

KCET-2025 TEST PAPER WITH ANSWER KEY
(HELD ON WEDNESDAY 16TH APRIL 2025)
CHEMISTRY (CODE : D4)

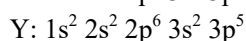
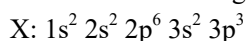
1. Match List-I with List-II and select the correct option:

List-I (Molecule / ion)	List-II (Bond order)
1. NO	i. 1.5
2. CO	ii. 2.0
3. O_2^-	iii. 2.5
4. O_2	iv. 3.0

- (1) a-iii, b-iv, c-i, d-ii (2) a-i, b-iv, c-iii, d-ii (3) a-ii, b-iii, c-iv, d-i (4) a-iv, b-iii, c-ii, d-i

Ans. 1

2. The electronic configuration of X and Y are given below:



Which of the following is the correct molecular formula and type of bond formed between X and Y?

- (1) X_3Y , ionic bond (2) X_2Y_3 , coordinate bond
 (3) XY_3 , covalent bond (4) X_7Y , covalent bond

Ans. 3

3. Match List-I with List-II

List-I (Types of redox reactions)	List-II (Examples)
a. Combination reaction	i. $\text{Cl}_{2(\text{g})} + 2\text{Br}^{-}_{(\text{aq})} \rightarrow 2\text{Cl}^{-}_{(\text{aq})} + \text{Br}_{2(\text{l})}$
b. Decomposition reaction	ii. $2\text{H}_2\text{O}_{2(\text{aq})} \rightarrow 2\text{H}_2\text{O}_{(\text{l})} + \text{O}_{2(\text{g})}$
c. Displacement reaction	iii. $\text{CH}_{4(\text{g})} + 2\text{O}_{2(\text{g})} \xrightarrow{\Delta} \text{CO}_{2(\text{g})} + 2\text{H}_2\text{O}_{(\text{l})}$
d. Disproportionation reaction	iv. $2\text{H}_2\text{O}_{(\text{l})} \xrightarrow{\Delta} 2\text{H}_{2(\text{g})} + \text{O}_{2(\text{g})}$

Choose the correct answer from the options given below.

- (1) a-iv, b-iii, c-i, d-ii (2) a-ii, b-i, c-iv, d-iii (3) a-iii, b-iv, c-i, d-ii (4) a-iii, b-ii, c-i, d-iv

Ans. 3

4. In the following pairs, the one in which both transition metal ions are colourless is

- (1) $\text{Sc}^{3+}, \text{Zn}^{2+}$ (2) $\text{V}^{2+}, \text{Ti}^{3+}$ (3) $\text{Zn}^{2+}, \text{Mn}^{2+}$ (4) $\text{Ti}^{4+}, \text{Cu}^{2+}$

Ans. 1

5. In the reaction between hydrogen sulphide and acidified permanganate solution,

- (1) H_2S is reduced to S, MnO_4^- is oxidised to Mn^{2+}
(2) H_2S is oxidised to SO_2 , MnO_4^- is reduced to MnO_2
(3) H_2S is reduced to SO_2 , MnO_4^- is oxidised to Mn^{2+}
(4) H_2S is oxidised to S, MnO_4^- is reduced to Mn^{2+}

Ans. 4

6. A member of the Lanthanoid series which is well known to exhibit +4 oxidation state is

- (1) Samarium (2) Europium (3) Erbium (4) Cerium

Ans. 4

7. In which of the following pairs, both the elements do not have $(n-1)d^{10}ns^2$ configuration?

- (1) Cu, Zn (2) Zn, Cd (3) Cd, Hg (4) Ag, Cu

Ans. 4

8. A ligand which has two different donor atoms and either of the two ligates with the central metal atom/ion in the complex is called _____

- (1) Chelate ligand (2) Unidentate ligand (3) Polydentate ligand (4) Ambidentate ligand

Ans. 4

9. Which of the following statements are true about $[\text{NiCl}_4]^{2-}$?

- (a) The complex has tetrahedral geometry
(b) Co-ordination number of Ni is 2 and oxidation state is +4
(c) The complex is sp^3 hybridised
(d) It is a high spin complex
(e) The complex is paramagnetic
(1) a,c,d and e (2) a,b,d and e (3) b,c,d and e (4) a,b,c and d

Ans. 1

10. Which formula and its name combination is incorrect?

- (1) $\text{K}_3[\text{Cr}(\text{C}_2\text{O}_4)_3]$, Potassium trioxalatochromate (III)
(2) $[\text{CoCl}_2(\text{en})_2]\text{Cl}$, Dichloridobis (ethane – 1,2 – dimine) cobalt (III) chloride
(3) $[\text{Co}(\text{NH}_3)_5(\text{CO}_3)]\text{Cl}$, Pentaamine carbonylcobalt (III) chloride
(4) $[\text{Pt}(\text{NH}_3)_2\text{Cl}(\text{NO}_2)]$ Diamine chloridonitrito – N – Platinum (II)

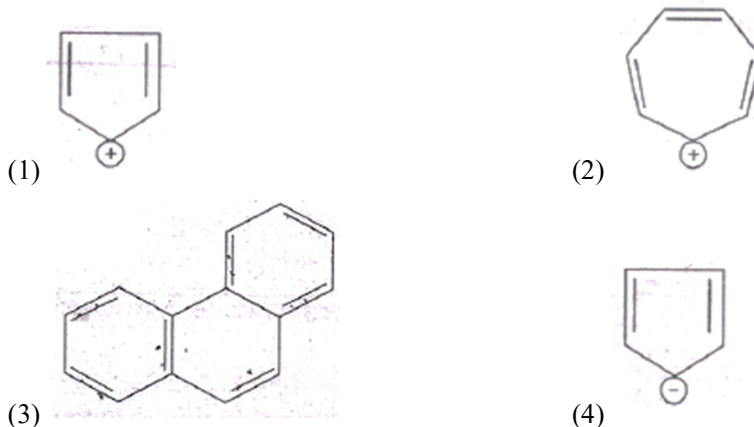
Ans. 3

11. In the complex ion $[\text{Fe}(\text{C}_2\text{O}_4)_3]^{3-}$, the co-ordination number of Fe is

- (1) 4 (2) 5 (3) 6 (4) 3

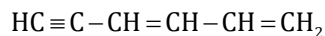
Ans. 3

19. Which of the following is not an aromatic compound



Ans. 1

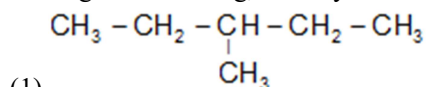
20. The IUPAC name of the given organic compound is



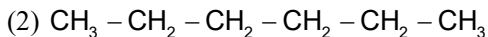
- (1) Hexa - 1 - yn - 3,5 - diene (2) Hexa - 5 - yn - 1,3 - diene
(3) Hexa - 1,3 - dien - 5 - yne (4) Hexa - 3,5 - dien - 1 - yne

Ans. 3

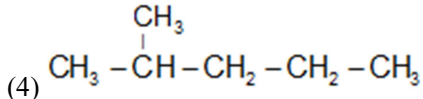
21. Among the following, identify the compound that is not an isomer of hexane



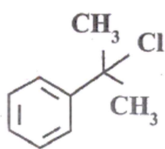
(1)



(3)



Ans. 3

22. The organic compound  can be classified as _____

- (1) Allylic halide (2) Benzyl halide (3) Aryl halide (4) Alkyl halide

Ans. 2

23. Chlorobenzene reacts with bromine gas in the presence of Anhyd AlBr_3 to yield p-Bromochlorobenzene. This reaction is classified as _____

- (1) Elimination reaction (2) Nucleophilic substitution reaction
(3) Electrophilic substitution reaction (4) Addition reaction

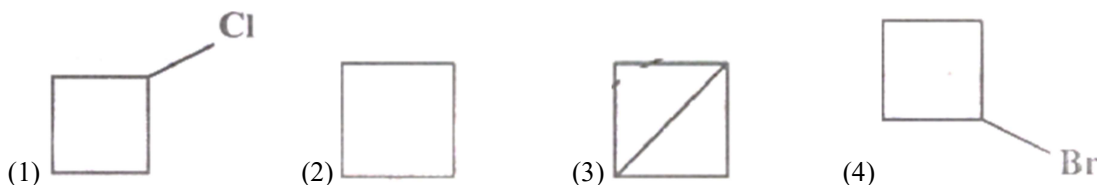
Ans. 3

24. The organometallic compound $(\text{CH}_3)_3\text{CMgBr}$ on reaction with D_2O produces _____

- (1) $(\text{CH}_3)_3\text{COD}$ (2) $(\text{CD}_3)_3\text{CD}$ (3) $(\text{CD}_3)_3\text{COD}$ (4) $(\text{CH}_3)_3\text{CD}$

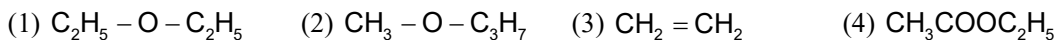
Ans. 4

25. The major product formed when 1 – Bromo – 3 – Chlorocyclobutane reacts with metallic sodium in dry ether is



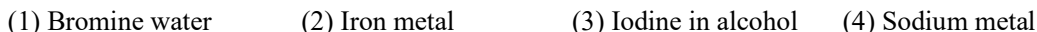
Ans. 3

26. Ethyl alcohol is heated with concentrated sulphuric acid at 413 K. The major product



Ans. 1

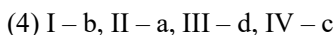
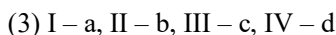
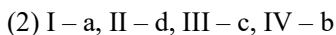
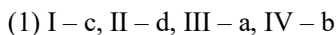
27. Phenol can be distinguished from propanol by using the reagent



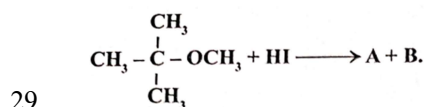
Ans. 1

28. Match the following with their pKa values

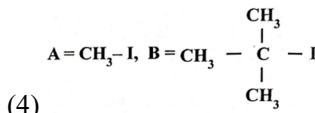
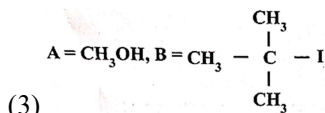
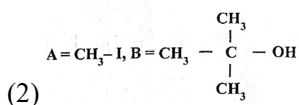
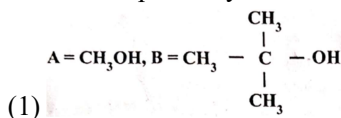
Acid	pKa
(I) Phenol	(a) 16
(II) p-Nitrophenol	(b) 0.78
(III) Ethyl alcohol	(c) 10
(IV) Picric acid	(d) 7.1



Ans. 1

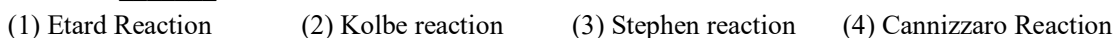


A and B respectively are



Ans. 3

30. Oxidation of Toluene with chromyl chloride followed by hydrolysis gives Benzaldehyde. This reaction is known as _____



Ans. 1

31. **Statement – I :** Reduction of ester by DIABL-H followed by hydrolysis gives aldehyde.

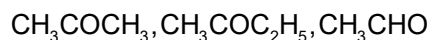
Statement – II : Oxidation of benzyl alcohol with aqueous KMnO_4 leads to the formation to Benzaldehyde.

Among the above statements, identify the correct statement.

- (1) Both statements – I and II are false
- (2) Statement – I is true but statement – II is false
- (3) Statement – I is false but statement – II is true
- (4) Both statements – I and II are true.

Ans. 2

32. Arrange the following compounds in their decreasing order of reactivity towards Nucleop addition reaction.



- (1) $\text{CH}_3\text{CHO} > \text{CH}_3\text{COCH}_3 > \text{CH}_3\text{COC}_2\text{H}_5$
- (2) $\text{CH}_3\text{COCH}_3 > \text{CH}_3\text{CHO} > \text{CH}_3\text{COC}_2\text{H}_5$
- (3) $\text{CH}_3\text{COC}_2\text{H}_5 > \text{CH}_3\text{COCH}_3 > \text{CH}_3\text{CHO}$
- (4) $\text{CH}_3\text{CHO} > \text{CH}_3\text{COC}_2\text{H}_5 > \text{CH}_3\text{COCH}_3$

Ans. 1

33. Which of the following has most acidic Hydrogen ?

- (1) Propanoic acid
- (2) Dichloroacetic acid
- (3) Trichloroacetic acid
- (4) Chloroacetic acid

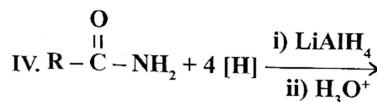
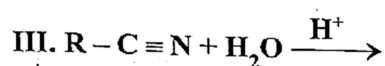
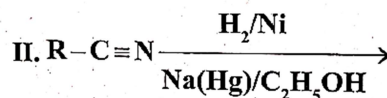
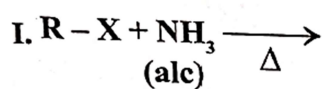
Ans. 3

34. Which of the following reagents are suitable to differentiate Aniline and N-methylaniline chemical

- (1) Acetic anhydride
- (2) Br_2 water
- (3) Conc. Hydrochloric acid and anhydrous zinc chloride
- (4) Chloroform and Alcoholic potassium hydroxide

Ans. 4

35. Which of the following reaction/s does not yield an amine ?



- (1) Both I and III
- (2) Only II
- (3) Only III
- (4) Both II and IV

Ans. 3

36. Match the compounds given in List – I with the items given in List – II.

List – I	List – II
(I) Benzenesulphonyl Chloride	(a) Zwitterioin
(II) Sulphanilic acid	(b) Hinsberg reagent
(III) Alkyl Diazonium salts	(c) Dyes

(IV) Aryl Diazonium salts

(d) Conversion to alcohols

(1) I – c, II – b, III – a, IV – d

(2) I – a, II – c, III – b, IV – d

(3) I – c, II – a, III – d, IV – b

(4) I – b, II – a, III – d, IV – c

Ans. 4

37. The number of orbitals associated with 'N' shell of an atom is

(1) 16

(2) 32

(3) 3

(4) 4

Ans. 1

38. According to the Heisenberg's Uncertainty principle, the value of $\Delta b \cdot \Delta x$ for an object whose mass is 10^{-6} kg is ($h = 6.626 \times 10^{-34}$ Js)

(1) $3.0 \times 10^{-24} \text{ m}^2 \text{ s}^{-1}$

(2) $4.0 \times 10^{-26} \text{ m}^2 \text{ s}^{-1}$

(3) $3.5 \times 10^{-25} \text{ m}^2 \text{ s}^{-1}$

(4) $5.2 \times 10^{-29} \text{ m}^2 \text{ s}^{-1}$

Ans. 4

39. Given below are two statements.

Statement-I : Adiabatic work done is positive when work is done on the system and internal energy of the system increases.

Statement – II : No work is done during free expansion of an ideal gas.

In the light of the above statements, choose the correct answer from the options given below.

(1) Both statements – I and Statement – II are false

(2) Statement – I is true but statement – II is false

(3) Statement – I is false but statement – II is true

(4) Both statements – I and Statement – II are true.

Ans. 4

40. Which one of the following reactions has $\Delta H = \Delta U$?

(1) $\text{CaCO}_3 (\text{s}) \xrightarrow{\Delta} \text{CaO} (\text{s}) + \text{CO}_2 (\text{g})$

(2) $\text{C}_6\text{H}_6 (\text{l}) + \frac{15}{2} \text{O}_2 (\text{g}) \longrightarrow 6\text{CO}_2 (\text{g}) + 3\text{H}_2\text{O} (\text{l})$

(3) $2\text{HI} (\text{g}) \rightleftharpoons \text{H}_2 (\text{g}) + \text{I}_2 (\text{g})$

(4) $\text{N}_2 (\text{g}) + 3\text{H}_2 (\text{g}) \rightleftharpoons 2\text{NH}_3 (\text{g})$

Ans. 3

41. Identify the incorrect statements among the following:

(a) All enthalpies of fusion are positive

(b) The magnitude of enthalpy change does not depend on the strength of the intermolecular interactions in the substance undergoing phase transformations.

(c) When a chemical reaction is reversed, the value of $\Delta_r H^\circ$ is reversed in sign.

(d) The change in enthalpy is dependent of path between initial state (reactants) and final state (products)

(e) For most of the ionic compounds, $\Delta_{\text{sol}} H^\circ$ is negative

(1) a, b and d

(2) b, d and e

(3) a, d and e

(4) a and e only

Ans. 2

42. Which of the following statements is/are true about equilibrium?
- (a) Equilibrium is possible only in a closed system of at a given temperature
 (b) All the measurable properties of the system remain constant at equilibrium
 (c) Equilibrium constant for the reverse reaction is the inverse of the equilibrium constant for the reaction in the forward direction.
- (1) Only b (2) Only c (3) a, b and c (4) Only a

Ans. 3

43. According to Le Chatelier's principle, in the reaction $\text{CO(g)} + 3\text{H}_2\text{(g)} \rightleftharpoons \text{CH}_4\text{(g)} + \text{H}_2\text{O(g)}$, the formation of methane is favoured by
- (a) Increasing the concentration of CO (b) Increasing the concentration of H_2O
 (c) Decreasing the concentration of CH_4 (d) Decreasing the concentration of H_2
- (1) a and c (2) b and d
 (3) a and d (4) a and b

Ans. 1

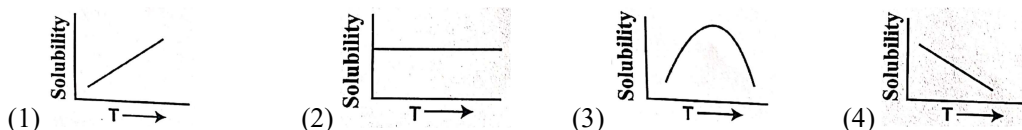
44. The equilibrium constant at 298K for the reaction $\text{A} + \text{B} \rightleftharpoons \text{C} + \text{D}$ is 100. If the initial concentrations of all the four species were 1M each, then equilibrium concentration of D (in mol L^{-1}) will be
- (1) 0.182 (2) 1.818 (3) 1.182 (4) 0.818

Ans. 2

45. Among the following 0.1 m aqueous solutions, which one will exhibit the lowest boiling point elevation, assuming complete ionization of the compound in solution?
- (1) Aluminium chloride (2) Aluminium sulphate
 (3) Potassium sulphate (4) Sodium chloride

Ans. 4

46. Variation of solubility with temperature t for a gas in liquid is shown by the following graphs. The correct representation is



Ans. 4

47. 180g of glucose, $\text{C}_6\text{H}_{12}\text{O}_6$, is dissolved in 1 kg of water in a vessel. The temperature at which water boils at 1.013 bar is _____ (given, K_b for water is 052K kg mol^{-1} . Boiling point for pure water is 373.15K)
- (1) 373.67 K (2) 373.015 K (3) 373.0 K (4) 373.202 K

Ans. 1

48. If N_2 gas is bubbled through water at 293 K, how many moles of N_2 gas would dissolve in 1 litre of water? Assume that N_2 exerts a partial pressure of 0.987 bar.

[Given K_H for N_2 at 293 K is 76.48 K bar]

- (1) 0.716×10^{-3} (2) 7.16×10^{-5} (3) 7.16×10^{-4} (4) 7.16×10^{-3}

Ans. 3

49. The correct statement/s about Galvanic cell is/are

- (a) Current flows from cathode to anode
- (b) Anode is positive terminal
- (c) If $E_{\text{cell}} < 0$, then it is spontaneous reaction
- (d) Cathode is positive terminal

- (1) a and b only (2) a, b and c (3) a and d only (4) b only

Ans. 3

50. The electronic conductance depends on

- (1) Nature of electrolyte added
- (2) The number of valence electrons per atom
- (3) Concentration of the electrolyte
- (4) Size of the ions

Ans. 2

51. For a given half cell, $\text{Al}^{3+} + 3\text{e}^- \rightarrow \text{Al}$ on increasing of aluminium ion, the electrode potential will

- (1) Decrease
- (2) No change
- (3) First increase then decrease
- (4) Increase

Ans. 4

52. Match the following select the correct option for the quantity of electricity, in Cmol^{-1} required to deposit various metals at cathode

	List – I		List- II
a	Ag^+	i	386000Cmol^{-1}
b	Mg^{2+}	ii	289500Cmol^{-1}
c	Al^{3+}	iii	96500Cmol^{-1}
d	Ti^{4+}	iv	193000Cmol^{-1}

- (1) a – ii, b – i, c – iv, d – iii
- (2) a – iii, b – iv, c – ii, d – i
- (3) a – iv, b – iii, c – i, d – ii
- (4) a – i, b – ii, c – iii, d – iv

Ans. 2

53. Catalysts are used to increase the rate of a chemical reaction. Because it

- (1) Increases the activation energy of the reaction
- (2) Decreases the activation energy of the reaction
- (3) Brings about improper orientation of reactant molecules
- (4) Increases the potential energy barrier

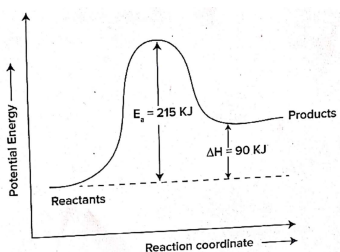
Ans. 2

54. Half-life of a first order reaction is 20 seconds and initial concentration of reactant is 0.2M. The concentration of reactant left after 80 seconds is

- (1) 0.1 M
- (2) 0.05 M
- (3) 0.0125 M
- (4) 0.2 M

Ans. 3

55. In the given graph, E_a for the reverse reaction will be



- (1) 125 KJ (2) 215 KJ (3) 90 KJ (4) 305 KJ

Ans. 1

56. For the reaction $2\text{N}_2\text{O}_{5(g)} \rightarrow 4\text{NO}_{2(g)} + \text{O}_{2(g)}$ initial concentration of N_2O_5 is 2.0molL^{-1} and after 300 min, it is reduced to 1.4molL^{-1} . The rate of production of NO_2 (in $\text{molL}^{-1}\text{min}^{-1}$) is

- (1) 2.5×10^{-4} (2) 4×10^{-4} (3) 2.5×10^{-3} (4) 4×10^{-3}

Ans. 4

57. Which of the following methods of expressing concentration are unitless?

- (1) Mole fraction and Mass percent (W/W) (2) Molality and Mole fraction
(3) Mass percent (W/W) and Molality (4) Molality and Molarity

Ans. 1

58. Select the INCORRECT statement/s from the following:

- (a) 22 books have infinite significant figures
(b) In the answer of calculation 2.5×1.25 has four significant figures,
(c) Zero's preceding to first non-zero digit are significant
(d) In the answer of calculation $12.11 + 18.0 + 1.012$ has three significant figures
(1) b, c and d (2) b and c only (3) b and d only (4) a and b only

Ans. 1

59. Given below are the atomic masses of the elements:

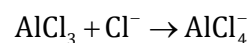
Element:	Li	Na	Cl	K	Ca	Br	Sr	I	Ba
Atomic Mas (g mol^{-1}):	7	23	35.5	39	40	80	88	127	137

Which of the following doesn't form triad?

- (1) Ba, Sr, Ca (2) Cl, Br, I (3) Cl, K, Ca (4) Li, Na, K

Ans. 3

60. The change in hybridization (if any) of the 'Al' atom in the following reaction is



- (1) No change in the hybridization state (2) sp^2 to sp^3
(3) sp^3 to sp^3d (4) sp^3 to sp^2

Ans. 2

KCET-2025 16TH APRIL 2025**ANSWER KEY (CODE : D4)****CHEMISTRY**

Que.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Ans.	1	3	3	1	4	4	4	4	1	3	3	2	4	2	3
Que.	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
Ans.	2	2	4	1	3	3	2	3	4	3	1	1	1	3	1
Que.	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45
Ans.	2	1	3	4	3	4	1	4	4	3	2	3	1	2	4
Que.	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
Ans.	4	1	3	3	2	4	2	2	3	1	4	1	1	3	2

Assure Your Selection In

JEE MAIN & KCET

ALLEN

Join

ALLEN BENGALURU

NURTURE COURSE

Class X To XI Moving Student

Batch Starting From Phase -2

8th MAY 2025

Karnataka
State
Topper

JEE MAIN 2024

AIR 41
SAINAVANEET M
CLASSROOM

KCET 2024

RANK 3
ABHINAV P J
CLASSROOM

Result: KCET 2024



ABHINAV P J
4 Years Classroom

ANIMESH S R
4 Years Classroom

VIDEEP REDDY J
3 Years Classroom

SHAWN T K
2 Years Classroom

KARTHIKEYA S V
3 Years Classroom

SAGAR V
3 Years Classroom



ABHISHEK UPADHYA
Classroom



HEMANTH M
Classroom



AVANEESH P KURADE
Classroom



ANSHUL GOYAL
Classroom



AKASH SOMASUNDARAM
Classroom



MADHAV ARUN KRISHNA
Classroom



KRISHNAN R
Classroom



PRAKET GOEL
Classroom



ABHINAV PRASAD
Classroom



DEVANSH TRIPATHI
Classroom

06 In Top 10 Ranks

16 In Top 50 Ranks

34 In Top 100 Ranks

101 In Top 500 Ranks

080-46704000

Bengaluru Campuses : Jayanagar | Marathahalli | Banaswadi | Hebbal
HSR Layout | Bannerghatta | Basaveshwara Nagar | Sarjapura | Jalahalli
Indiranagar | Whitefield | Electronic City | RR Nagar | Yelahanka