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झारखण्ड अधिविद्य परिषद्
ANNUAL INTERMEDIATE EXAMINATION – 2023
ENGLISH-A (CORE)
(Compulsory)

Total Time : 3 Hours 20 minute

Full Marks : 80

कुल समय : 3 घंटे 20 मिनट

पूर्णांक : 80

General Instructions / सामान्य निर्देश :

This Question booklet has two Parts – **Part-A** and **Part-B**.

Part-A is of MCQ Type having 40 marks which are to be answered on the **OMR** Answer sheet which will be provided separately. **Part-A** has to answered first from 2.00 pm. to 3.35 pm and the **OMR** Answer Sheet has to be handed over to the Invigilator by 3.35 p.m.

Part-B is of Subjective Type having 40 marks which are to be answered in the Answer book provided separately. **Part-B** has to be answered from 3.40 p.m. to 5.20 p.m.

Candidates can take away the Question Booklet after completion of the Examination.

इस प्रश्न पुस्तिका में दो भाग हैं — भाग-A तथा भाग-B.

भाग-A में 40 अंक के बहुविकल्पीय प्रश्न हैं जिनके उत्तर अलग से दिये गये OMR उत्तर पत्रक पर चिह्नित करें। भाग-A के उत्तर पहले 2.00 अपराह्न से 3.35 अपराह्न तक हल करेंगे एवं इसके उपरान्त OMR उत्तर पत्रक वीक्षक को 3.35 अपराह्न पर लौटा देंगे।

भाग-B में 40 अंक के विषयनिष्ठ प्रश्न हैं जिनके उत्तर अलग से दिये गये उत्तर पुस्तिका पर हल करें। भाग-B के उत्तर के लिए समय 3.40 अपराह्न से 5.20 अपराह्न तक निर्धारित है।

परीक्षार्थी परीक्षा के उपरान्त प्रश्न पुस्तिका को ले जा सकते हैं।

PART-A / भाग-A
(MCQ BASED QUESTIONS)
(बहुविकल्पीय आधारित प्रश्न)

Class-12 (वर्ग-12)	Sub.-English-A (CORE) विषय-अंग्रेजी-A (कोर)	F.M.-40 (पूर्णांक-40)	Time-1 Hour 30 Min. (समय-1 घंटा 30 मिनट)
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INSTRUCTIONS / निर्देश :

1. Carefully fill up the necessary particulars on the OMR Answer Sheet.
सावधानी पूर्वक सभी विवरण OMR उत्तर पत्रक पर भरें ।
2. Put your full signature on the OMR Answer Sheet in the space provided.
आप अपना पूरा हस्ताक्षर OMR उत्तर पत्रक में दी गई जगह पर करें ।
3. There are 40 Multiple Choice Questions in this **Part**.
इस भाग में कुल 40 बहु-विकल्पीय प्रश्न हैं ।
4. **All** questions are compulsory. Each question carries **1** mark.
सभी प्रश्नों का उत्तर देना अनिवार्य है। प्रत्येक प्रश्न की अधिमानता **1** अंक निर्धारित है।
5. There is no negative marking for any wrong answer.
गलत उत्तर के लिए कोई अंक नहीं काटा जायेगा।
6. Read all the instructions provided on page 2 of the OMR Answer Sheet carefully and do accordingly.
OMR उत्तर पत्रक के पृष्ठ 2 पर प्रदत्त सभी निर्देशों को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें तथा उसके अनुसार कार्य करें।
7. Four options are given for each question. **You have to darken duly the most suitable answer on your OMR Answer Sheet.** Use only Blue or Black Ball-Point Pen. The use of Pencil is not allowed.
प्रत्येक प्रश्न में चार विकल्प दिये गये हैं । इनमें से सबसे उपयुक्त उत्तर को आप अपने **OMR** उत्तर पत्रक पर ठीक-ठीक गहरा काला करें। केवल नीला या काला बॉल-प्वाइंट कलम का ही प्रयोग करें। पेंसिल का प्रयोग वर्जित है।
8. Adhere to the instructions provided in the OMR Answer Sheet very carefully otherwise your OMR Answer Sheet will be treated as invalid and it will not be evaluated.
OMR उत्तर पत्रक पर दिये गये निर्देशों का ध्यानपूर्वक पालन कीजिए अन्यथा आपका OMR उत्तर पत्रक अमान्य होगा और उसका मूल्यांकन नहीं किया जायेगा ।

1. Notices in schools and colleges contain certain announcement for
 - (1) Principal
 - (2) Headmaster
 - (3) Students
 - (4) Peon

2. Notice issued by government generally appears in
 - (1) Newspapers
 - (2) Books
 - (3) School notice boards
 - (4) Court notice boards

3. Letters to the Editor are written for
 - (1) Newspaper
 - (2) School
 - (3) College
 - (4) Club

4. A formal letter starts with
 - (1) Date
 - (2) Sender's address
 - (3) Receiver's address
 - (4) Subject

5. We should not include in report writing.
 - (1) Personal comments
 - (2) Data collected
 - (3) Information by witness
 - (4) None of these

6. Which one is a component of article writing ?

- (1) Greeting the audience (2) Salutation
(3) Heading/title (4) Thanking the audience

(Q. Nos. 7 to 9) Read the given extract and answer the questions :

Fishermen in the cold sea

would not harm whales

and the man gathering salt

would look at his hurt hands.

7. Who is the poet of the given extract (poem) ?

- (1) Pablo Neruda (2) Stephen Spender
(3) Kamala Das (4) Robert Frost

8. What does the poet expect the fishermen to do ?

- (1) Not to harm the whales (2) Not to go in the sea
(3) To be still (4) To catch small fishes

9. The man gathering salt would look at his

- | | |
|---------------------|-------------------|
| (1) Hurt legs | (2) Hurt hands |
| (3) Beautiful hands | (4) None of these |

10. The person in the car, beside the poetess, was

- | | |
|---------------|----------------|
| (1) her aunt | (2) her niece |
| (3) her uncle | (4) her mother |

11. What kind of look do the faces and hair of the children give ?

- (1) Rich and beautiful faces
- (2) Bright, neat faces
- (3) Healthy appearances
- (4) Pale faces, scattered and undone hair

12. What makes for itself a cooling covert against the hot season ?

- | | |
|--------------------|---------------------|
| (1) The sheep | (2) The daffodils |
| (3) The musk roses | (4) The clear rills |

13. Why was roadside stand built ?
- (1) So that people can wait there
 - (2) To make it a bus stop
 - (3) To earn money
 - (4) To help the travellers
14. What is Aunt Jennifer doing with the wool ?
- (1) She is embroidering a wall panel
 - (2) She is knitting a scarf
 - (3) She is making a ball of wool
 - (4) She is knitting a sweater
15. For how many years did M. Hamel serve the school ?
- | | |
|--------------|--------------|
| (1) 20 years | (2) 35 years |
| (3) 30 years | (4) 40 years |
16. What did Hamel say about French language in 'The Last Lesson' ?
- | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------|
| (1) Most beautiful language | (2) Clearest language |
| (3) Logical language | (4) All of these |

17. Where has Saheb and his family come from ?
- (1) Dhaka (2) Delhi
(3) Lahore (4) Nepal
18. Which city is famous for glass bangles ?
- (1) Patna (2) Jaipur
(3) Firozabad (4) Ranchi
19. What does Mukesh want to become ?
- (1) Doctor (2) Actor
(3) Teacher (4) Motor mechanic
20. According to the author what was garbage for the children ?
- (1) Means of entertainment (2) Means of timepass
(3) Means of playing (4) A wonder
21. For how many years had the author taught in high school in Yakima ?
- (1) 2 years (2) 4 years
(3) 3 years (4) 5 years

22. In the peddler's view, what does the world look like ?
- (1) A Rat (2) A Jungle
(3) A Jigsaw (4) A Rattrap
23. How many delegates participated in the December 1916 Annual Convention of the Indian National Congress held at Lucknow ?
- (1) 2,101 delegates (2) 2,301 delegates
(3) 2,401 delegates (4) 2,501 delegates
24. Which game did the peddler and the old man play ?
- (1) Chess (2) Mjolis
(3) Ludo (4) Carom
25. Pancake was the brand name of the
- (1) Cake (2) Make-up material
(3) Crockery (4) Baking powder
26. Who has written the novel, The Name of The Rose ?
- (1) Christopher (2) Mukund
(3) Umberto Eco (4) Lewis Carroll

27. Which game are Sophie and her family fans of ?

- (1) Cricket (2) Badminton
(3) Volleyball (4) Football

28. Which country did Danny play for ?

- (1) Netherland
(2) New Zealand
(3) Switzerland
(4) Ireland

29. Who is the Tiger King ?

- (1) The Maharaja of Pratibandapuram
(2) The Maharaja of Shantipuram
(3) The Maharaja of Shaktipuram
(4) None of these

30. In which hour was the prince of 'The Tiger King' born ?
- (1) In the hour of the Bull (2) In the hour of the Tiger
(3) In the hour of the Lion (4) In the hour of the Horse
31. Who had sent the 'First Day Cover' ?
- (1) Charley's father (2) Charley's uncle
(3) Sam's father (4) Sam
32. Who was Sam in the Third Level ?
- (1) A Doctor
(2) A Psychiatrist and a friend of Charley
(3) A Teacher
(4) None of these
33. How many time zones did Tishani Doshi cross ?
- (1) Two (2) Four
(3) Eight (4) Nine

34. Which programme was headed by Canadian Geoff Green ?

- | | |
|------------------------|------------------------|
| (1) Students on ice | (2) Students on sea |
| (3) Celebrities on ice | (4) Celebrities on sea |

35. Who was Dr. Sadao ?

- | | |
|-----------------------|------------------------|
| (1) A Japanese doctor | (2) An American doctor |
| (3) A German doctor | (4) An Indian doctor |

36. To whom did Roger Skunk go with his problem ?

- | | |
|--------------------|--------------------|
| (1) Wise old owl | (2) Wizard |
| (3) Roger Squirrel | (4) Roger Chipmunk |

37. Where did Roger Skunk find the rest 3 pennies ?

- (1) From a magic pond
- (2) From a magic river
- (3) From a magic tree
- (4) From a magic well

38. How old is Derry ?

(1) 11 years

(2) 12 years

(3) 13 years

(4) 14 years

39. What did Mr. Lamb make of apples ?

(1) Pickles

(2) Jam

(3) Jelly

(4) Roasted apples

40. Who was Annan ?

(1) Bama's friend

(2) Bama's father

(3) Bama's uncle

(4) Bama's elder brother

PART-B / भाग-B**(SUBJECTIVE BASED QUESTIONS)****(विषयनिष्ठ आधारित प्रश्न)**

Class-12 (वर्ग-12)	Sub.-English-A (CORE) विषय-अंग्रेजी-A (कोर)	F.M.-40 (पूर्णांक-40)	Time-1 Hour 30 Min. (समय-1 घंटा 30 मिनट)
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INSTRUCTIONS / निर्देश :

1. Examinees are required to answer in their own words as far as practicable.

परीक्षार्थी यथासंभव अपने शब्दों में ही उत्तर दें।

2. Total number of questions is 18.

कुल प्रश्नों की संख्या 18 है।

3. **Section-A** consists of 7 questions (Q. Nos. 1-7). Q. Nos. 1-7 are based on a passage. Answer any 5 of these questions in maximum 30 words each. Each question carries 2 marks. Question Numbers 8 & 9 are long answer type. Q. No. 8 carries 5 marks, answer this question in maximum 100 words. Q. No. 9 carries 3 marks, answer this question in maximum 50 words.

खण्ड -A में 7 प्रश्न (प्रश्न संख्या 1 - 7) हैं । प्रश्न संख्या 1 - 7 अनुच्छेद पर आधारित हैं । इनमें से किन्हीं 5 प्रश्नों के उत्तर दें । प्रत्येक प्रश्न का उत्तर अधिकतम 30 शब्दों में दें । प्रत्येक प्रश्न की अधिमानता 2 अंक निर्धारित है । प्रश्न संख्या 8 तथा 9 दीर्घ उत्तरीय हैं । प्रश्न संख्या 8 की अधिमानता 5 अंक निर्धारित है । इसका उत्तर अधिकतम 100 शब्दों में दें । प्रश्न संख्या 9 की अधिमानता 3 अंक निर्धारित है । इसका उत्तर अधिकतम 50 शब्दों में दें ।

4. **Section-B** has 4 questions (Q. Nos. 10-13). Q. No. 10 carries 3 marks. Answer this question in maximum 50 words. Q. Nos. 11-13 carries 5 marks each, out of which any 2 questions are to be answered within 100 words each.

खण्ड -B में 4 प्रश्न (प्रश्न संख्या 10 - 13) हैं । प्रश्न संख्या 10 की अधिमानता 3 अंक निर्धारित है । उक्त प्रश्न का उत्तर अधिकतम 50 शब्दों में दीजिए । प्रश्न संख्या 11 - 13 के प्रत्येक प्रश्न की अधिमानता 5 अंक निर्धारित है जिनमें से किन्हीं 2 प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए । प्रत्येक प्रश्न का उत्तर अधिकतम 100 शब्दों में दें ।

5. **Section-C** has 5 questions (Q. Nos. 14-18). Each question carries 3 marks out of which any 3 questions are to be answered within 35 words each.

खण्ड -C में 5 प्रश्न (प्रश्न संख्या 14 - 18) हैं । प्रत्येक प्रश्न की अधिमानता 3 अंक निर्धारित है । किन्हीं 3 प्रश्नों के उत्तर अधिकतम 35 शब्दों में दें ।

Section - A

(Q. Nos. 1 to 7) Read the passage carefully and answer any five questions in not more than 30 words each : 2 × 5 = 10

Birds are warm-blooded creatures. Their bodies are covered with feathers that help to keep them warm and dry. Though all birds have wings, some, like the penguin and ostrich cannot fly. The body of the birds are designed to be as light as possible, like hollow bones and a streamlined body, which help them in flying. Birds have various kinds of beaks, feet and claws according to their diet and way of life. Birds have no teeth and their beaks are made of horn. (5)

The heron has a long slender beak for spearing fish, while a hawk has a sharp curved beak for tearing meat. A parrot has a very strong beak for cracking nuts. <https://www.jharkhandboard.com>

2) When a bird flaps its wings, its feathers push the air back and downwards, so that the birds move forward and up. Together with the tail, the wings help the bird to steer, brake and land.

Birds differ enormously in colour, size and shape. The largest bird, the ostrich, which can grow up to two and half metres tall, cannot fly but can run very fast. The smallest bird is the humming bird which hovers in midair and even flies backwards, beating its wings at great speed. Birds

eat different types of food. For example, quails eat grass and parrots eat fruits and nuts.

Because of only waterproof feathers, some birds can swim too. These birds eat food like fish, snails and water plants. Some birds like the heron cannot swim, but live on the edge of water. Some birds like the woodpeckers and bee-eaters eat insects. Some large birds like the eagle, kill the prey with their strong beak and claws. Their eyesight is very good which enables them to see any small movement on the ground. Thus, they can identify their prey from a long distance.

1. What kind of feet and claws do the birds have ?
2. How does a bird move forward and upwards ?
3. What is said about the largest bird ?
4. What is rare about the way a humming bird flies ?
5. How is the body of a bird designed ?
6. How can the large birds like eagles identify their prey from a long distance ?
7. Find the word/phrase in the passage which means the same as 'made'.

Answer the following question nos. 8 and 9 :

Read the passage carefully and answer the questions that follow :

Anger is a normal and healthy emotion only if we know how to respond to it. Uncontrolled anger can often harm us directly or indirectly whether we realise or not. Before we learn to address the issue, let us revisit the concept of anger. Anger is nothing but absence of peace with oneself, people or situations around us. We express it either by being assertive or aggressive.

Let us all become the managers of our own anger. When angry take a few moments to calm down (take five deep breaths, count up to ten, drink water, change your place) before responding. More often than not we do not have control over the situations that distress us. Getting physically active reduces stress. Funny dances, clapping, thumping your feet, a walk, making funny faces at the mirror, etc., go a long way in helping us let go of the anger or the frustration inside us. Once we have our feelings under control, go through all the aspects of the situation and try to see the same situation from different perspectives. If it is a problem try to equip yourself with a few solutions before entering the same situation. Avoid holding a grudge with people and learn when to seek help from others. Realising your own shortcomings can become one of the greatest strengths of character over the years to come.

We can never control circumstances, people or situations as they are constantly changing. The only thing we can control is our response. So

we have to increase our capacity to tolerate, ability to understand, and learn to nurture love for others.

8. On the basis of your reading of the above passage make notes on it in points only using abbreviations wherever necessary. 5
9. Write a summary of the passage in about 40-50 words. 3

Section - B

Answer the following in not more than 50 words.

3 × 1

10. You are Narayan/Namrata, the Cultural Secretary of Marwari +2 High School, Ranchi. Write a suitable notice for your school notice board requesting names of the students for participation in a Cultural Programme to be organised by your school.

OR

You are Sonam/Suman, a student of class 12. Yesterday, during lunch break you misplaced your notebook. You want to get it back.

Write a notice for the school notice board.

Answer any *two* of the following in not more than 100 words each from

Question Nos. 11 to 13 :

5 × 2 = 10

11. World Environment Day was celebrated in your school on 5th June. Write a report to be published in your school magazine. You are Shyam/Shyamali of class XII.

12. Write a letter to the Editor of 'The Telegraph', Ranchi, complaining about the poor construction of roads. Sign as Kavita/Kirti of House No. 45, Anand Vihar, Ranchi.
13. Write an article for a newspaper on "The International Yoga Day". You are Mohan/Menaka.

Section - C

Answer any *three* of the following in not more than 35 words from Question Nos. 14 to 18 :

3 × 3 = 9

14. What was Franz expected to be prepared with for school that day ?
15. What was on sale on the roadside stand ?
16. Who was Raj Kumar Shukla ? Why is he described as being 'resolute' ?
17. Who is Mr. Lamb ? Why does he have a tin leg ?
18. How much money did the old Crofter has in his pouch ? How did he earn that ?