
  
4. Which was not a feature of Basic Education as of Gandhi?  
(A) Teaching through mother tongue  
(B) Emphasis on Science and technology for progress of country.  
(C) Community living and teacher as role model  
(D) Rising up non-violent men and non-violent society.
  
5. Which branches of philosophy deals with value system?  
(A) Metaphysics  
(B) Epistemology  
(C) Axiology  
(D) Ethics
  
6. Individual difference among child is primarily caused by  
(A) Heredity  
(B) Socio-economic status  
(C) Intelligence  
(D) Heredity and environment
  
7. Who has described intellectual development as age related development?  
(A) Gardner  
(B) Jean Piaget  
(C) David Asubel  
(D) Thorndike
  
8. As per hierarchical learning theory, which type of learning comes before rule learning?  
(A) Signal learning  
(B) Multiple discrimination  
(C) Concept learning  
(D) Problem solving

9. Who is the father of Experimental psychology?
- (A) Terman
  - (B) Binnet
  - (C) Hull
  - (D) Wundt
10. What is *object permanency*, as per Piaget's theory of cognitive development?
- (A) The ability to reach out and grab an object
  - (B) The ability to name an object
  - (C) The ability to know that not seeing an object does not mean it does not exist
  - (D) The ability to know that the object has a specific function in the environment
11. The developmental principle "Physical growth proceeds from head towards foot" is called
- (A) Concentration
  - (B) Cephalocaudal
  - (C) Proximodistal
  - (D) Continuity
12. Programmed instruction is based upon which theories of learning?
- (A) Classical conditioning
  - (B) Operant conditioning
  - (C) Insightful learning
  - (D) Social learning
13. Which is the proper sequence of creative thinking?
- (A) preparation-incubation-illumination-verification
  - (B) Preparation--illumination-incubation-verification
  - (C) Incubation-verification-preparation-illumination
  - (D) Illumination-preparation-incubation-verification
14. Ravens Progressive metrics is which type of intelligence test?
- (A) Individual verbal
  - (B) Group verbal
  - (C) Individual nonverbal
  - (D) Group non verbal
15. Which type of conditioning is effective?
- (A) Forward
  - (B) Backward
  - (C) Delayed
  - (C) Trace
16. When a stimulus no longer evokes conditioned response is known as
- (A) Generalisation
  - (B) Discrimination
  - (C) Extinction
  - (D) Chaining

17. "My brother is an IAS officer" is example of which type of defence mechanism

- (A) Sublimation
- (B) Projection
- (C) Rationalisation
- (D) Identification

18. Who is the father of Educational sociology?

- (A) August Comte
- (B) George Pyne
- (C) Talcott parson
- (D) Durkheim

19. Which is not a characteristic of Modernisation?

- (A) Mobility
- (B) Religious belief
- (C) Scientific temperament
- (D) Participation

20. Caste system can create a

- (A) Closed society
- (B) Changing society
- (C) Dead society
- (D) Open society

21. Which is an example of 'supply type' test?

- (A) Multiple choices
- (B) Matching
- (C) Classification
- (D) Completion

22. What type of validity is least precisely quantifiable?

- (A) Content validity
- (B) Concurrent validity
- (C) Construct validity
- (D) Predictive validity

23. Comparing a known unit with unknown unit is called

- (A) Test
- (B) Measurement
- (C) Evaluation
- (D) Discrimination

24. If a test measures mastery level achievement in a subject, it is known as

- (A) Criterion-referenced test
- (B) Diagnostic test
- (C) Norm-referenced test
- (D) Placement test

25. Likert's method is used to prepare
- (A) Achievement test
  - (B) Ability test
  - (C) Attitude test
  - (D) Aptitude test
26. "Differentiate growth from development". This question measures which cognitive objectives?
- (A) Knowledge
  - (B) Understanding/Comprehension
  - (C) Application
  - (D) Analysis
27. Which is not a form of reliability?
- (A) Stability
  - (B) Equivalence
  - (C) Diffusiveness
  - (D) Consistency
28. Which is true about relation between reliability and validity?
- (A) A valid test will be always reliable.
  - (B) A reliable test will be always valid.
  - (C) Reliability and validity are not related
  - (D) Both A and B
29. If 5 is added to every scores in a given distribution whose standard deviation is 3, than the new standard deviation will be
- (A) 5
  - (B) 8
  - (C) 3
  - (D) 2
30. The range of coefficient of correlation between two variables is
- (A) 0 to +1
  - (B) +1 to -1
  - (C) 0 to -1
  - (D) None of the above
31. Which is the appropriate measure of central tendency, when the scores are given in nominal scale?
- (A) Mean
  - (B) Median
  - (C) Mode
  - (D) Harmonic Mean

32. If maximum students get 80% or above marks, then the shape of the distribution will be

- (A) Positively skewed
- (B) Negatively skewed
- (C) Plykurtic
- (D) Normal

33. The most stable measure of variability is

- (A) Range
- (B) Mean Deviation
- (C) Standard Deviation
- (D) Quartile Deviation

34. Median is also known as

- a. 5% point b. 50th percentile c. 2nd quartile d. 5th decile
- (A) acb
- (B) bca
- (C) bcd
- (D) cda

35. Which of the following is a positional average?

- (A) Mean
- (B) Median
- (C) Mode
- (D) None of the above

36. Which of the following is true for the normal curve?

- (A) Symmetrical
- (B) Unimodal
- (C) Bell-shaped
- (D) All of the above

37. Which of the following types of tools is most appropriate to assess one's interest in a particular phenomenon?

- (A) Questionnaire
- (B) Scale
- (C) Test
- (D) Inventory

38. If a teacher do a research to solve indiscipline problem in his/her class room, it is which type of research?

- (A ) Fundamental
- (B) Applied
- (C) Action
- (D) Basic

39. "The intelligence of boys will be same as girls" is an example of which type of hypothesis?

- (A) Research hypothesis
- (B) Directional
- (C) Non directional
- (D) Null

40. Which is not a probability sampling technique?

- (A) Cluster sampling
- (B) Quota
- (C) Systematic
- (D) Simple random

41. If you want to do a research on "contribution of Gopandhu Das to the field of Education" the appropriate research method is

- (A) Survey
- (B) Experimental
- (C) Historical
- (D) Case study

42. Which is the right sequence of doing research?

- (A) Identifying problem, review of literature, conclusion, data collection, analyse data
- (B) Identifying problem, review of literature, data collection, analyse data, conclusion
- (C) Data collection, analyse data, Identifying problem, review of literature, conclusion
- (D) Data collection, review of literature, analyse data, Identifying problem, conclusion

43. "Destiny of India is being shaped in her classroom." This is stated in

- (A) National Education Commission (1964- 1966)
- (B) National Policy on Education (1986)
- (C) National Knowledge Commission (2005)
- (D) University Education Commission (1948-49)

44. Pabajja is related with which period of education

- (A) Vedic
- (B) Buddhist
- (C) Muslim
- (D) Post Vedic

45. Calcutta, Madras and Bombay Universities were established in India by the recommendation of which commission/Act

- (A) Calcutta University Commission
- (B) Indian Education Commission
- (C) Wood's Despatch
- (D) Charter's Act

46. Establishment of Navodaya schools was the recommendation of  
(A) Secondary Education Commission  
(B) University Education Commission  
(C) Kothari Commission  
(D) National Policy on Education, 1986
47. In which type of curriculum, every students gain similar curricular experience.  
(A) Subject centred curriculum  
(B) Learner centred curriculum  
(C) Experience cantered curriculum  
(D) Core Curriculum
48. Which is not a principle of curriculum construction?  
(A) Flexibility  
(B) Rigidity  
(C) Integration  
(D) Totality
49. Which is not related with Taba Model of curriculum development?  
(A) Board of Secondary Education will construct curriculum  
(B) Classroom teachers will participate in curriculum  
(C) Known as grass root level curriculum  
(D) Follow inductive approach
50. Which is not a component of curricular design?  
(A) Learning objectives  
(B) Text Book  
(C) Content  
(D) Evaluation
51. The children with disabilities studying along with normal children in a least restrictive environment programme assisted by a resource teacher is known as  
(A) Special School Programme  
(B) Integrated Education Programme  
(C) Inclusive Education Programme  
(D) None of the above
52. E.G. Williamson was the chief proponent of  
(A) Directive Counselling  
(B) Non- directive Counselling  
(C) Eclectic Counselling  
(D) Directive and Non-directive Counselling

53. In List – I the name of the National and International Acts, declarations are given and in List – II year regarding the Declarations and Acts are given. Match the List – I with List – II in correct order :

List – I	List – II
a. International Year of the Disabled People (IYDP)	i. 1990
b. World Conference on Education for All (EFA )	ii. 1992
c. Pupil with Disabilities Act (PWD)	iii. 1995
d. Rehabilitation Council of India Act (RCI)	iv. 1981
	v. 1986

Codes :

a b c d

- (A) ii i iii v
- (B) iii ii iv i
- (C) iv i iii ii
- (D) i iii iv ii

54. 'Accreditation' of Teacher Education Institution is done by

- (A) NCERT
- (B) NCTE
- (C) NAAC
- (D) NUEPA

55. What is the proper order of 5-E model of instruction?

- (A) Engage, Explore, Explain, Evaluate, Elaborate
- (B) ) Engage, Explore, Explain, Elaborate, Evaluate
- (C) Engage, Explain, Elaborate, Explore, Evaluate
- (D) Explain, Elaborate, Engage, Explore, Evaluate

56. Which is not step in ICON model of lesson planning?

- (A) Observation
- (B) Contextualisation
- (C) Multiple Interpretations
- (D) Evaluation

57. NCF, 2005 was framed by

- (A) NCTE
- (B) NCERT
- (C) UGC
- (D) NAAC

58. Article 45 Constitution of Indian concerned with

- (A) Free and compulsory education up to class 8<sup>th</sup>
- (B) Provision for early childhood care and education to children below the age of six years
- (C) Equal opportunities for scheduled caste and tribes in Education
- (D) Education for All



59. Rastriya Madhymik Sikhya Abhiyan was launched on  
(A) March 2009  
(B) March 2010  
(C) March 2011  
(D) March 2012
60. Operation Black-Board Programme was introduced to improve  
(A) Teacher Education  
(B) Primary Education  
(C) Secondary Education  
(D) Higher Education
61. DIET stands for  
(A) District Institute of Educational Technology  
(B) District Institute of Education and Training  
(C) District Institute of Elementary Training  
(D) District Institute of Elementary Teachers
62. Which is not a type of leadership as per Reddin's 3D model of leadership?  
(A) Related  
(B) Integrated  
(C) Dedicated  
(D) Democratic
63. MOOC stands for  
(A) Median Online Open Course  
(B) Massive open online course  
(C) Massachusetts Open Online course  
(D) Myrind Open Online course
64. Why BCC is used in the email  
(A) Allows the recipients to identify other recipients in the group mail address  
(B) Allows the sender to conceal the recipients entered in the BCC to identify each other  
(C) Allows the sender to get an immediate feedback of the mail.  
(D) Allows the recipients to visible each other.
65. Which is correct about guidance?  
(A) Provided to the problematic students only.  
(B) Only experienced and trained teachers in the guidance process can provide.  
(C) Help the students to solve their own problem by themselves  
(D) Guidance is a part of Counselling process.
66. What is follow up service in Guidance?  
A. Providing attention during guidance process  
B. Before facing problem, find out the cause of problem  
C. After guidance, contact with students to know how much their successful.  
D. Collecting information from other sources about the student.

67. The idea about “Pedagogy of Oppressed” was given by

- A. John Dewey
- B. Montessori
- C. Paul Freire
- D. Ivan Illich

68. Writing difficulties in learning is called

- A. Dyslexia
- B. Dyscalculia
- C. Dysgraphia
- D. Dyspraxia

69. Which is the first open and distance University in India?

- A. IGNOU
- B. DR. B.R. Ambedkar University
- C. Nalanda Open University
- D. Odisha State Open University

70. Which is same as research proposal?

- A. Synopsis
- B. Thesis
- C. Research Report
- D. Dissertation

