97. The product formed in the following chemical reaction is:

$$\begin{array}{c} O & O \\ CH_2 - C - OCH_3 \\ \hline CH_3 & \hline \begin{array}{c} NaBH_4 \\ \hline C_2H_5OH \end{array} \end{array} ?$$

- (2) $CH_2-CH_2-OH_2$
- (4) OH OH OH $CH_2-C-OCH_5$ CH_3
- **98.** Which of the following molecules is non-polar in nature?
 - (1) POCl₃
 - (2) CH₂O
 - (3) SbCl₅
 - (4) NO₂
- 99. Match List I with List II.

List - I

List-II

- (a) $2SO_2(g) + O_2(g) \rightarrow$ (i) Acid rain $2SO_3(g)$
- (b) $HOCl(g) \xrightarrow{h\nu}$ (ii) Smog OH+Cl
- (c) $CaCO_3 + H_2SO_4 \rightarrow$ (iii) Ozone $CaSO_4 + H_2O + CO_2$ depletion
- $\begin{array}{ccc} \text{(d)} & & \text{NO}_2(\mathbf{g}) \xrightarrow{& h\nu &} & \text{(iv)} & \text{Tropospheric} \\ & & \text{NO}(\mathbf{g}) + \mathrm{O}(\mathbf{g}) & & \text{pollution} \\ \end{array}$

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

- (1) (a)-(i), (b)-(ii), (c)-(iii), (d)-(iv)
- (2) (a)-(ii), (b)-(iii), (c)-(iv), (d)-(i)
- (3) (a)-(iv), (b)-(iii), (c)-(i), (d)-(ii)
- (4) (a)-(iii), (b)-(ii), (c)-(iv), (d)-(i)

100. Choose the correct option for the total pressure (in atm.) in a mixture of 4 g $\rm O_2$ and 2 g $\rm H_2$ confined in a total volume of one litre at 0°C is:

[Given R = 0.082 L atm mol⁻¹ K^{-1} , T = 273 K]

- (1) 2.518
- (2) 2.602
- (3) 25.18
- (4) 26.02

Section - A (Biology: Botany)

- 101. Which of the following plants is monoecious?
 - (1) Carica papaya
 - (2) Chara
 - (3) Marchantia polymorpha
 - (4) Cycas circinalis
- 102. A typical angiosperm embryo sac at maturity is:
 - (1) 8-nucleate and 7-celled
 - (2) 7-nucleate and 8-celled
 - (3) 7-nucleate and 7-celled
 - (4) 8-nucleate and 8-celled
- 103. Gemmae are present in:
 - (1) Mosses
 - (2) Pteridophytes
 - (3) Some Gymnosperms
 - (4) Some Liverworts
- **104.** When the centromere is situated in the middle of two equal arms of chromosomes, the chromosome is referred as:
 - (1) Metacentric
 - (2) Telocentric
 - (3) Sub-metacentric
 - (4) Acrocentric
- **105.** Which of the following stages of meiosis involves division of centromere?
 - (1) Metaphase I
 - (2) Metaphase II
 - (3) Anaphase II
 - (4) Telophase II
- 106. The first stable product of ${\rm CO_2}$ fixation in sorghum is :
 - (1) Pyruvic acid
 - (2) Oxaloacetic acid
 - (3) Succinic acid
 - (4) Phosphoglyceric acid

- **107.** The factor that leads to Founder effect in a population is:
 - (1) Natural selection
 - (2) Genetic recombination
 - (3) Mutation
 - (4) Genetic drift
- **108.** Which of the following is an **incorrect** statement?
 - (1) Mature sieve tube elements possess a conspicuous nucleus and usual cytoplasmic organelles.
 - (2) Microbodies are present both in plant and animal cells.
 - (3) The perinuclear space forms a barrier between the materials present inside the nucleus and that of the cytoplasm.
 - (4) Nuclear pores act as passages for proteins and RNA molecules in both directions between nucleus and cytoplasm.
- 109. Amensalism can be represented as:
 - (1) Species A(-); Species B(0)
 - (2) Species A(+); Species B(+)
 - (3) Species A(-); Species B(-)
 - (4) Species A(+); Species B(0)
- 110. The amount of nutrients, such as carbon, nitrogen, phosphorus and calcium present in the soil at any given time, is referred as:
 - (1) Climax
 - (2) Climax community
 - (3) Standing state
 - (4) Standing crop
- **111.** Which of the following algae contains mannitol as reserve food material?
 - (1) Ectocarpus
 - (2) Gracilaria
 - (3) Volvox
 - (4) Ulothrix
- 112. Inspite of interspecific competition in nature, which mechanism the competing species might have evolved for their survival?
 - (1) Resource partitioning
 - (2) Competitive release
 - (3) Mutualism
 - (4) Predation

- **113.** Genera like *Selaginella* and *Salvinia* produce two kinds of spores. Such plants are known as:
 - (1) Homosorus
 - (2) Heterosorus
 - (3) Homosporous
 - (4) Heterosporous
- **114.** The site of perception of light in plants during photoperiodism is:
 - (1) Shoot apex
 - (2) Stem
 - (3) Axillary bud
 - (4) Leaf
- 115. Plants follow different pathways in response to environment or phases of life to form different kinds of structures. This ability is called:
 - (1) Elasticity
 - (2) Flexibility
 - (3) Plasticity
 - (4) Maturity
- 116. Match List I with List II.

	List - I		List - II
(a)	Cristae	(i)	Primary constriction in
(a)	Cristae	(1)	chromosome
(b)	Thylakoids	(ii)	Disc-shaped sacs in
(b)	(ii) I flyfakolus (ii)	(11)	Golgi apparatus
(c)	Centromere	(iii)	Infoldings in
(0)			mitochondria
			Flattened membranous
(d)	Cisternae	(iv)	sacs in stroma of
			plastids

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)
(2)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)
(3)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)
(4)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)

117. Match List - I with List - II.

	List - I	List - II		
(a)	Cohesion	(i)	More attraction in liquid phase	
(b)	Adhesion	(ii)	Mutual attraction among water molecules	
(c)	Surface tension	(iii)	Water loss in liquid phase	
(d)	Guttation	(iv)	Attraction towards polar surfaces	

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(ii)	(iv)	(i)	(iii)
(2)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)
(3)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)	(ii)
(4)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)

- 118. DNA strands on a gel stained with ethidium bromide when viewed under UV radiation, appear as:
 - (1) Yellow bands
 - (2) Bright orange bands
 - (3) Dark red bands
 - (4) Bright blue bands
- 119. The term used for transfer of pollen grains from anthers of one plant to stigma of a different plant which, during pollination, brings genetically different types of pollen grains to stigma, is:
 - (1) Xenogamy
 - (2) Geitonogamy
 - (3) Chasmogamy
 - (4) Cleistogamy
- **120.** Which of the following algae produce Carrageen?
 - (1) Green algae
 - (2) Brown algae
 - (3) Red algae
 - (4) Blue-green algae
- **121.** Which of the following statements is **not** correct?
 - (1) Pyramid of biomass in sea is generally inverted.
 - (2) Pyramid of biomass in sea is generally upright.
 - (3) Pyramid of energy is always upright.
 - (4) Pyramid of numbers in a grassland ecosystem is upright.

122. In the equation GPP - R = NPP

R represents:

- (1) Radiant energy
- (2) Retardation factor
- (3) Environment factor
- (4) Respiration losses
- 123. Diadelphous stamens are found in:
 - (1) China rose
 - (2) Citrus
 - (3) Pea
 - (4) China rose and citrus
- **124.** When gene targetting involving gene amplification is attempted in an individual's tissue to treat disease, it is known as:
 - (1) Biopiracy
 - (2) Gene therapy
 - (3) Molecular diagnosis
 - (4) Safety testing
- 125. Match List I with List II.

	List - I		List - II		
	(a)	Lenticels	(i)	Phellogen	
	(b)	Cork cambium	(ii)	Suberin deposition	
Ī	(c)	Secondary cortex	(iii)	Exchange of gases	
	(d)	Cork	(iv)	Phelloderm	

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(iv)	(i)	(iii)	(ii)
(2)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)	(ii)
(3)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)
(4)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)

- 126. The production of gametes by the parents, formation of zygotes, the ${\rm F}_1$ and ${\rm F}_2$ plants, can be understood from a diagram called :
 - (1) Bullet square
 - (2) Punch square
 - (3) Punnett square
 - (4) Net square
- **127.** Which of the following is a **correct** sequence of steps in a PCR (Polymerase Chain Reaction)?
 - (1) Denaturation, Annealing, Extension
 - (2) Denaturation, Extension, Annealing
 - (3) Extension, Denaturation, Annealing
 - (4) Annealing, Denaturation, Extension

- 128. Mutations in plant cells can be induced by:
 - Kinetin
 - (2)Infrared rays
 - (3)Gamma rays
 - (4)Zeatin
- 129. Match List I with List II.

	List - I	List - II		
(a)	Protoplast fusion	(i)	Totipotency	
(b)	Plant tissue culture	(ii)	Pomato	
(c)	Meristem culture	(iii)	Somaclones	
(d)	Micropropagation	(iv)	Virus free plants	

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

- (b) **(c)** (d) (a)
- (1) (iii) (iv) (ii) (i)
- (2)(ii) (i) (iv) (iii)
- (3)(ii)(iii) (iv) (i)
- (4) (i) (iv) (iii) (ii)
- During the purification process for recombinant DNA technology, addition of chilled ethanol precipitates out:
 - **RNA** (1)
 - (2)DNA
 - (3)Histones
 - (4) Polysaccharides
- Complete the flow chart on central dogma.
 - (a) $(DNA \xrightarrow{(b)} mRNA \xrightarrow{(c)} (d)$
 - (1) (a)-Replication; (b)-Transcription;
 - (c)-Transduction; (d)-Protein
 - (2)(a)-Translation; (b)-Replication; (c)-Transcription; (d)-Transduction
 - (3) (a)-Replication; (b)-Transcription; (c)-Translation; (d)-Protein
 - (a)-Transduction; (b)-Translation; (4) (c)-Replication; (d)-Protein
- Which of the following is **not** an application of PCR 132. (Polymerase Chain Reaction)?
 - (1) Molecular diagnosis
 - (2)Gene amplification
 - (3)Purification of isolated protein
 - Detection of gene mutation (4)

- 133. The plant hormone used to destroy weeds in a field
 - (1) IAA
 - (2)NAA
 - (3)2, 4-D
 - **IBA** (4)
- 134. Match List I with List II.

	List - I		List - II
(a)	Cells with active cell	(i)	Vascular
(a)	division capacity		tissues
(b)	Tissue having all cells similar in structure and function	(ii)	Meristematic tissue
(c)	Tissue having different types of cells	(iii)	Sclereids
(d)	Dead cells with highly thickened walls and narrow lumen	(iv)	Simple tissue

Select the **correct** answer from the options given below.

- (a) (b) **(c)** (d)
- (iii) (1) (iv) (i) (ii)
- (2)(iv) (iii) (ii) (i)
- (3) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv)
- (4) (iii) (ii) (iv)
- 135. Which of the following are not secondary metabolites in plants?
 - (1) Morphine, codeine
 - (2)Amino acids, glucose
 - (3)Vinblastin, curcumin
 - (4) Rubber, gums

Section - B (Biology : Botany)

- **136.** Which of the following statements is **incorrect**?
 - (1) During aerobic respiration, role of oxygen is limited to the terminal stage.
 - In ETC (Electron Transport Chain), one (2)molecule of NADH+H+ gives rise to 2 ATP molecules, and one FADH2 gives rise to 3 ATP molecules.
 - ATP is synthesized through complex V. (3)
 - (4) Oxidation-reduction reactions produce proton gradient in respiration.

137. Match Column - I with Column - II.

	Column - I		Column - II
(a)	Nitrococcus	(i)	Denitrification
(b)	Rhizobium	(ii)	Conversion of
(b)	muzooum	(11)	ammonia to nitrite
(0)	Thio bacillus	(iii)	Conversion of nitrite
(c)			to nitrate
			Conversion of
(d)	Nitrobacter	(iv)	atmospheric nitrogen
			to ammonia

Choose the **correct** answer from options given below.

(0)	(b)	(a)	(4)
(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)

- (1) (i) (iii) (ii) (iv)
- (2)(i) (ii) (iii) (iv)
- (3)(ii) (iii) (i) (iv)
- (4)(iv) (iii) (ii) (i)

138. Match Column - I with Column - II.

Column - I

Column - II

(a)
$$\% \oint K_{(5)} C_{1+2+(2)} A_{(9)+1} \underline{G}_1$$

(i) Brassicaceae

(b)
$$\oplus \not \subset K_{(5)}\widehat{C_{(5)}}A_5\underline{G}_5$$

(ii) Liliaceae

(c)
$$\oplus Q \widehat{P_{(3+3)}} A_{3+3} \underline{G_{(3)}}$$

(iii) Fabaceae

(d)
$$\oplus \not \subseteq K_{2+2}C_4A_{2-4}G_{(2)}$$

(iv) Solanaceae

Select the **correct** answer from the options given below.

- (a) (b)
- **(c)** (d) (1) (iii) (iv) (ii) (i)
- (2)(i) (ii)(iii) (iv)
- (3)(ii) (iii) (iv) (i)
- (4) (iv) (ii) (i) (iii)

139. Identify the **correct** statement.

- In capping, methyl guanosine triphosphate (1) is added to the 3' end of hnRNA.
- (2)RNA polymerase binds with Rho factor to terminate the process of transcription in bacteria.
- (3)The coding strand in a transcription unit is copied to an mRNA.
- (4)Split gene arrangement is characteristic of prokaryotes.

140. Which of the following statements is **correct**?

- Fusion of two cells is called Karyogamy. (1)
- (2)Fusion of protoplasms between two motile on non-motile gametes is called plasmogamy.
- (3)Organisms that depend on living plants are called saprophytes.
- Some of the organisms can fix atmospheric (4) nitrogen in specialized cells called sheath cells.

141. Select the **correct** pair.

- Large colorless empty - Subsidiary cells cells in the epidermis of grass leaves
- In dicot leaves, vascular Conjunctive (2)bundles are surrounded tissue by large thick-walled cells
- (3)Cells of medullary rays - Interfascicular that form part of cambium cambial ring
- (4) Loose parenchyma cells - Spongy rupturing the epidermis parenchyma and forming a lensshaped opening in bark

142. DNA fingerprinting involves identifying differences in some specific regions in DNA sequence, called as:

- Satellite DNA (1)
- (2)Repetitive DNA
- (3)Single nucleotides
- (4) Polymorphic DNA

143. In some members of which of the following pairs of families, pollen grains retain their viability for months after release?

- Poaceae; Rosaceae (1)
- (2)Poaceae: Leguminosae
- (3)Poaceae; Solanaceae
- Rosaceae; Leguminosae

Which of the following statements is **incorrect**? 144.

- Both ATP and NADPH+H+ are synthesized during non-cyclic photophosphorylation.
- Stroma lamellae have PS I only and lack (2)NADP reductase.
- (3)Grana lamellae have both PS I and PS II.
- (4) Cyclic photophosphorylation involves both PS I and PS II.

- **145.** What is the role of RNA polymerase III in the process of transcription in eukaryotes?
 - (1) Transcribes rRNAs (28S, 18S and 5.8S)
 - (2) Transcribes tRNA, 5s rRNA and snRNA
 - (3) Transcribes precursor of mRNA
 - (4) Transcribes only snRNAs
- **146.** In the exponential growth equation

 $N_t = N_0 e^{rt}$, e represents:

- (1) The base of number logarithms
- (2) The base of exponential logarithms
- (3) The base of natural logarithms
- (4) The base of geometric logarithms
- 147. Now a days it is possible to detect the mutated gene causing cancer by allowing radioactive probe to hybridise its complimentary DNA in a clone of cells, followed by its detection using autoradiography because:
 - (1) mutated gene partially appears on a photographic film.
 - (2) mutated gene completely and clearly appears on a photographic film.
 - (3) mutated gene does not appear on a photographic film as the probe has no complimentarity with it.
 - (4) mutated gene does not appear on photographic film as the probe has complimentarity with it.
- 148. Match List I with List II.

	List - I		List - II		
(a)	Protein	(i)	C = C double bonds		
(b)	Unsaturated fatty acid	(ii)	Phosphodiester bonds		
(c)	Nucleic acid	(iii)	Glycosidic bonds		
(d)	Polysaccharide	(iv)	Peptide bonds		

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)
(2)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)
(3)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)
(4)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)	(ii)

149. Match List - I with List - II.

	List - I	List - II		
(a)	S phase	(i)	Proteins are synthesized	
(b)	G ₂ phase	(ii)	Inactive phase	
(c)	Quiescent stage	(iii)	Interval between mitosis and initiation of DNA replication	
(d)	G1 phase	(iv)	DNA replication	

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)
(2)	(iv)	(ii)	(iii)	(i)
(3)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)
(4)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)

- 150. Plasmid pBR322 has PstI restriction enzyme site within gene amp^R that confers ampicillin resistance. If this enzyme is used for inserting a gene for β -galactoside production and the recombinant plasmid is inserted in an E.coli strain
 - (1) it will not be able to confer ampicillin resistance to the host cell.
 - (2) the transformed cells will have the ability to resist ampicillin as well as produce β -galactoside.
 - (3) it will lead to lysis of host cell.
 - (4) it will be able to produce a novel protein with dual ability.

Section - A (Biology: Zoology)

- **151.** Identify the **incorrect** pair.
 - (1) Alkaloids Codeine
 - (2) Toxin Abrin
 - (3) Lectins Concanavalin A
 - (4) Drugs Ricin
- 152. The fruit fly has 8 chromosomes (2n) in each cell. During interphase of Mitosis if the number of chromosomes at G_1 phase is 8, what would be the number of chromosomes after S phase?
 - (1) 8
 - (2) 16
 - (3) 4
 - (4) 32

153. Match List - I with List - II.

	List - I		List - II
(a)	Metamerism	(i)	Coelenterata
(b)	Canal system	(ii)	Ctenophora
(c)	Comb plates	(iii)	Annelida
(d)	Cnidoblasts	(iv)	Porifera

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)	(ii)
(2)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)
(3)	(iii)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)
(4)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)

154. Match List - I with List - II.

	List - I		List - II		
(a)	Vaults	(i)	Entry of sperm through Cervix is blocked		
(b)	IUDs	(ii)	Removal of Vas deferens		
(c)	Vasectomy	(iii)	Phagocytosis of sperms within the Uterus		
(d)	Tubectomy	(iv)	Removal of fallopian tube		

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)
(2)	(i)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)
(3)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)
(4)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)	(ii)

155. If Adenine makes 30% of the DNA molecule, what will be the percentage of Thymine, Guanine and Cytosine in it?

 $\begin{array}{lll} (1) & T:20\;;\,G:30\;;\,C:20\\ (2) & T:20\;;\,G:20\;;\,C:30\\ (3) & T:30\;;\,G:20\;;\,C:20\\ (4) & T:20\;;\,G:25\;;\,C:25 \end{array}$

156. Which of the following RNAs is not required for the synthesis of protein?

(1) mRNA(2) tRNA

(3) rRNA

(4) siRNA

157. Which one of the following is an example of Hormone releasing IUD?

(1) CuT

(2) LNG 20

(3) Cu 7

(4) Multiload 375

158. Succus entericus is referred to as:

(1) Pancreatic juice

(2) Intestinal juice

(3) Gastric juice

(4) Chyme

159. Chronic auto immune disorder affecting neuro muscular junction leading to fatigue, weakening and paralysis of skeletal muscle is called as:

(1) Arthritis

(2) Muscular dystrophy

(3) Myasthenia gravis

(4) Gout

160. With regard to insulin choose correct options.

(a) C-peptide is not present in mature insulin.

(b) The insulin produced by rDNA technology has C-peptide.

(c) The pro-insulin has C-peptide.

(d) A-peptide and B-peptide of insulin are interconnected by disulphide bridges.

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

(1) (b) and (d) only

(2) (b) and (c) only

(3) (a), (c) and (d) only

(4) (a) and (d) only

161. Which one of the following belongs to the family Muscidae?

(1) Fire fly

(2) Grasshopper

(3) Cockroach

(4) House fly

162. Which is the "Only enzyme" that has "Capability" to catalyse Initiation, Elongation and Termination in the process of transcription in prokaryotes?

(1) DNA dependent DNA polymerase

(2) DNA dependent RNA polymerase

(3) DNA Ligase

(4) DNase

163. Receptors for sperm binding in mammals are present on :

(1) Corona radiata

(2) Vitelline membrane

(3) Perivitelline space

(4) Zona pellucida

164. The centriole undergoes duplication during:

(1) S-phase

(2) Prophase

(3) Metaphase

(4) G₂ phase

- 22
- **165.** Which one of the following organisms bears hollow and pneumatic long bones?
 - (1) Neophron
 - (2) Hemidactylus
 - (3) Macropus
 - (4) Ornithorhynchus
- **166.** Erythropoietin hormone which stimulates R.B.C. formation is produced by :
 - (1) Alpha cells of pancreas
 - (2) The cells of rostral adenohypophysis
 - (3) The cells of bone marrow
 - (4) Juxtaglomerular cells of the kidney
- **167.** Match the following:

	List - I	List - II	
(a)	Physalia	(i)	Pearl oyster
(b)	Limulus	(ii)	Portuguese Man of War
(c)	An cylostoma	(iii)	Living fossil
(d)	Pinctada	(iv)	Hookworm

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

- (a) (b) (c) (d) (1) (ii) (iii) (i) (iv) (2) (iv) (i) (iii) (ii)
- (2) (iv) (i) (iii) (ii) (3) (ii) (iii) (iv) (i)
- (4) (i) (iv) (iii) (ii)
- **168.** During the process of gene amplification using PCR, if very high temperature is not maintained in the beginning, then which of the following steps of PCR will be affected first?
 - (1) Annealing
 - (2) Extension
 - (3) Denaturation
 - (4) Ligation
- **169.** Which of the following statements wrongly represents the nature of smooth muscle?
 - (1) These muscle have no striations
 - (2) They are involuntary muscles
 - (3) Communication among the cells is performed by intercalated discs
 - (4) These muscles are present in the wall of blood vessels

- **170.** The organelles that are included in the endomembrane system are:
 - (1) Endoplasmic reticulum, Mitochondria, Ribosomes and Lysosomes
 - (2) Endoplasmic reticulum, Golgi complex, Lysosomes and Vacuoles
 - (3) Golgi complex, Mitochondria, Ribosomes and Lysosomes
 - (4) Golgi complex, Endoplasmic reticulum, Mitochondria and Lysosomes

171. Match List - I with List - II.

	List - I	List - II		
(a)	Aspergillus niger	(i)	Acetic Acid	
(b)	Acetobacter aceti	(ii)	Lactic Acid	
(c)	Clostridium butylicum	(iii)	Citric Acid	
(d)	Lactobacillus	(iv)	Butyric Acid	

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)	(ii)
(2)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)
(3)	(ii)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)
(4)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)

- 172. For effective treatment of the disease, early diagnosis and understanding its pathophysiology is very important. Which of the following molecular diagnostic techniques is very useful for early detection?
 - (1) Western Blotting Technique
 - (2) Southern Blotting Technique
 - (3) ELISA Technique
 - (4) Hybridization Technique
- **173.** Which of the following characteristics is **incorrect** with respect to cockroach?
 - (1) A ring of gastric caeca is present at the junction of midgut and hind gut.
 - (2) Hypopharynx lies within the cavity enclosed by the mouth parts.
 - (3) In females, 7th-9th sterna together form a genital pouch.
 - (4) 10th abdominal segment in both sexes, bears a pair of anal cerci.
- **174.** Persons with 'AB' blood group are called as "Universal recipients". This is due to:
 - (1) Absence of antigens A and B on the surface of RBCs
 - (2) Absence of antigens A and B in plasma
 - (3) Presence of antibodies, anti-A and anti-B, on RBCs
 - (4) Absence of antibodies, anti-A and anti-B, in plasma

- **175.** Dobson units are used to measure thickness of:
 - (1) CFCs
 - (2) Stratosphere
 - (3) Ozone
 - (4) Troposphere
- **176.** Read the following statements.
 - (a) Metagenesis is observed in Helminths.
 - (b) Echinoderms are triploblastic and coelomate animals.
 - (c) Round worms have organ-system level of body organization.
 - (d) Comb plates present in ctenophores help in digestion.
 - (e) Water vascular system is characteristic of Echinoderms.

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

- (1) (c), (d) and (e) are correct
- (2) (a), (b) and (c) are correct
- (3) (a), (d) and (e) are correct
- (4) (b), (c) and (e) are correct
- 177. In a cross between a male and female, both heterozygous for sickle cell anaemia gene, what percentage of the progeny will be diseased?
 - (1) 50%
 - (2) 75%
 - (3) 25%
 - (4) 100%
- **178.** Which enzyme is responsible for the conversion of inactive fibringens to fibrins?
 - (1) Thrombin
 - (2) Renin
 - (3) Epinephrine
 - (4) Thrombokinase
- **179.** Select the favourable conditions required for the formation of oxyhaemoglobin at the alveoli.
 - (1) High pO_2 , low pCO_2 , less H^+ , lower temperature
 - (2) Low pO_2 , high pCO_2 , more H^+ , higher temperature
 - (3) High pO_2 , high pCO_2 , less H^+ , higher temperature
 - (4) Low pO_2 , low pCO_2 , more H^+ , higher temperature

- **180.** Sphincter of oddi is present at:
 - (1) Ileo-caecal junction
 - (2) Junction of hepato-pancreatic duct and duodenum
 - (3) Gastro-oesophageal junction
 - (4) Junction of jejunum and duodenum
- **181.** Which stage of meiotic prophase shows terminalisation of chiasmata as its distinctive feature?
 - (1) Leptotene
 - (2) Zygotene
 - (3) Diakinesis
 - (4) Pachytene
- **182.** Which of the following is **not** an objective of Biofortification in crops?
 - (1) Improve protein content
 - (2) Improve resistance to diseases
 - (3) Improve vitamin content
 - (4) Improve micronutrient and mineral content
- **183.** The partial pressures (in mm Hg) of oxygen (O_2) and carbon dioxide (CO_2) at alveoli (the site of diffusion) are:
 - (1) $pO_2 = 104 \text{ and } pCO_2 = 40$
 - (2) $pO_2 = 40 \text{ and } pCO_2 = 45$
 - (3) $pO_2 = 95 \text{ and } pCO_2 = 40$
 - (4) $pO_2 = 159 \text{ and } pCO_2 = 0.3$
- **184.** Veneral diseases can spread through:
 - (a) Using sterile needles
 - (b) Transfusion of blood from infected person
 - (c) Infected mother to foetus
 - (d) Kissing
 - (e) Inheritance

- (1) (a), (b) and (c) only
- (2) (b), (c) and (d) only
- (3) (b) and (c) only
- (4) (a) and (c) only
- **185.** A specific recognition sequence identified by endonucleases to make cuts at specific positions within the DNA is:
 - (1) Degenerate primer sequence
 - (2) Okazaki sequences
 - (3) Palindromic Nucleotide sequences
 - (4) Poly(A) tail sequences

Section - B (Biology: Zoology)

- **186.** Which one of the following statements about Histones is **wrong**?
 - (1) Histones are organized to form a unit of 8 molecules.
 - (2) The pH of histones is slightly acidic.
 - (3) Histones are rich in amino acids Lysine and Arginine.
 - (4) Histones carry positive charge in the side chain.
- **187.** During muscular contraction which of the following events occur?
 - (a) 'H' zone disappears
 - (b) 'A' band widens
 - (c) 'I' band reduces in width
 - $\begin{array}{ll} \mbox{(d)} & \mbox{Myosine hydrolyzes ATP, releasing the ADP} \\ & \mbox{and Pi} \end{array}$
 - (e) Z-lines attached to actins are pulled inwards Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.
 - (1) (a), (c), (d), (e) only
 - (2) (a), (b), (c), (d) only
 - (3) (b), (c), (d), (e) only
 - (4) (b), (d), (e), (a) only
- 188. Match List I with List II.

	List - I		List - II
(a)	Scapula	(i)	Cartilaginous joints
(b)	Cranium	(ii)	Flat bone
(c)	Sternum	(iii)	Fibrous joints
(d)	Vertebral column	(iv)	Triangular flat bone

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(i)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)
(2)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)
(3)	(iv)	(ii)	(iii)	(i)
(4)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)

- **189.** Which of these is not an important component of initiation of parturition in humans?
 - (1) Increase in estrogen and progesterone ratio
 - (2) Synthesis of prostaglandins
 - (3) Release of Oxytocin
 - (4) Release of Prolactin

190. Assertion (A):

A person goes to high altitude and experiences 'altitude sickness' with symptoms like breathing difficulty and heart palpitations.

Reason (R):

Due to low atmospheric pressure at high altitude, the body does not get sufficient oxygen.

In the light of the above statements, choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

- (1) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)
- (2) Both (A) and (R) are true but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A)
- (3) **(A)** is true but **(R)** is false
- (4) **(A)** is false but **(R)** is true
- **191.** Following are the statements with reference to 'lipids'.
 - (a) Lipids having only single bonds are called unsaturated fatty acids.
 - (b) Lecithin is a phospholipid.
 - (c) Trihydroxy propane is glycerol.
 - (d) Palmitic acid has 20 carbon atoms including carboxyl carbon.
 - (e) Arachidonic acid has 16 carbon atoms.

- (1) (a) and (b) only
- (2) (c) and (d) only
- (3) (b) and (c) only
- (4) (b) and (e) only
- **192.** The Adenosine deaminase deficiency results into:
 - (1) Dysfunction of Immune system
 - (2) Parkinson's disease
 - (3) Digestive disorder
 - (4) Addison's disease
- **193.** Which of the following secretes the hormone, relaxin, during the later phase of pregnancy?
 - (1) Graafian follicle
 - (2) Corpus luteum
 - (3) Foetus
 - (4) Uterus

- 194. Identify the types of cell junctions that help to stop the leakage of the substances across a tissue and facilitation of communication with neighbouring cells via rapid transfer of ions and molecules.
 - (1) Gap junctions and Adhering junctions, respectively.
 - (2) Tight junctions and Gap junctions, respectively.
 - (3) Adhering junctions and Tight junctions, respectively.
 - (4) Adhering junctions and Gap junctions, respectively.
- 195. Which of the following is **not** a step in Multiple Ovulation Embryo Transfer Technology (MOET)?
 - (1) Cow is administered hormone having LH like activity for super ovulation
 - (2) Cow yields about 6-8 eggs at a time
 - (3) Cow is fertilized by artificial insemination
 - (4) Fertilized eggs are transferred to surrogate mothers at 8-32 cell stage

196. Match List - I with List - II.

	List - I	List - II	
(a)	Filariasis	(i)	Haemophilus influenzae
(b)	Amoebiasis	(ii)	Trichophyton
(c)	Pneumonia	(iii)	Wuchereria bancrofti
(d)	Ringworm	(iv)	Entamoeba histolytica

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(iv)	(i)	(iii)	(ii)
(2)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)
(3)	(i)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)
(4)	(ii)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)

197. Match List - I with List - II.

List - I		List - II	
(a)	Allen's Rule	(i)	Kangaroo rat
(b)	Physiological adaptation	(ii)	Desert lizard
(c)	Behavioural adaptation	(iii)	Marine fish at depth
(d)	Biochemical adaptation	(iv)	Polar seal

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(iv)	(ii)	(iii)	(i)
(2)	(iv)	(i)	(iii)	(ii)
(3)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)
(4)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)

198. Match List - I with List - II.

	List - I		List - II	
(a)	Adaptive radiation	(i)	Selection of resistant varieties due to excessive use of herbicides and pesticides	
(b)	Convergent evolution	(ii)	Bones of forelimbs in Man and Whale	
(c)	Divergent evolution	(iii)	Wings of Butterfly and Bird	
(d)	Evolution by anthropogenic action	(iv)	Darwin Finches	

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)
(2)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)
(3)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)
(4)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)

199. Statement I:

The codon 'AUG' codes for methionine and phenylalanine.

Statement II:

'AAA' and 'AAG' both codons code for the amino acid lysine.

In the light of the above statements, choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

- (1) Both **Statement I** and **Statement II** are true
- (2) Both **Statement I** and **Statement II** are false
- (3) Statement I is correct but Statement II is false
- (4) Statement I is incorrect but Statement II is true
- **200.** Following are the statements about prostomium of earthworm.
 - (a) It serves as a covering for mouth.
 - (b) It helps to open cracks in the soil into which it can crawl.
 - (c) It is one of the sensory structures.
 - (d) It is the first body segment.

- (1) (a), (b) and (c) are correct
- (2) (a), (b) and (d) are correct
- (3) (a), (b), (c) and (d) are correct
- (4) (b) and (c) are correct