

COMMON P. G. ENTRANCE TEST – 2024 (CPET-2024)

Test Booklet No. :

04816

Subject Code : 08

Hall Ticket No. :

Subject : EDUCATION

TEST BOOKLET

Time Allowed : 60 Minutes

Full Marks : 80

: INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES :

1. The Test Booklet contains 16 pages including the cover page and 80 (Question No. 1 to 80) multiple choice questions.
2. DO NOT break open the seal of the Test Booklet until the invigilator instructs to do so.
3. The candidates must check discrepancy, if any (like up-printed or torn or missing pages or missing questions) in the Test Booklet immediately after breaking the seal of the Test Booklet. If detected, the invigilator may be requested to replace the same.
4. Candidates are required to fill up and darken the **Hall Ticket No, Test Booklet Serial No.** and OMR Answer Sheet Serial No. in attendance sheet carefully. Wrongly filled in OMR Answer Sheet is liable for rejection.
5. Each question has four choices / answers marked (A), (B), (C), (D). Candidate has to select the most appropriate choice / answer to each question and darken the oval completely against the question number provided in the OMR Answer Sheet.
6. Indicate only one choice / answer from the options provided by darkening the appropriate oval in the OMR Answer Sheet. More than one response to a question shall be treated as a wrong answer.
7. Use only **Black Ball Point Pen** for darkening the oval for answering.
8. All the questions are compulsory and they carry equal marks. The total marks scored by a candidate depends on the number of correct choices / answers darkened in the OMR Answer Sheet. There will be no negative marking for wrong answers.
9. No candidate shall be allowed to leave the Examination Hall / Room till all OMR Answer Sheets have been collected by the invigilator.
10. On completion of the entrance test, the original OMR Answer Sheet be handed over to the invigilator. Candidates are allowed to take the second copy of the OMR Answer Sheet along with the used Test Booklet for reference.
11. Candidates are not allowed to carry any personal belongings including electronic devices such as scientific calculator, cell phones, headphones, earbuds, or any other type of devices that allow communication of any kind inside the Examination Room / Hall.
12. The candidates are advised not to scribble or make any mark on the OMR Answer Sheet except marking the answers at the appropriate places and filling up the details required. Rough work, if any, may be done in the blank sheet(s) provided at the end of the Test Booklet.
13. Any malpractice / use of unfair means will lead to your disqualification from the entrance test / admission process and may also lead to appropriate legal action as deemed fit.

DO NOT OPEN THIS TEST BOOKLET UNTIL YOU ARE ASKED TO DO SO

GO – 2/12

(Turn over)

21850

CC 3/12 (2) (Con)

GO-2/12 (2) (3)

1. The term 'educare' is derived from _____ language.
(A) Roman (B) Greek
(C) English (D) Latin
2. Epistemology is the theory of :
(A) Language (B) Knowledge
(C) Reality (D) Value system
3. Which of the following Philosophy believes in the dual nature of reality ?
(A) Sankhya (B) Vedanta
(C) Jainism (D) Idealism
4. Which of the following philosophy prescribes strict discipline for students ?
(A) Naturalism (B) Pragmatism
(C) Idealism (D) None of these
5. Integral education was advocated by :
(A) Gandhi (B) Gopabandhu
(C) Tagore (D) Sri Aurobindo
6. Educational psychology is the study of human _____ in educational setting.
(A) Personality (B) Education
(C) Behaviour (D) Knowledge
7. Object constancy is a concept in :
(A) Intellectual development (B) Social development
(C) Physical development (D) Moral development
8. Intra-individual difference refers to :
(A) Differences between two individuals
(B) Differences among many individuals
(C) Differences between individual and the group norm
(D) Differences in qualities within the individual

9. In calculation of IQ the denominator is :
(A) Mental age
(B) Chronological age
(C) 100
(D) Number of items in the intelligence test
10. Which of the following pairs of Psychologists originally advocated for constructive approach to learning ?
(A) Vygotsky and Skinner
(B) Ausubel and Piaget
(C) Piaget and Vygotsky
(D) Gagne and Ausubel
11. Assessment of personality through Rorschach Inkblot test is a/an _____ technique.
(A) Objective
(B) Subjective
(C) Positive
(D) Projective
12. A child receives its first education from :
(A) School
(B) Family
(C) Society
(D) Mass media
13. Which of the following statements is true ?
(A) Education facilitates modernization
(B) Education and modernization are not related
(C) Education resists modernization
(D) Education promotes dogmatic beliefs to slow down the process of modernization
14. Which of the following statements is true ?
(A) Society is a sub-system of education
(B) Education is the super-system of the society
(C) Education is a sub-system of the society
(D) Education and society are not related

15. An inclusive classroom is one where :
- (A) All types of subjects are taught
 - (B) All categories of students including the deprived sections of the society and the children with special needs study together
 - (C) Children of the deprived sections of the society are taught separately according to their needs
 - (D) Only children with special needs are taught separately by trained teachers
16. Which of the following is NOT an implication of the broader meaning of education ?
- (A) All experiences are educative
 - (B) Education is a life-long process
 - (C) Education is that which is received only in the schools and other educational institutions
 - (D) Society and mass media play an important role in the education of a person
17. According to Sri Aurobindo, the first principle of teaching is :
- (A) Teachers are friends and philosophers of students
 - (B) Only teachers provide learning to students
 - (C) Education should be practical in nature
 - (D) Nothing can be taught
18. The theory of values is known as :
- (A) Axiology
 - (B) Metaphysics
 - (C) Epistemology
 - (D) Logic
19. Which of the following is NOT a social aim of education ?
- (A) Learning to live together
 - (B) Acquiring skills to contribute to the society
 - (C) Developing one's intellectual and physical power
 - (D) Patriotism

20. 'Tripitaka' is a part of the curriculum in _____ education system.
- (A) Sankhya (B) Jaina
(C) Vedic (D) Buddhist
21. An illiterate skilled farmer is :
- (A) Illiterate but educated
(B) Illiterate and uneducated
(C) Skilled in farming but uneducated
(D) None of these
22. Which of the following is NOT a characteristic of life-long education ?
- (A) Self-learning
(B) Continuous learning
(C) Limited to academic learning only
(D) Personal and professional development
23. Which of the following philosophical thoughts has an affinity with spiritualism ?
- (A) Naturalism (B) Idealism
(C) Pragmatism (D) None of these
24. Which of the following is NOT a type of Naturalism ?
- (A) Biological Naturalism (B) Mechanical Naturalism
(C) Physical Naturalism (D) Social Naturalism
25. Which of the following philosophical thought advocates that there are eternal and universal values ?
- (A) Idealism (B) Naturalism
(C) Pragmatism (D) Physical naturalism
26. In the Buddhist education system, after their 'Upasampada' students became :
- (A) Grihasts (B) Sanyasis
(C) Bhikkhus (D) Acharyas

27. Which of the following is NOT a function of educational aims ?
- (A) Providing direction
 - (B) Creating and sustaining motivation
 - (C) Providing standards for evaluation
 - (D) Providing one inflexible path for completion of education of the student
28. Which of the following is NOT a common tenet of Sankhya, Vedanta, Jaina, and Buddhist philosophies ?
- (A) Existence of the God
 - (B) Life after death
 - (C) Moksha or Nirvana
 - (D) Karma
29. Who of the following is NOT considered as a proponent of pragmatism in education ?
- (A) C. S. Peirce
 - (B) John Dewey
 - (C) Charles Darwin
 - (D) William James
30. Which of the following principles of education propounded by Mahatma Gandhi was NOT retained in the Basic Education Scheme ?
- (A) Free and compulsory elementary education for children between 7 and 14 years of age
 - (B) Mother tongue to be the medium of instruction
 - (C) Craft-centred education
 - (D) Self-supporting education
31. Rabindranath Tagore founded Viswa Bharati in the year :
- (A) 1920
 - (B) 1921
 - (C) 1922
 - (D) 1923
32. Which of the following is considered as the highest level of teaching ?
- (A) Memory
 - (B) Understanding
 - (C) Reflective
 - (D) Reflexive

33. Which of the following is an appropriate meaning of teaching ?
- (A) Giving knowledge (B) Solving problems for students
(C) Organizing a school (D) Facilitating learning
34. In the context of Gagne's hierarchical learning, which of the following list is in correct sequential order, from lower to higher ?
- (A) Problem solving, Concept learning, Multiple discrimination, Rule learning
(B) Concept learning, Multiple discrimination, Rule learning, Problem solving
(C) Multiple discrimination, Rule learning, Concept learning, Problem solving
(D) Multiple discrimination, Concept learning, Rule learning, Problem solving
35. Which of the following presents all the steps of a 5E model of lesson plan in correct sequence ?
- (A) Explore, engage, explain, elaborate, evaluate
(B) Engage, explore, explain, elaborate, evaluate
(C) Engage, explain, explore, elaborate, evaluate
(D) Engage, explore, elaborate, explain, evaluate
36. Which of the following is NOT a maxim of teaching ?
- (A) From teaching to learning
(B) From known to unknown
(C) From concrete to abstract
(D) From whole to part
37. A comparison of an unknown quantity with a known fixed quantity of the same kind is called :
- (A) Test (B) Evaluation
(C) Measurement (D) Value judgement

38. Systematic determination of a subject's merit, worth, significance and achievement with regard to aims and objectives of any action is called :
- (A) Test (B) Measurement
(C) Assessment (D) Evaluation
39. Formative evaluation takes place :
- (A) Before commencement of instruction
(B) During the course of instruction
(C) After conclusion of instruction
(D) Long after completion of the course of instruction
40. Which of the following is a difference between teacher-made test and standardized test?
- (A) Preparation of blueprint
(B) Content analysis
(C) Use of instructional objectives as criteria
(D) Fixation of norms
41. Which of the following scales has an absolute zero ?
- (A) Nominal (B) Ordinal
(C) Interval (D) Ratio
42. Which of the following operations cannot be carried out on the values of a variable measured on an interval scale ?
- (A) Addition (B) Subtraction
(C) Division (D) Calculation of arithmetic mean
43. Teacher-made tests are :
- (A) Criterion-referenced tests (B) Norm-referenced tests
(C) Unscientific tests (D) Standardized tests

44. Taxonomy of educational objectives was propounded by :
(A) B. S. Bloom (B) Ausubel
(C) Jean Piaget (D) Lev Vygotsky
45. Which of the following assesses the consistency of scores across different administrations of the same test ?
(A) Inter-rater reliability (B) Parallel-forms reliability
(C) Test-retest reliability (D) Internal consistency reliability
46. Objectivity of a test is primarily concerned with :
(A) Accuracy of test results
(B) Fairness of the testing process
(C) Absence of scorer's bias and subjectivity
(D) Difficulty level of the test
47. Blueprint is prepared at the _____ stage of test construction.
(A) Planning (B) Preparing
(C) Trying out (D) Evaluation
48. Which type of validity refers to the degree to which test scores correlate with the scores of an established measure of the same construct ?
(A) Content validity (B) Concurrent validity
(C) Predictive validity (D) Face validity
49. The research conducted by practitioners to improve their craft is called :
(A) Fundamental research (B) Applied research
(C) Historical research (D) Action research
50. In an experimental research, the variable that is manipulated to find its effects on another variable is known as :
(A) Dependent variable (B) Independent variable
(C) Intervening variable (D) None of these

51. The universe, from which a representative sample has been drawn for the purpose of a research study, is also known as :
- (A) Variable (B) Sample
(C) Larger sample (D) Population
52. In APA style, APA stands for :
- (A) Academic Parameters Associate
(B) Academic Proposals Association
(C) American Psychological Association
(D) Approved Presentation for Academics
53. Which of the following is a plagiarism check software ?
- (A) Grammarly (B) ppt
(C) Hot potatoes (D) Microsoft Word
54. The practice of gathering data for a research study by asking people questions is called :
- (A) Case study (B) Survey
(C) Historical research (D) Observation
55. Find out the mean from the following ungrouped data :
- 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83.
- (A) 76 (B) 77.4
(C) 77 (D) 77.2
56. Which of the following set of ungrouped scores has the highest value of standard deviation ?
- (A) 8, 9, 10, 11, 12 (B) 6, 8, 10, 12, 14
(C) 4, 7, 10, 13, 16 (D) 2, 6, 10, 14, 18

57. Find the median from the following ungrouped scores :
2, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 20, 35, 57, 88.
(A) 10 (B) 10.5
(C) 10.6 (D) 11
58. The total area between -1σ and $+1\sigma$ of the normal probability curve is :
(A) 99.5% (B) 95%
(C) 72.26% (D) 68.26%
59. The exact mid-point in a distribution of scores is :
(A) Mean (B) Median
(C) Mode (D) Range
60. T scores are normalized standard scores converted into a distribution with a mean of 50 and a σ of _____.
(A) 2 (B) 5
(C) 10 (D) 20
61. Which of the following is credited with recommending for establishment of the first modern Universities in Bombay, Calcutta and Madras ?
(A) Charter Act of 1813 (B) Macaulay's Minute, 1835
(C) Wood's Despatch, 1854 (D) Hunter Commission, 1882
62. Dr A. Lakshmanaswami Mudaliar was the Chairman of :
(A) University Education Commission
(B) Secondary Education Commission
(C) Indian Education Commission
(D) Committee on Religious and Moral Instruction
63. 'Operation Blackboard', a programme to improve the primary schools all over India, was recommended by :
(A) NPE 1968 (B) NPE 1986
(C) Revised NPE 1992 (D) Indian Education Commission

64. Which of the following has the responsibility of developing elementary school curriculum in Odisha ?
- (A) BSE, Odisha (B) CHSE, Odisha
(C) SCERT, Odisha (D) NCERT
65. Experience centered curriculum places emphasis on :
- (A) Students' collaboration and problem-solving
(B) Classroom instructions
(C) Completion of classroom assignments
(D) Memorization of content
66. Which of the following is NOT true ?
- (A) Curriculum is silent about assessment techniques
(B) Curriculum is a broader concept that encompasses the entire educational programme of an educational institution
(C) Syllabus is detailed and specific to a single course
(D) Textbooks are the primary teaching learning materials
67. Which of the following is NOT a goal of counseling ?
- (A) To help individuals explore and understand their own feelings and behaviour
(B) To provide emotional support and understanding
(C) To provide direction and advice to solve personal problems
(D) To address and manage mental health issues
68. Which of the following is NOT a function of BSE, Odisha ?
- (A) Providing funds to secondary schools
(B) Prescribing syllabus for secondary schools
(C) Examining and certifying high school students
(D) Promoting better quality of teaching-learning in secondary schools

69. The first college established in Odisha was later named as Ravenshaw College, and now has become the Ravenshaw University. What was the name of this college when it was started ?

- (A) Orissa Higher Education Institute
- (B) Orissa College
- (C) Cuttack College
- (D) English College

70. All CTEs and all AISEs in Odisha at present are under the administrative control of :

- (A) Department of Higher Education
- (B) Department of School & Mass Education
- (C) Directorate of TE and SCERT
- (D) Their respective universities

71. Identify the search engine from among the following :

- (A) Microsoft Word
- (B) Gmail
- (C) Facebook
- (D) Google Chrome

72. Which of the following activities can be conducted using 'Hot potatoes' ?

- (A) Content writing
- (B) Generation of concept map
- (C) Making content delivery in the classroom
- (D) Creation of interactive quizzes

73. What is the part of e-mail ID that comes after the @ symbol ?

- (A) Domain name
- (B) User name
- (C) User classification
- (D) Country code

74. A student suffering from depression is in need of :

- (A) Guidance
- (B) Vocational guidance
- (C) Counseling
- (D) Follow-up service

75. Which of the following is NOT under the administrative control of School & Mass Education Department, Odisha ?
- (A) Directorate of Elementary Education
 - (B) Odisha State Bureau of Textbook Preparation and Production
 - (C) Directorate of TE & SCERT
 - (D) Directorate of Higher Secondary Education
76. 'Create a constant purpose towards improvement': who said this in relation to quality management ?
- (A) W. Edwards Deming
 - (B) Joseph M. Juran
 - (C) NAAC
 - (D) Philip B. Crosby
77. Which of the following is NOT true about growth and development of human beings ?
- (A) Development continues throughout life.
 - (B) Growth continues throughout life.
 - (C) Development is a progressive series of changes that occur in an orderly and predictable pattern.
 - (D) Growth refers to change in size, length, height and weight.
78. Howard Gardner's theory of intelligence is :
- (A) Multi factor theory
 - (B) Unitary theory
 - (C) Theory of multiple intelligences
 - (D) Structure of intelligence
79. Which of the following is NOT true about ECCE programmes in India ?
- (A) ECCE is meant for children between 3 and 6 years of age
 - (B) Anganwadis constitute the largest ECCE programme in India
 - (C) Children are taught to read and write simple words in ECCE
 - (D) Sense training is provided in ECCE
80. Which of the following is an interpersonal life skill ?
- (A) Effective communication
 - (B) Critical thinking
 - (C) Time management
 - (D) Technical expertise



SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

SEAL